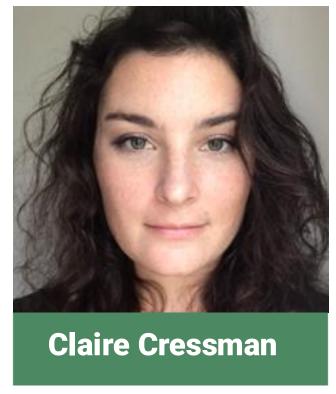


#### **PRESENTERS**



**Technical Professional** 

ORNL Integrated Building
Deployment and Analysis Group



**Project Specialist** 

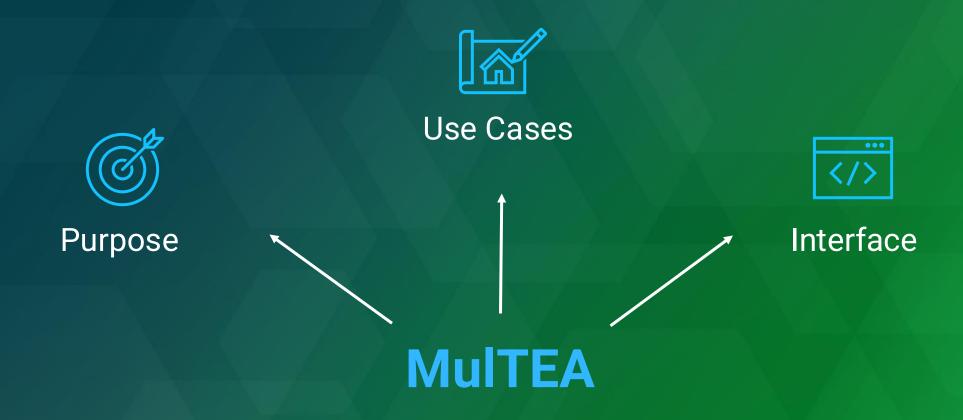
ORNL Integrated Building
Deployment and Analysis Group

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

Funded by Department of Energy (DOE) Office of State and Community Energy Programs

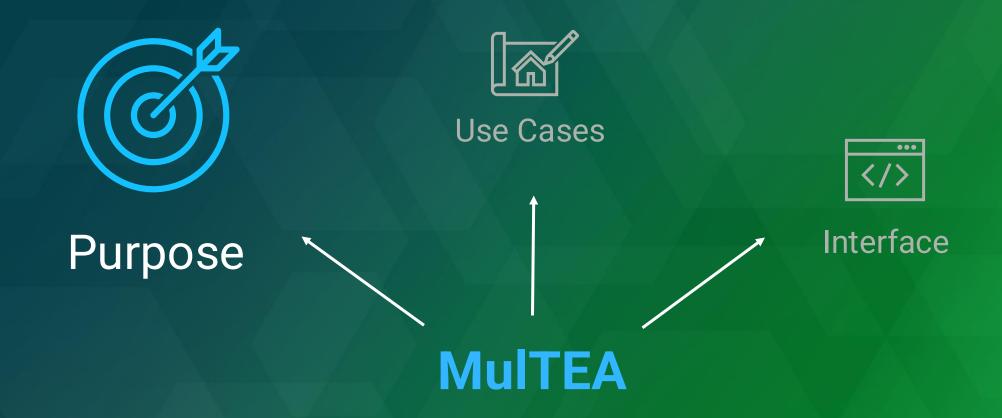
Prepared by OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY, Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6283, managed by UT-BATTELLE,LLC for the US DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY under contract DE-AC05-000R22725.

## This presentation introduces MulTEA as a WAP energy audit tool, outlining its purpose, highlighting common use cases, and providing an overview of its user interface.





#### The Purpose of MulTEA

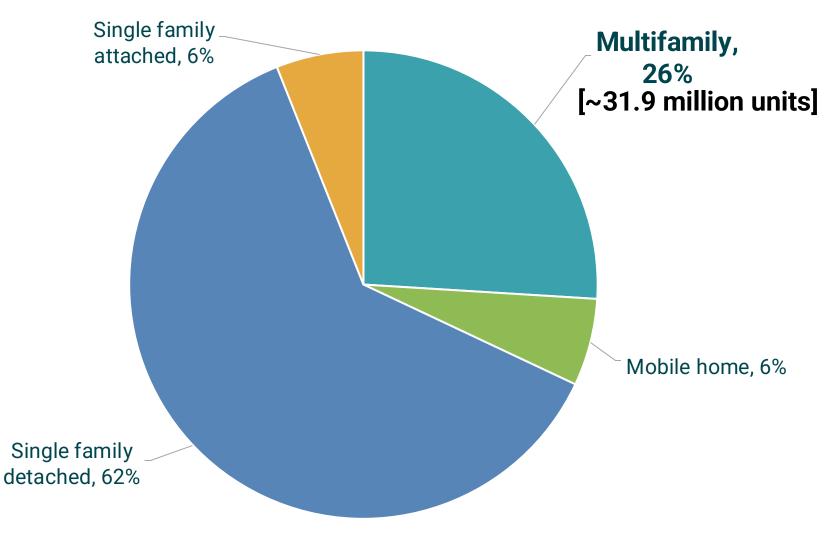




## Multifamily audit tools are needed to meet the retrofit needs of US housing stock.

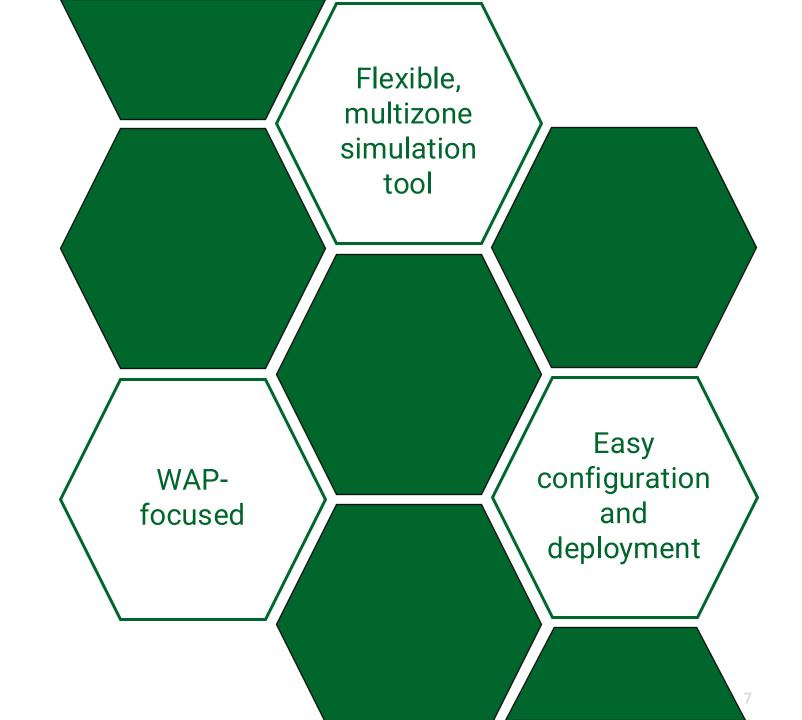
## 122.8 million housing units

75% of multifamily dwellings units have simpler systems



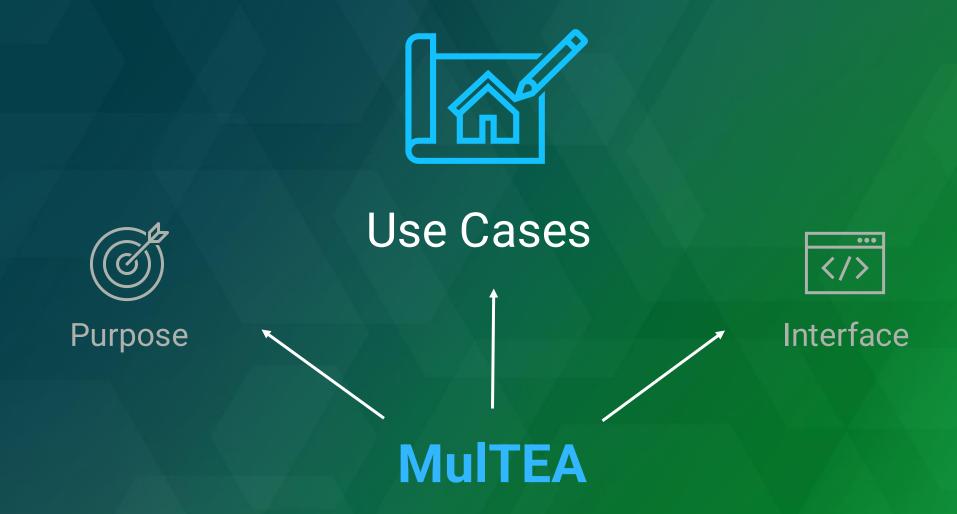


MulTEA allows WAP implementation on common multifamily building types.



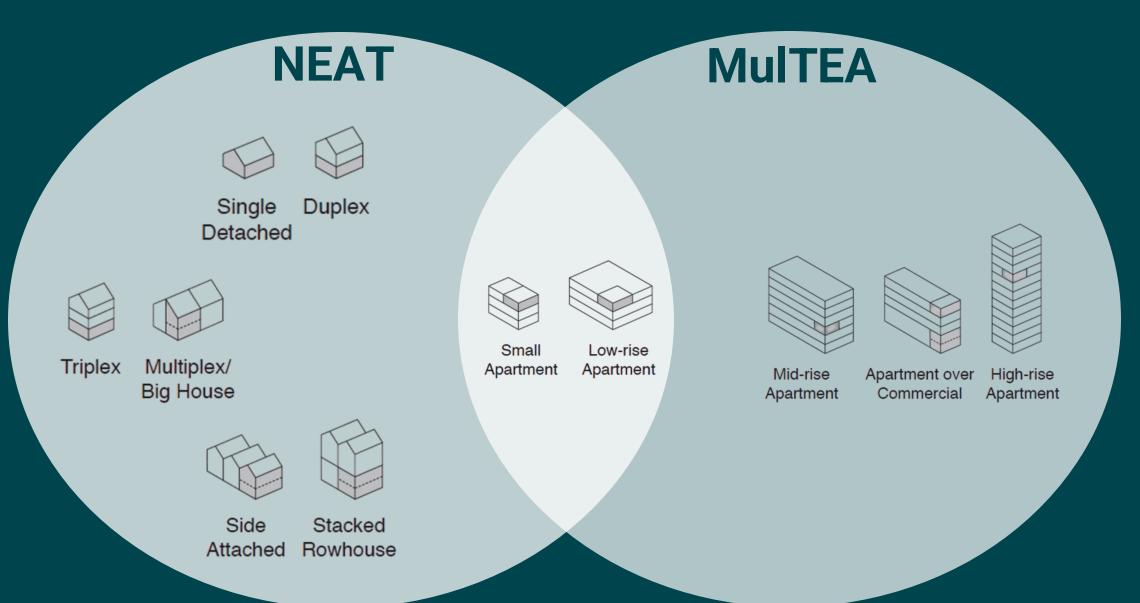


#### **MulTEA Use Cases**



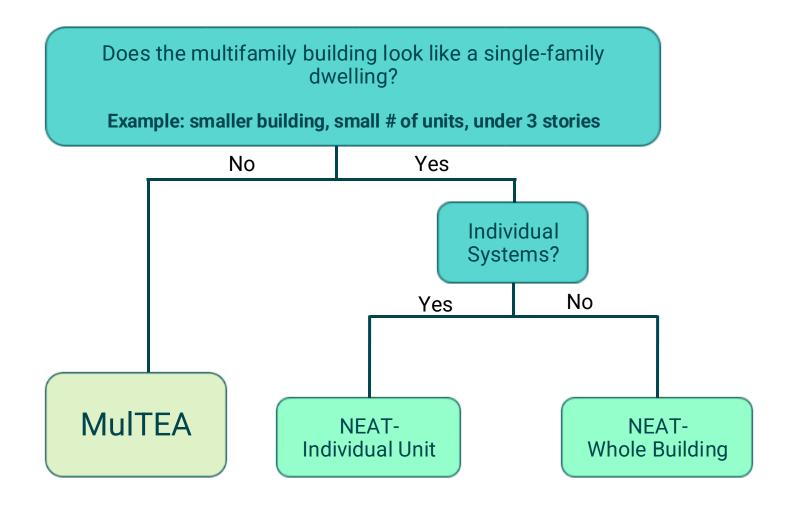


#### Both NEAT and MulTEA can model multifamily buildings.





## While nuanced, what is the basic decision-making process for determining when to use NEAT vs. MulTEA?



## When considering whether to use NEAT or MulTEA, refer to the key modeling differences between NEAT and MulTEA.

**MulTEA NEAT** Multi-zone, flexible **Single-zone Model** model **Whole Building ONLY** OR **Whole Building Individual Units** 



## Selecting NEAT vs. MulTEA for multifamily buildings requires a case-specific approach.

MulTEA

Larger building / large # of units

NEAT-Individual Unit NEAT-Whole Building

**Smaller building** 

Smaller building with complex unit configuration

Individual HVAC/DHW and replacements likely

Individual HVAC/DHW replacement likely

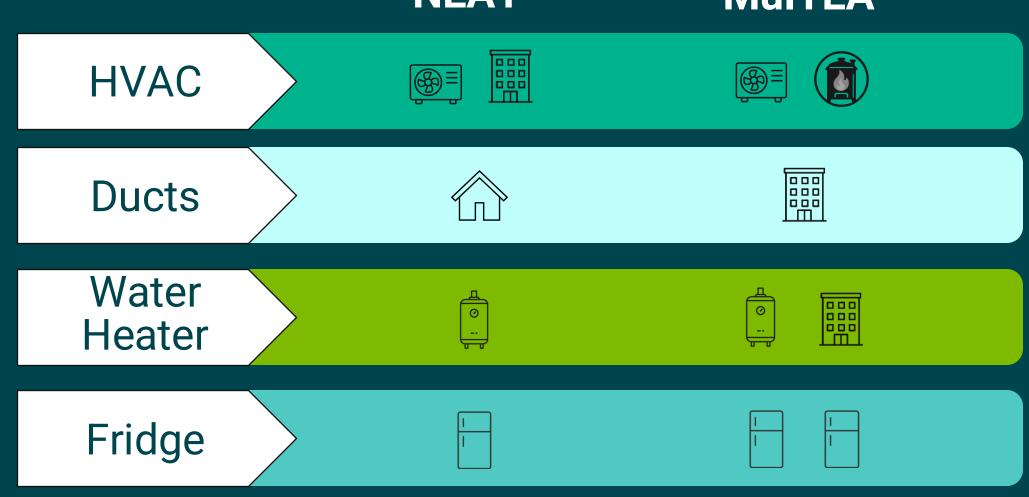
HVAC/DHW replacement unlikely

**Central HVAC** 

Varied HVAC/DHW equipment

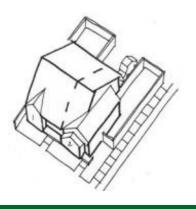


# NEAT vs. MulTEA systems and equipment modeling differences influence audit tool selection for multifamily buildings. NEAT MulTEA





#### Duplexes/Triplexes should typically be modeled in NEAT.





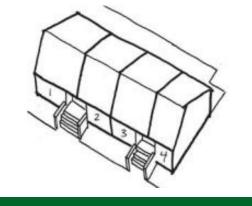


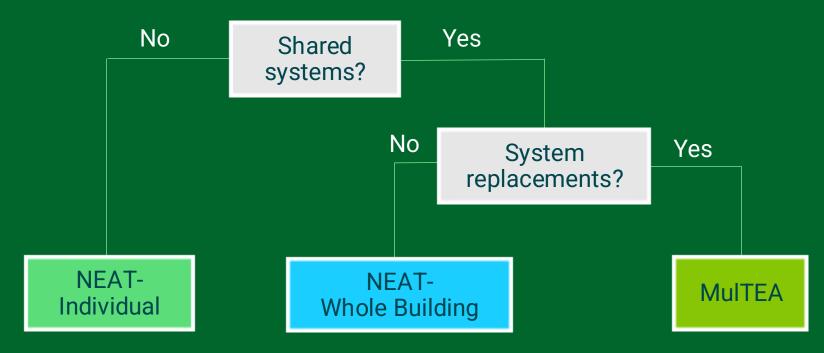




Town Houses/Row Homes could be modeled in NEAT or

MulTEA.







#### "Mansion" Apartments are best modeled in NEAT.

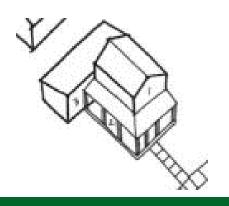




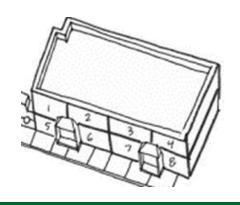


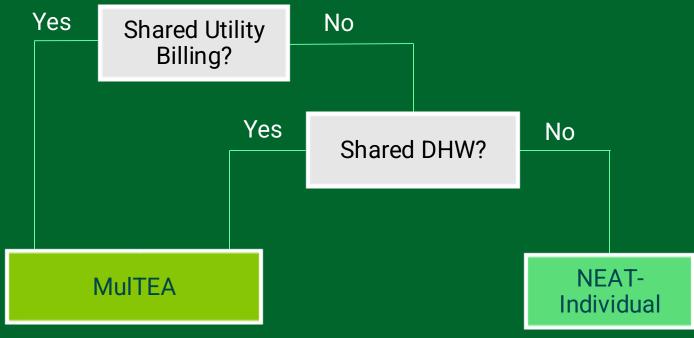




Image sources: The Metropolitan Design Center (University of Minnesota) and Thurston Regional Planning Council

#### Garden Apartments could be modeled in NEAT or MulTEA.





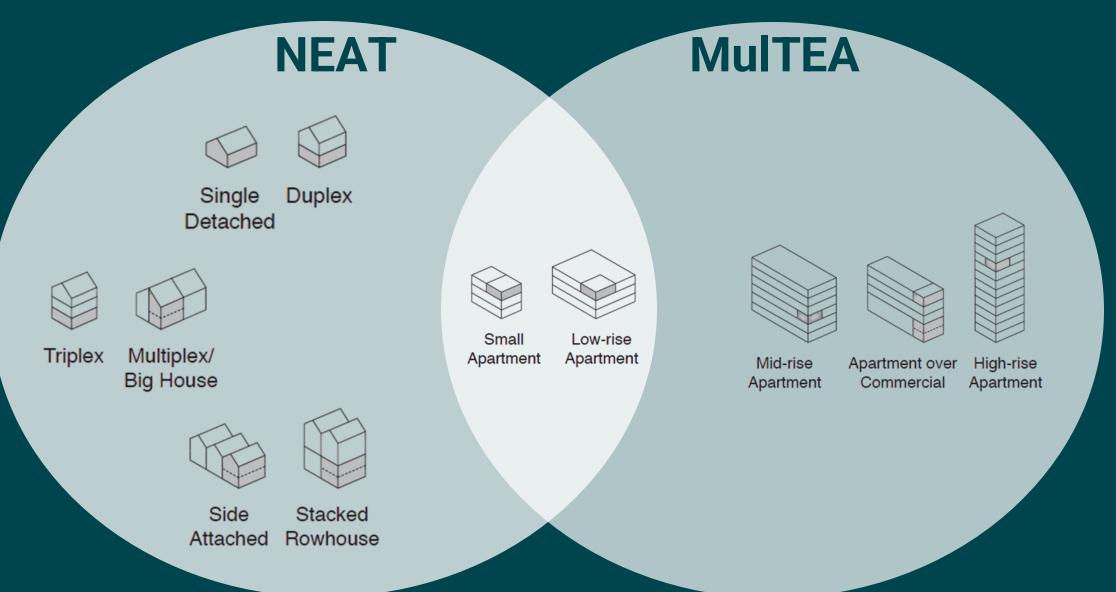


#### Midrise Apartment Buildings are best modeled in MulTEA.

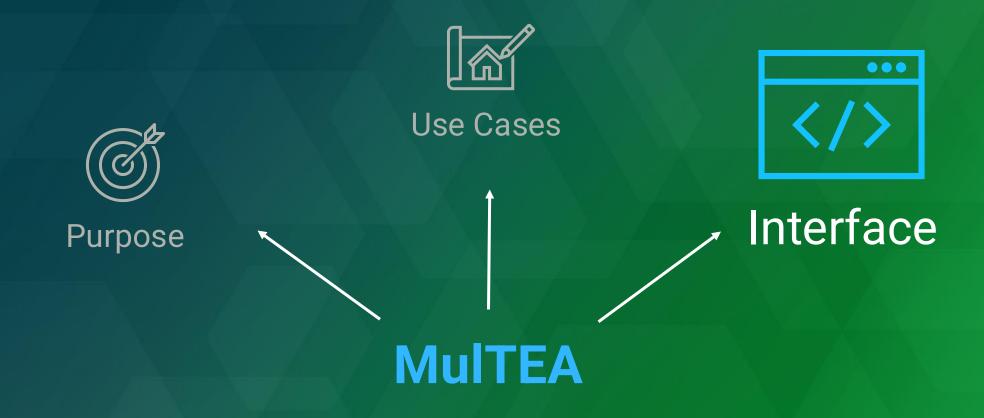




#### Both NEAT and MulTEA can model multifamily buildings.

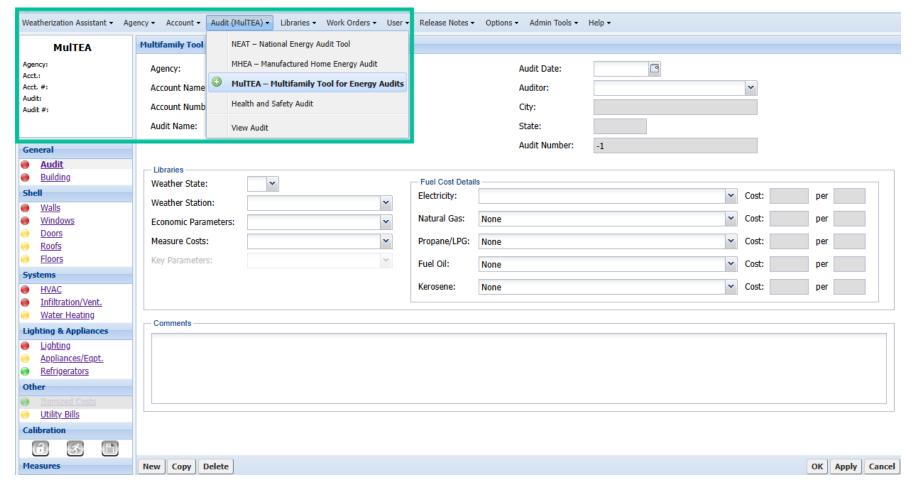


#### **MulTEA User Interface**

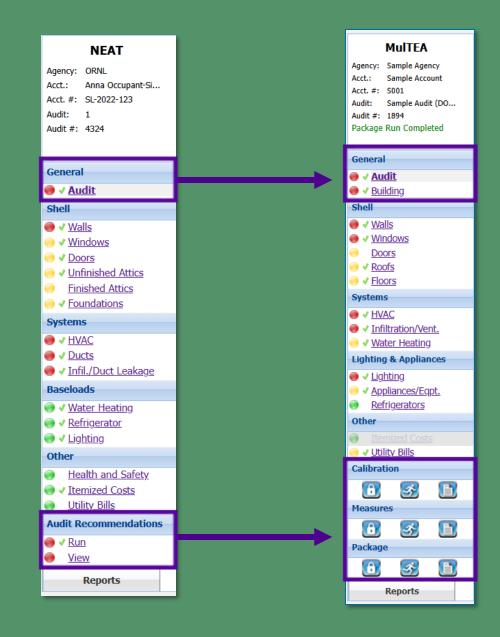




The Weatherization Assistant (WA) interface provides access to all audit tools in one location. Existing WA users can access MulTEA by using the same dropdown menu used to access NEAT, MHEA, and the Health & Safety Audit.

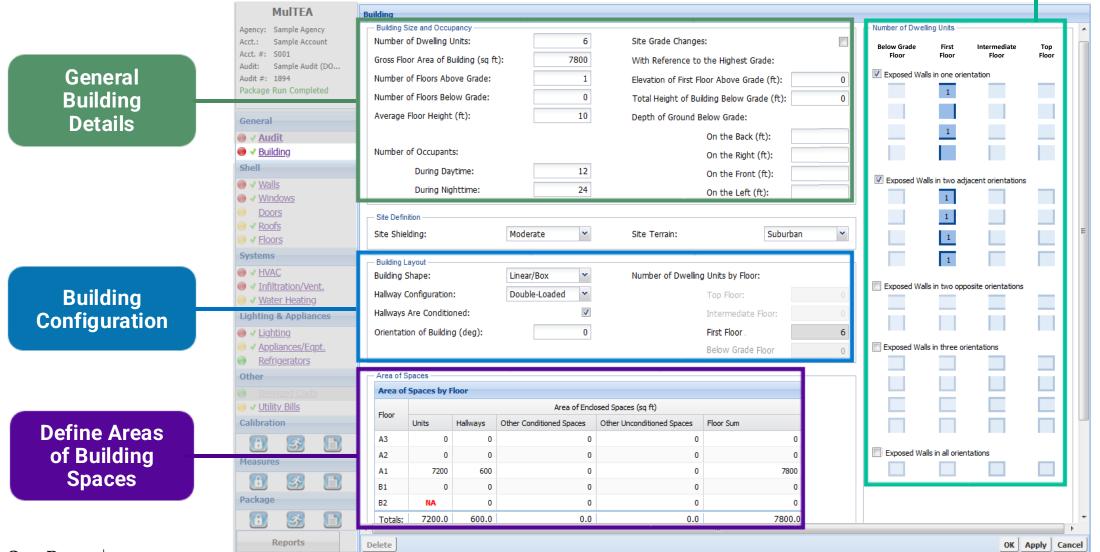


The primary differences between the MulTEA and NEAT audit docks are MulTEA's building form and iterative audit run process.

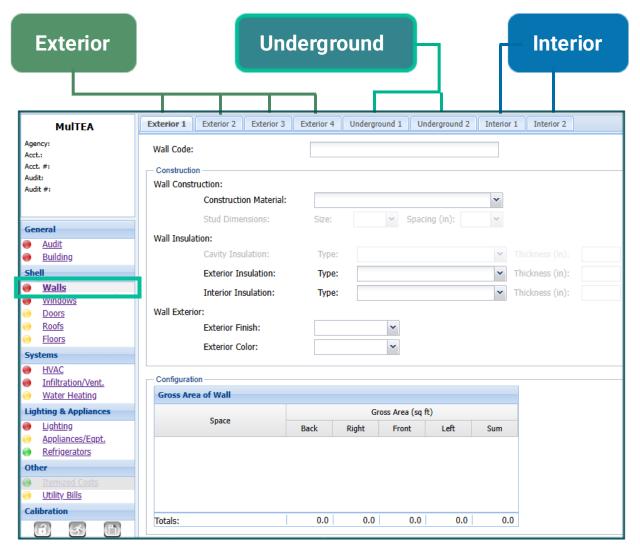


## MulTEA's Building Form sets key features of the shell forms.

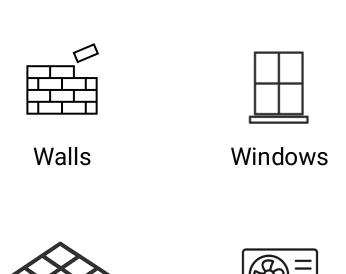
Define dwelling units and orientations



## MulTEA's tabbed interface streamlines data entry while preserving user flexibility.



### In MulTEA, the Shell, Systems, and Appliances forms use the tabbed interface similar to the Walls form.

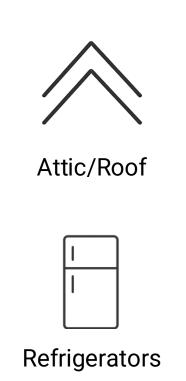


**HVAC** 



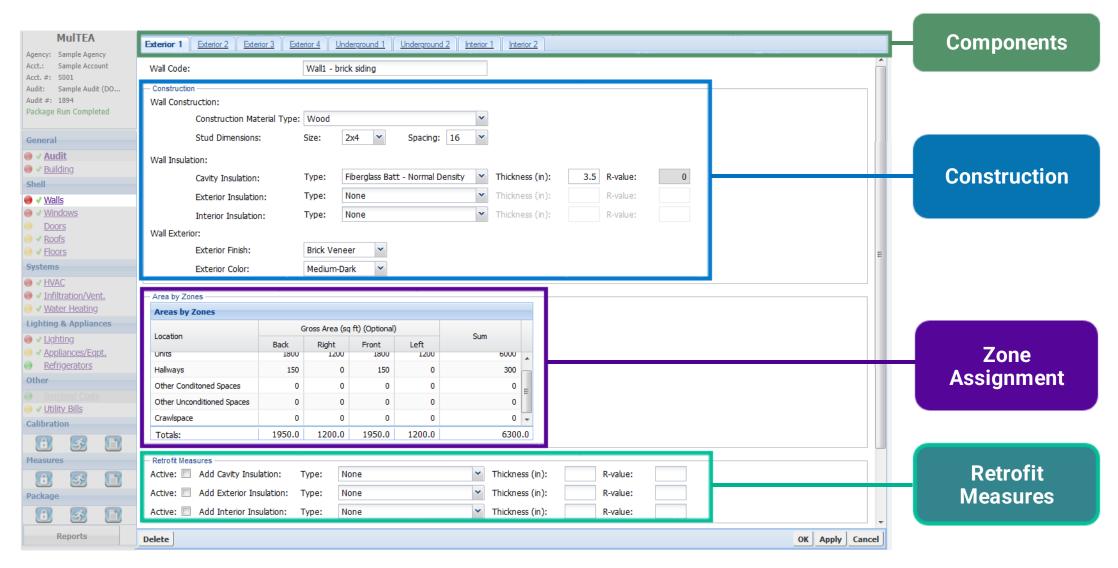
(ORNL)



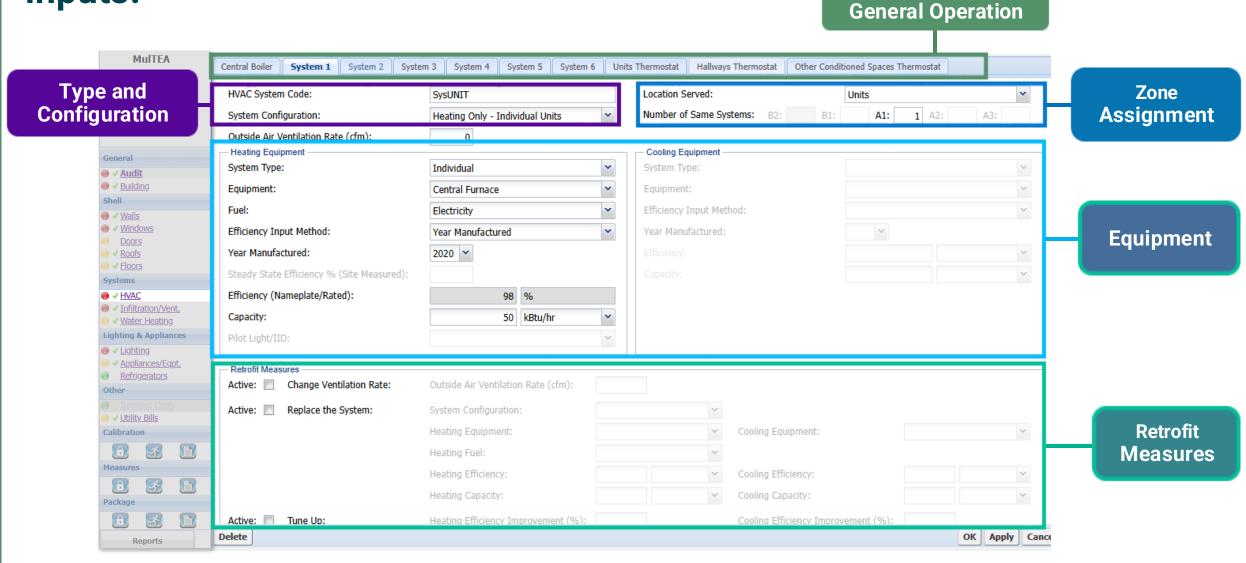


**Floors** 

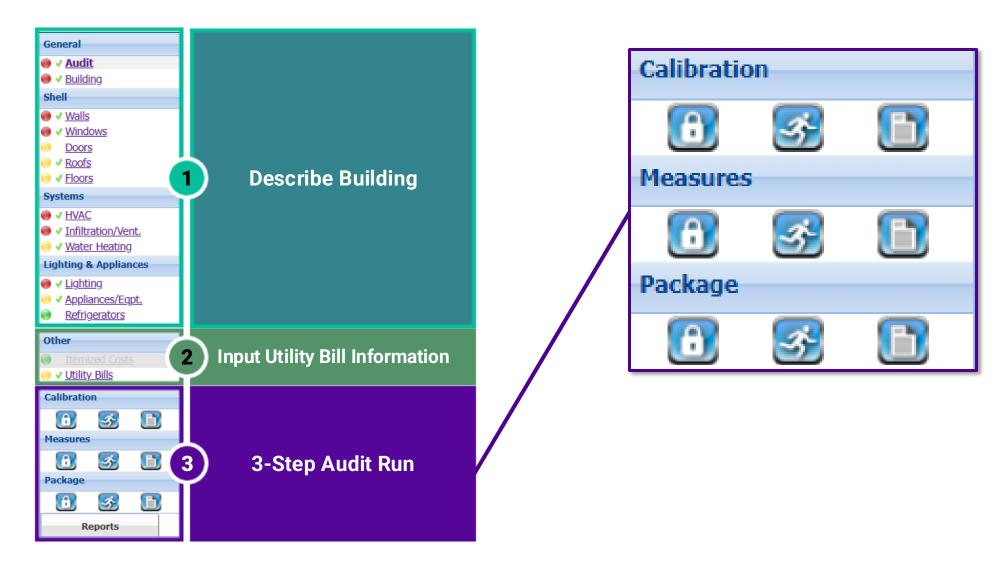
## Shell forms in MulTEA, NEAT, and MHEA share similar structure and inputs.



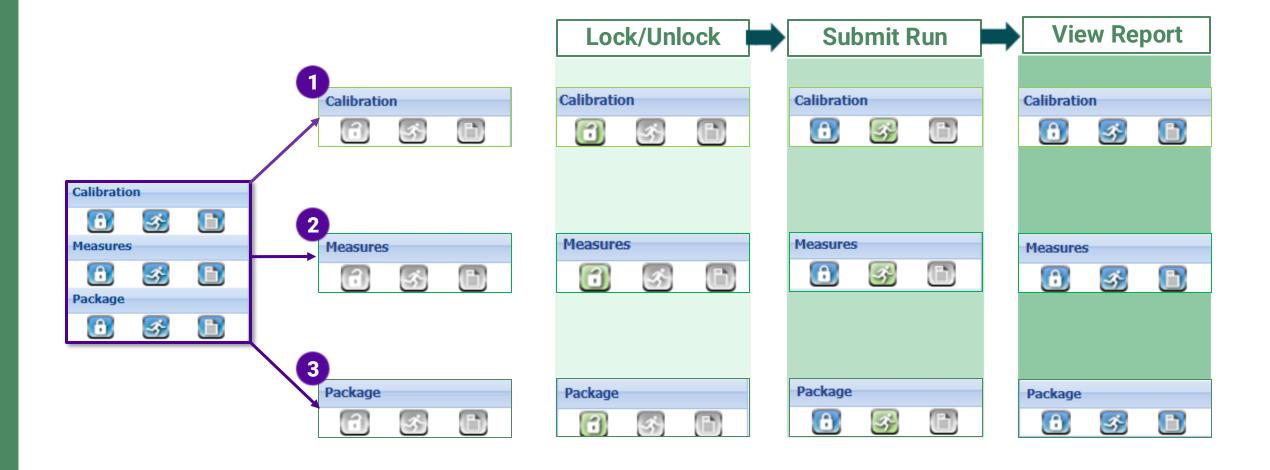
Systems forms in MulTEA, NEAT, and MHEA share similar structure and inputs.



## Three-step MulTEA audit run provides improved input and control for auditors.



## MulTEA's iterative run process allows fine tuning of the model, measure modification, and package customization.



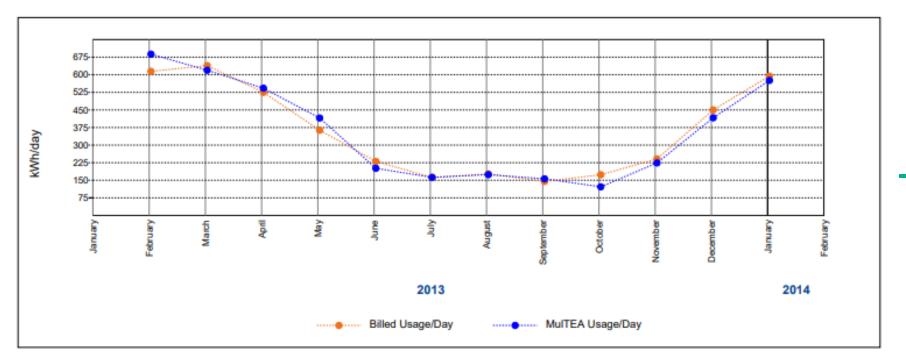
## Calibration run report shows utility bill comparison and acceptance criteria.

	MulTEA			
Agency:	Sample Age	ncv		
Acct.:	Sample Acc	ount		
Acct. #:				
Audit:	Sample Audit (DO			
Audit #: 1894				
Package	Run Compl	eted		
Genera				
■ ✓ Building				
Shell				
● ✓ <u>Walls</u>				
✓ Windows				
O Doors				
● ✓ <u>Roofs</u>				
√ Floors				
Systems				
→ HVAC				
Lighting & Appliances				
✓ <u>Lighting</u>				
Refrigerators				
Other				
✓ <u>Utility Bills</u>				
Calibration				
(4)	3			
Measur				
<b>(1)</b>	3			
Packag	е			
<b>(1)</b>	3			
	Reports			

Metrics for Calibration				
		Acceptance Criteria		
Statistical Index	Calculated Value	BPI <sup>1</sup>	ASHRAE <sup>2</sup>	
Normalized Mean Bias Error (NMBE)	0.4%	Within +/- 5%	Within +/- 5%	
Coefficient of Variation of the Root Mean Square Error (CVRMSE)	10.1%	<=20%	<=15%	

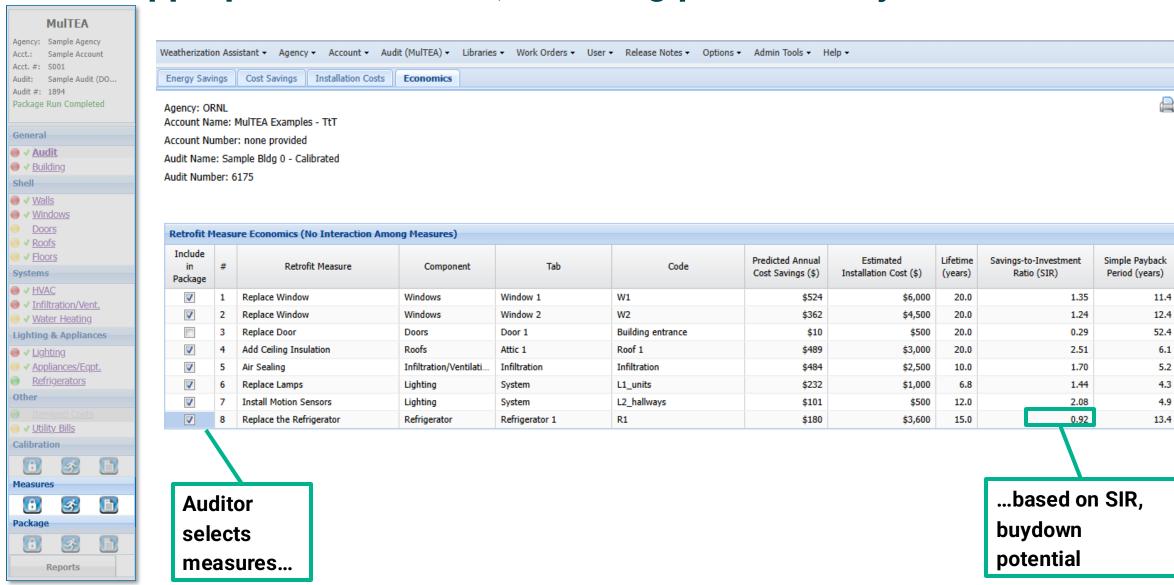
Meets acceptance criteria

<sup>1</sup>BPI-2400-S-2015 v.2, Standard Practice for Standardized Qualification of Whole-House Energy Savings Predictions by Calibration to Energy Use History.
<sup>2</sup>ASHRAE Guideline 14-2023, Measurement of Energy, Demand, and Water Savings.

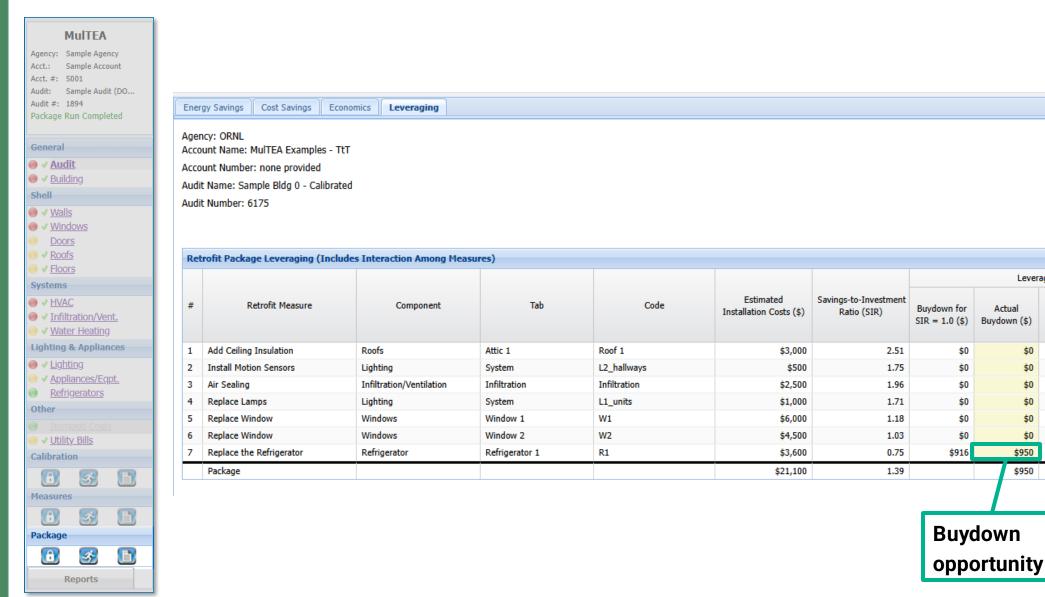


Utility bill comparison with model

## The Economics tab within the Measures Run report allows auditors to select appropriate measures, including potential buy down measures.



#### Package run shows opportunity for measure buydown.





Leveraging

\$0

\$0

\$950

Estimated

Program

Installation

Cost (\$)

\$3,000

\$500

\$2,500

\$1,000

\$6,000

\$4,500

\$2,650

\$20,150

Program

SIR

2.51

1.75

1.96

1.71

1.18

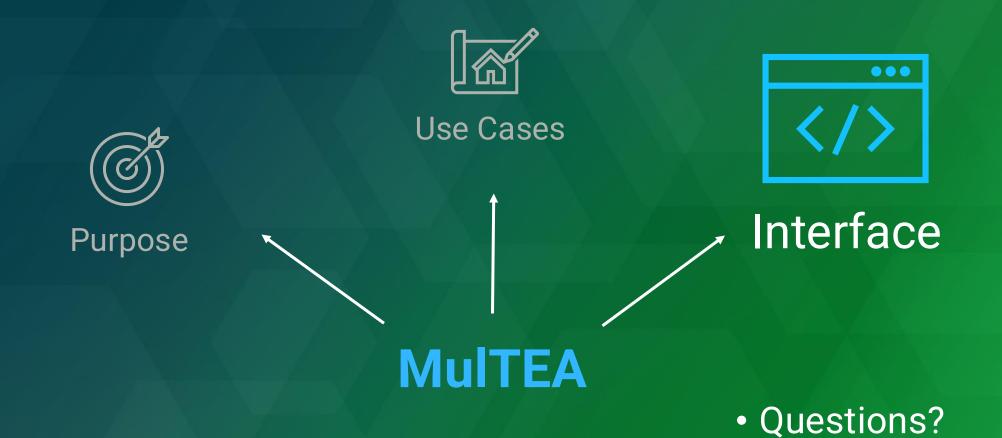
1.03

1.01

1.46

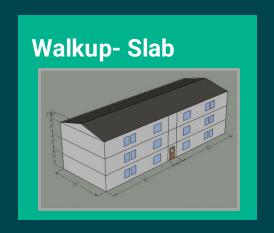
**SIR > 1** 

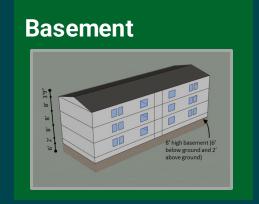
#### **MulTEA User Interface**

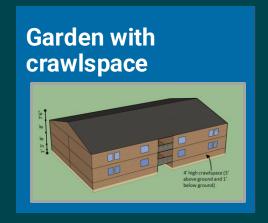




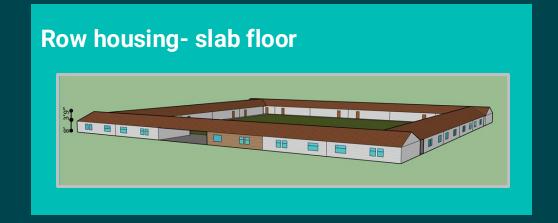
## These sample buildings represent the 5 typical buildings commonly used in testing and training for MulTEA.







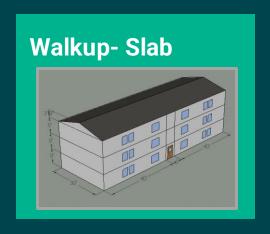


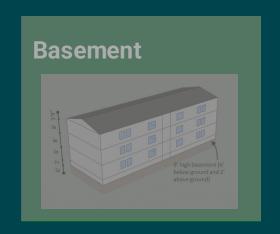


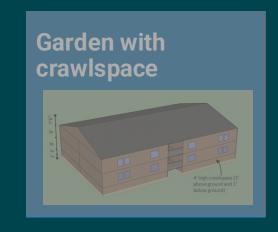


Images sourced from the 1) Web-based Weatherization Assistant Getting Started Guideline (ORNL) and the 2) Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov

## We will walk through how to input a three-story walkup with slab-on-grade floor in MulTEA.







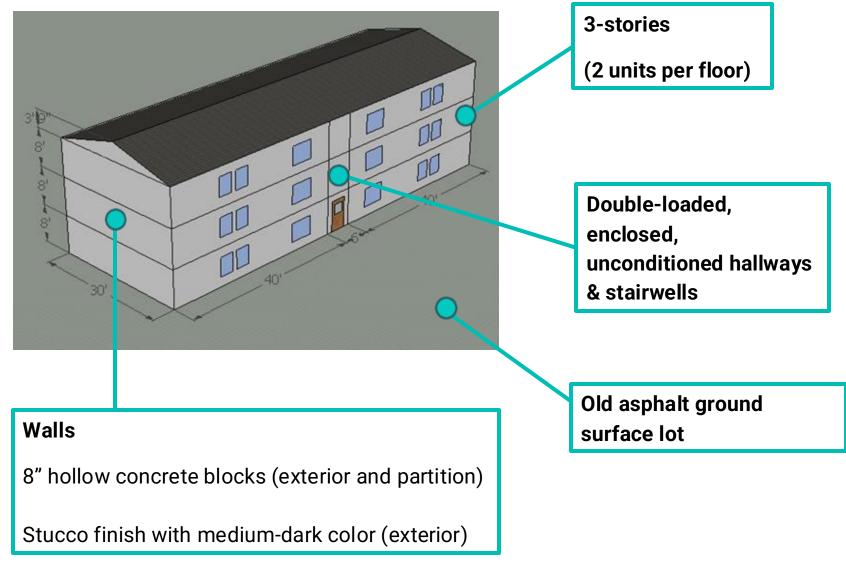




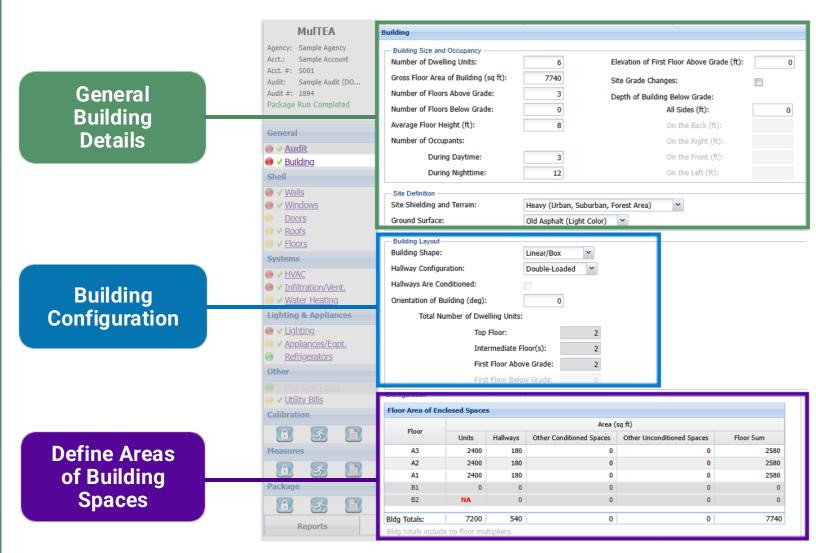


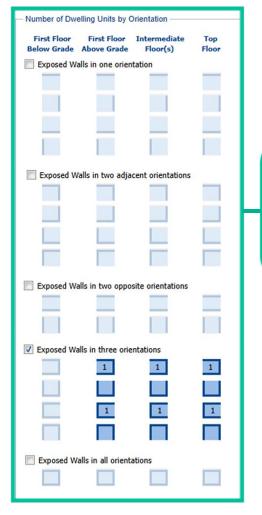
Images sourced from the 1) Web-based Weatherization Assistant Getting Started Guideline (ORNL) and the 2) Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov

#### Our sample building is a three-story walkup with slab-ongrade floor



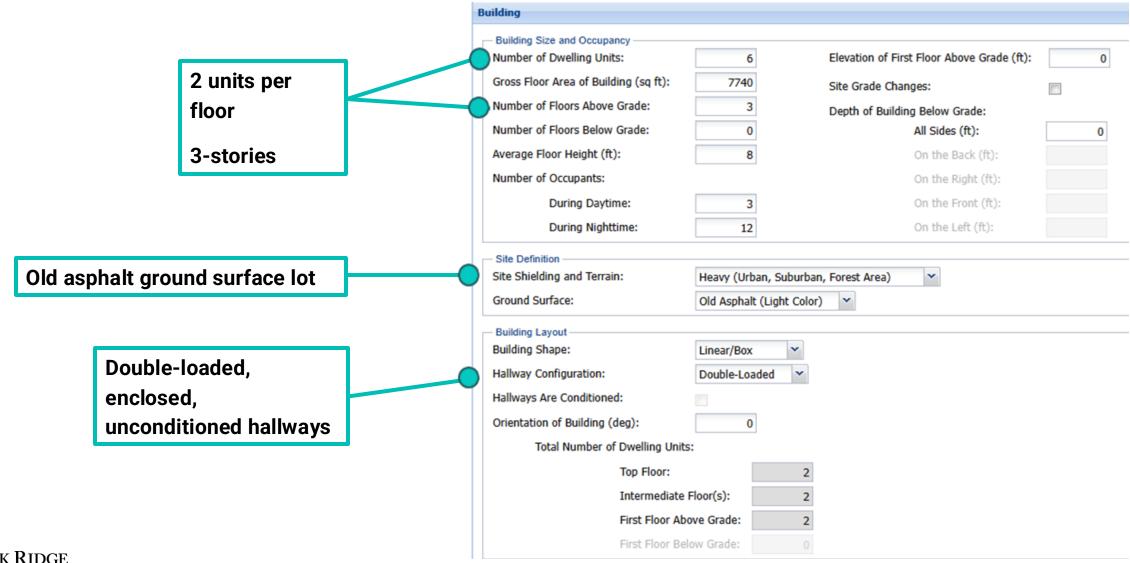
## This represents the sample building's completed Building Form, and we will cover each field in detail.





Define dwelling units and orientations

# First, general building details are entered about its size, occupancy, and layout, as well as site information.



# To input the number of dwelling units by orientation on the Building Form, we will determine the configuration of walls exposed to ambient conditions for the top floor of the building.

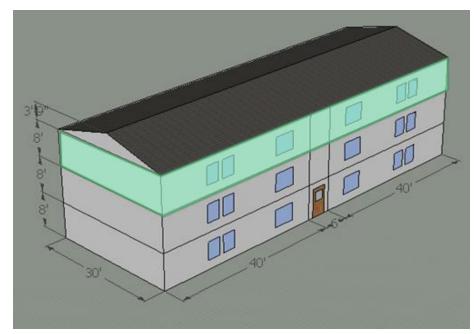
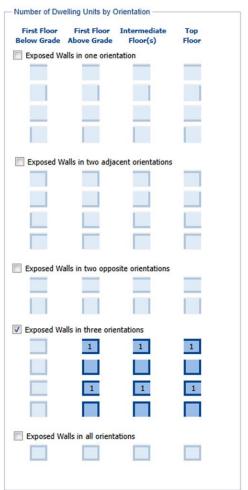


Image source: Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov



### The top-floor units are separated by an enclosed hallway.

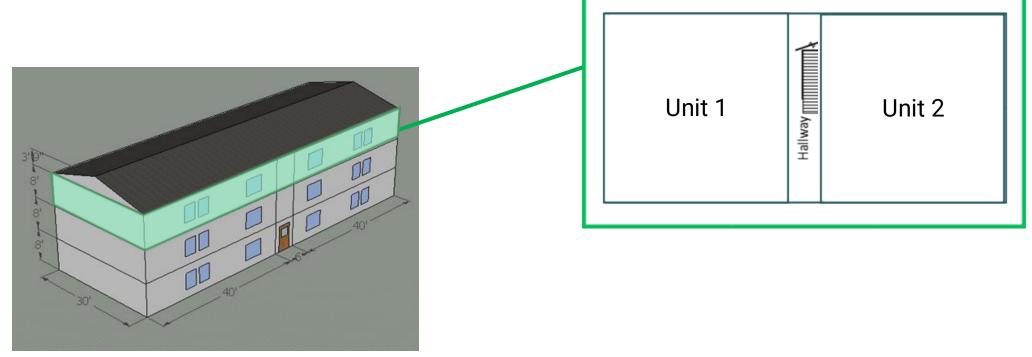
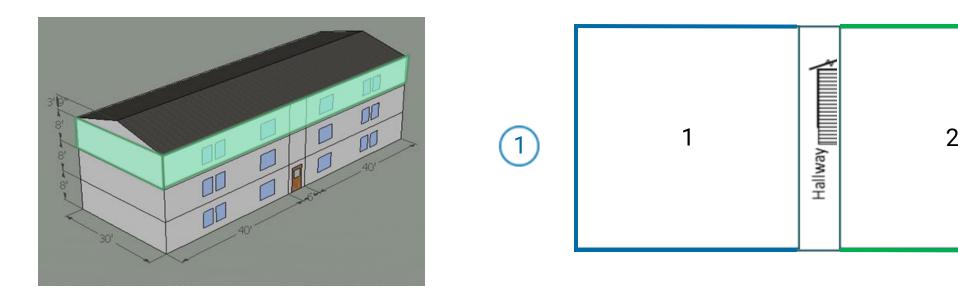


Image source: Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov



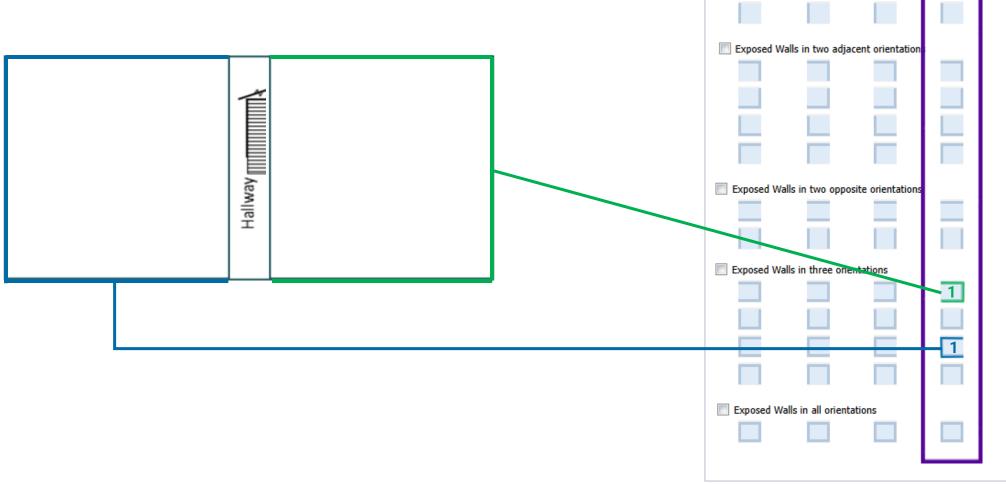
# Due to the enclosed hallway, three walls are exposed to ambient conditions in two different orientations.







We input the number of units using each wall orientation in the Building Form.



Number of Dwelling Units by Orientation

Exposed Walls in one orientation

First Floor Intermediate

Floor(s)

Floor

# We repeat this process for all three building floors.

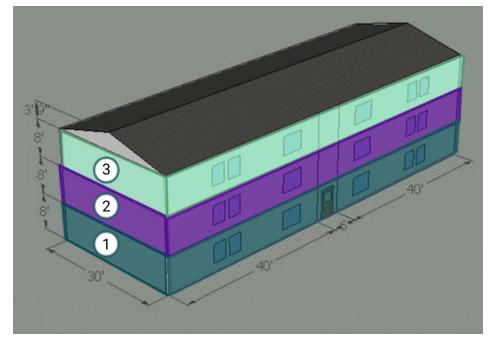
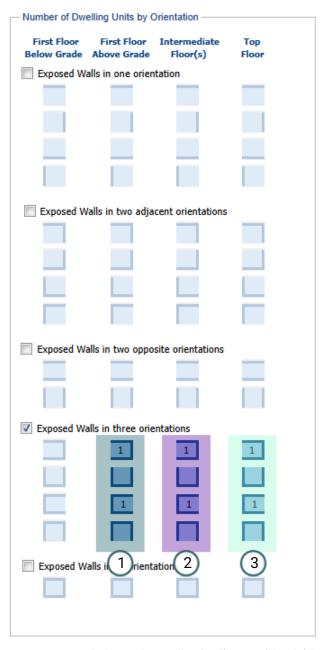


Image source: Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov



# To complete the Configuration table in MulTEA's Building Form, calculate and enter the area (sq ft) of all enclosed space types for each above and below ground floor.

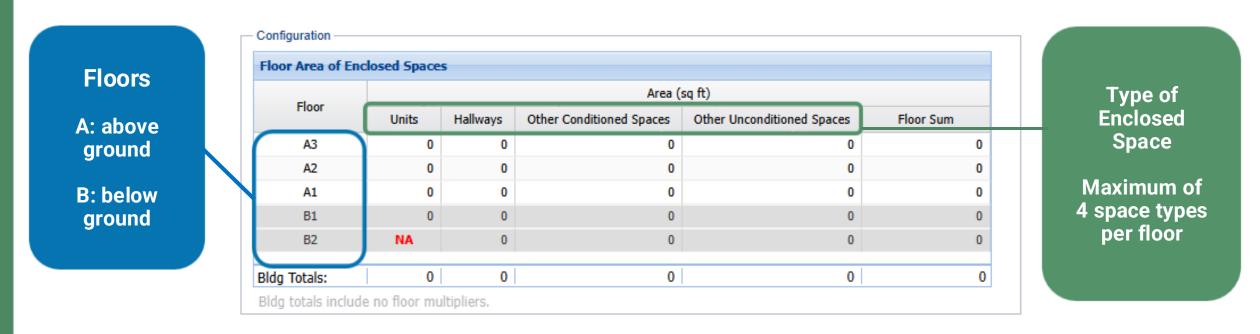


Image source: Web-based Weatherization Assistant (ORNL)



### Use provided dimensions to calculate and enter the floor area of units on each floor.

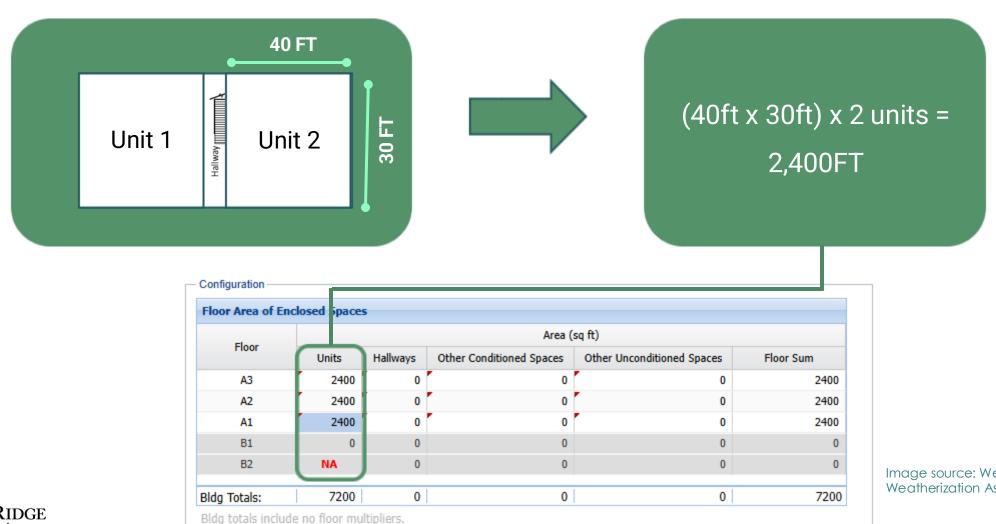
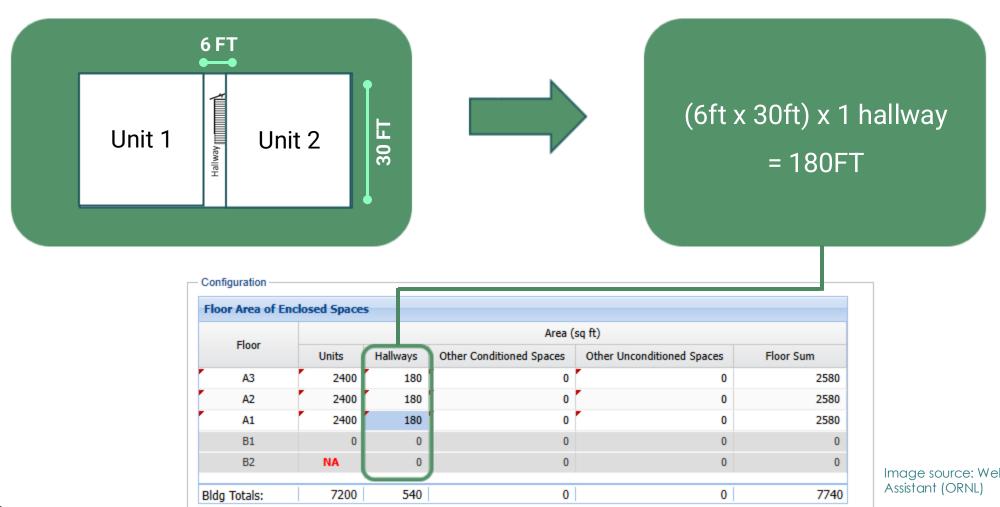




Image source: Web-based Weatherization Assistant (ORNL)

# Use provided dimensions to calculate and enter the floor area of the hallway on each floor.

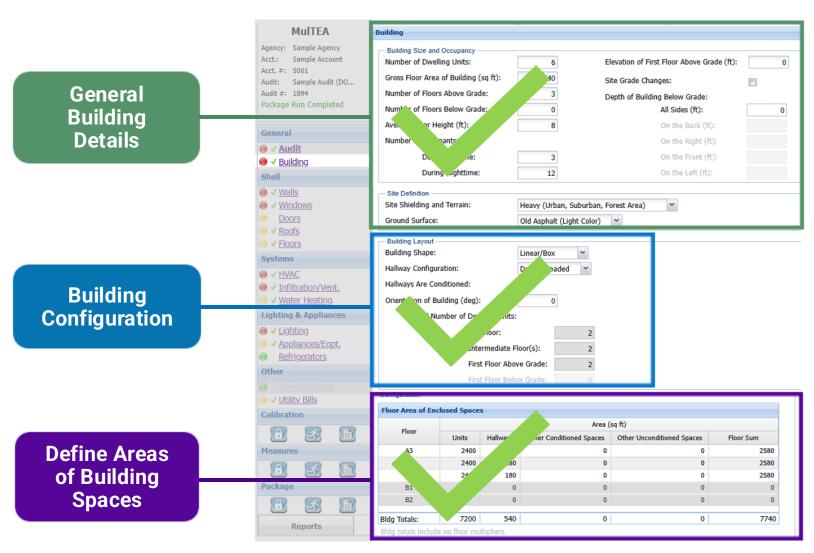


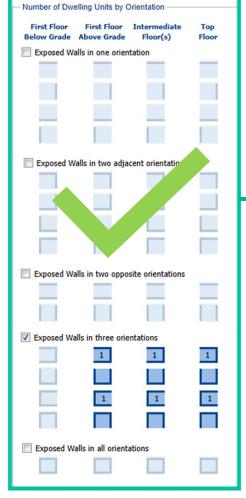
Bldg totals include no floor multipliers.



Image source: Web-based Weatherization Assistant (ORNL)

## We have now completed MulTEA's Building Form for the sample building.

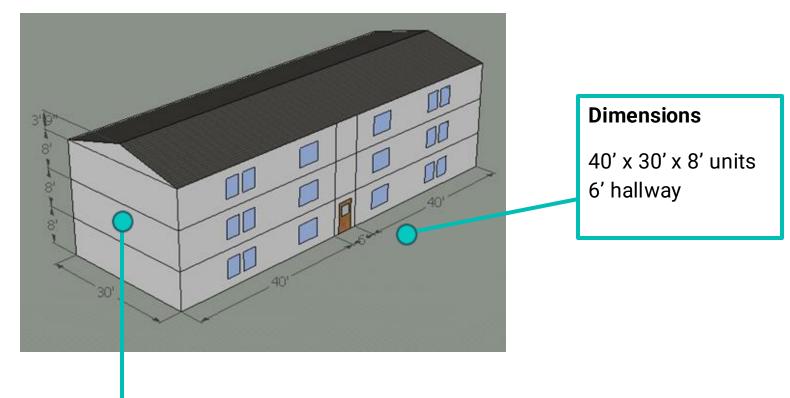




Define dwelling units and orientations



## Our sample building is a three-story walkup with slab-on-grade floor.

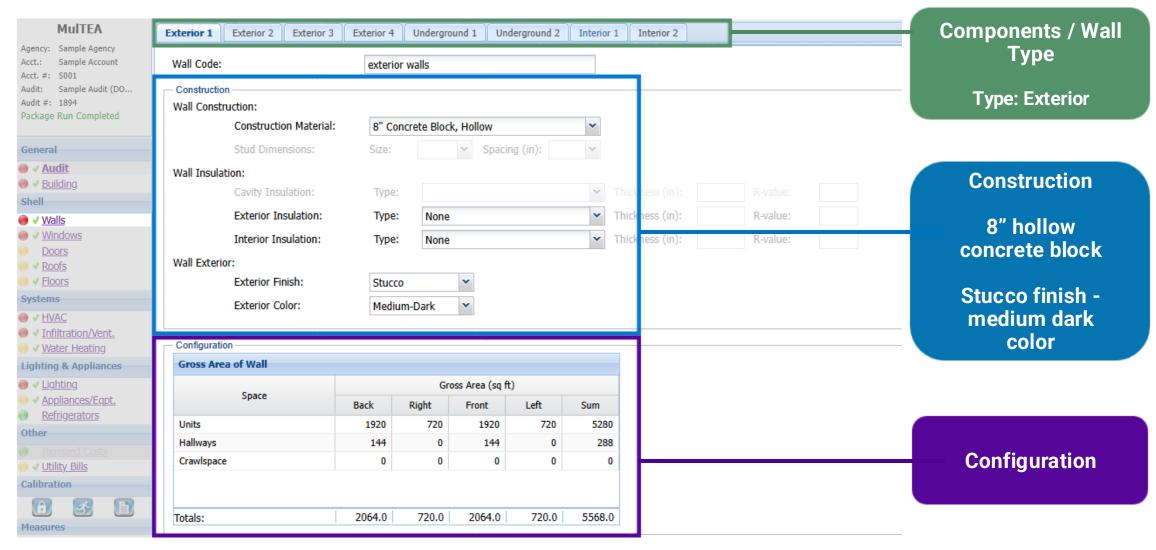


#### Walls

8" hollow concrete blocks (exterior and partition)

Stucco finish with medium-dark color (exterior)

### This represents the sample building's completed Walls Form for its exterior walls. The configuration table will be covered in detail next.



# To complete the exterior wall's Configuration table in MulTEA's Walls Form, calculate and enter the area (sq ft) of each exterior wall type by orientation.

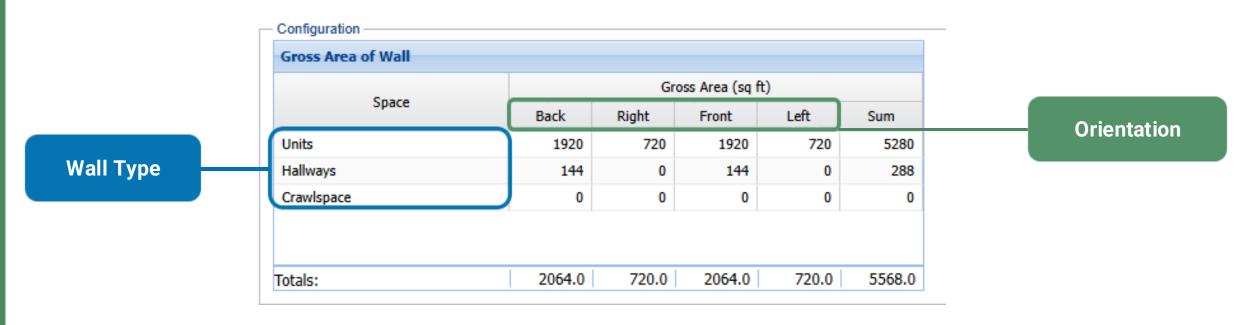
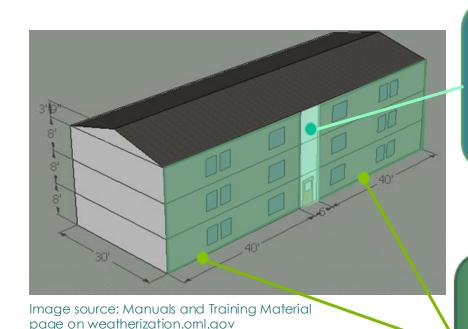


Image source: Web-based Weatherization Assistant (ORNL)

# Use provided dimensions to calculate and enter the exterior wall area of the front and back of the building.



#### Hallways:

8ft ceiling x 3 floors x 6ft long = 144 sq ft

#### Units:

8ft ceiling x 3 floors x 2 units x 40ft long= 1,920 sq ft

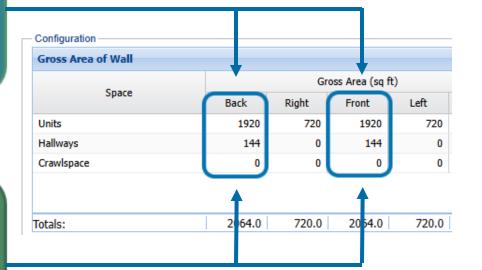
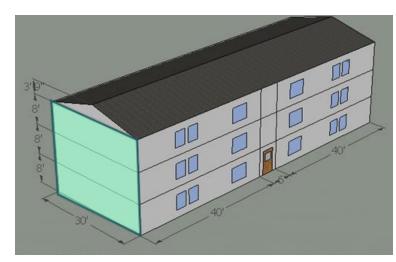


Image source: Web-based Weatherization Assistant (ORNL)

# Use provided dimensions to calculate and enter the exterior wall area of the right and left of the building.



8ft ceiling x 3 floors x 30ft long = 720 sq ft



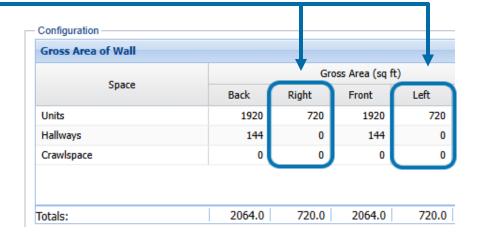
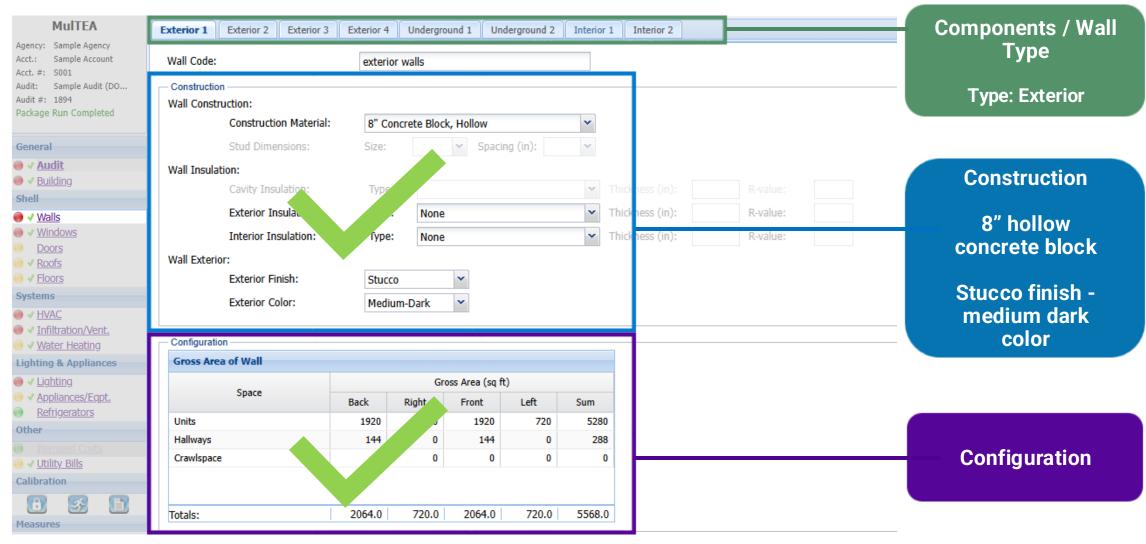


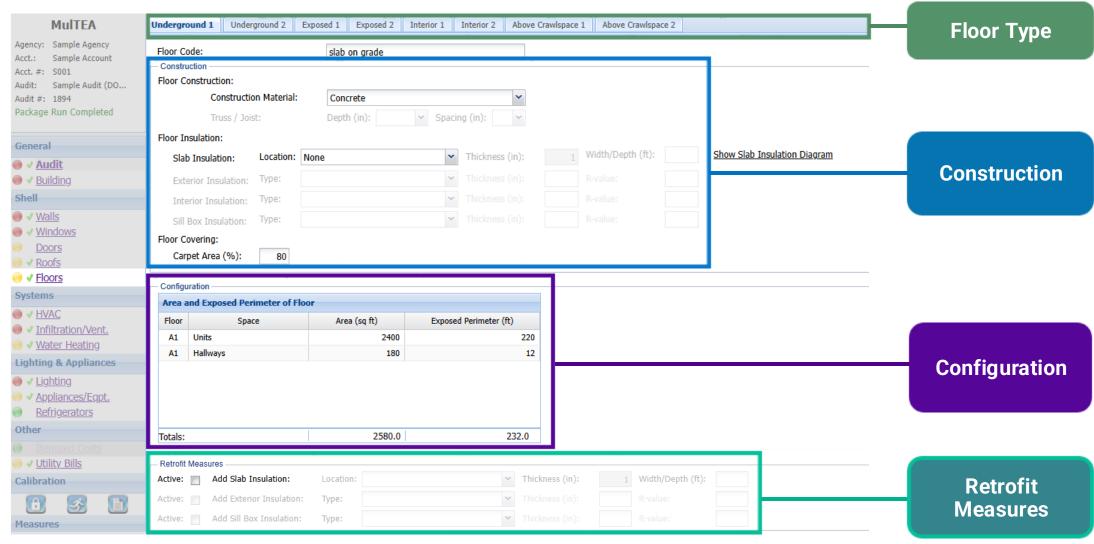
Image source: Web-based Weatherization Assistant (ORNL)

Image source: Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov

### We have now completed the Walls Form for the sample building's exterior walls. The process would be repeated for interior walls.



### This represents the sample building's completed Floors Form for its first floor. The configuration table will be covered in detail next.



#### Provided specifications of the sample building foundation and floors.

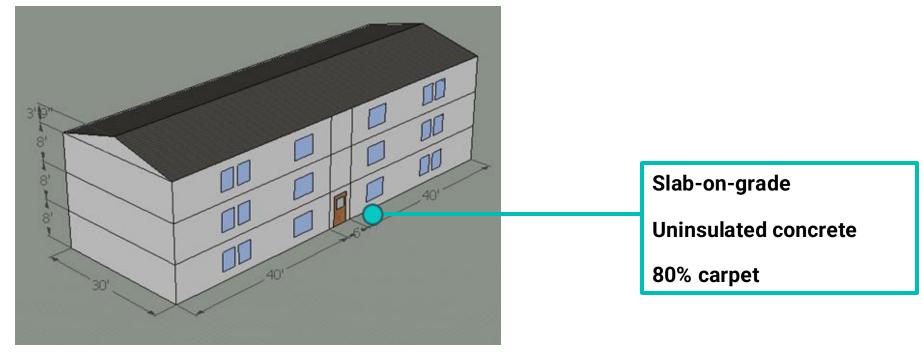
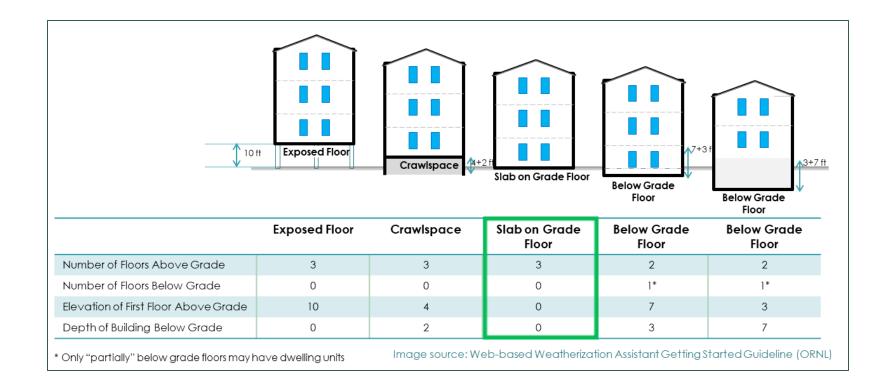
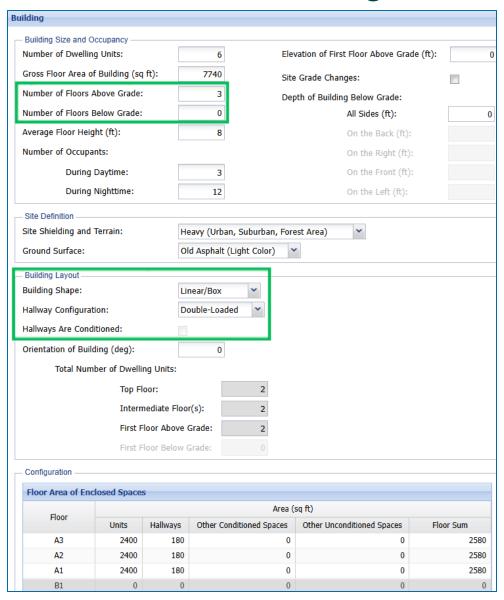


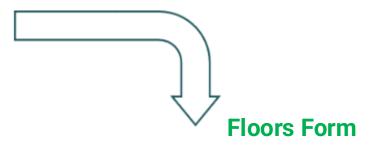
Image source: Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov

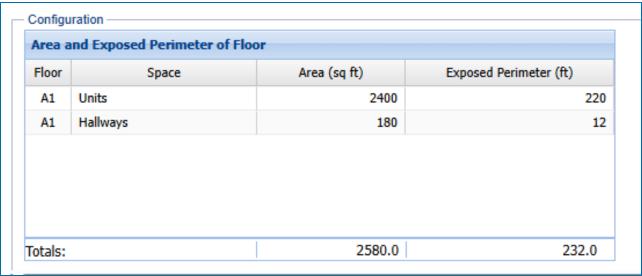
### Reminder- our sample building is slab on grade, but other building types can be reflected on the Building Form.



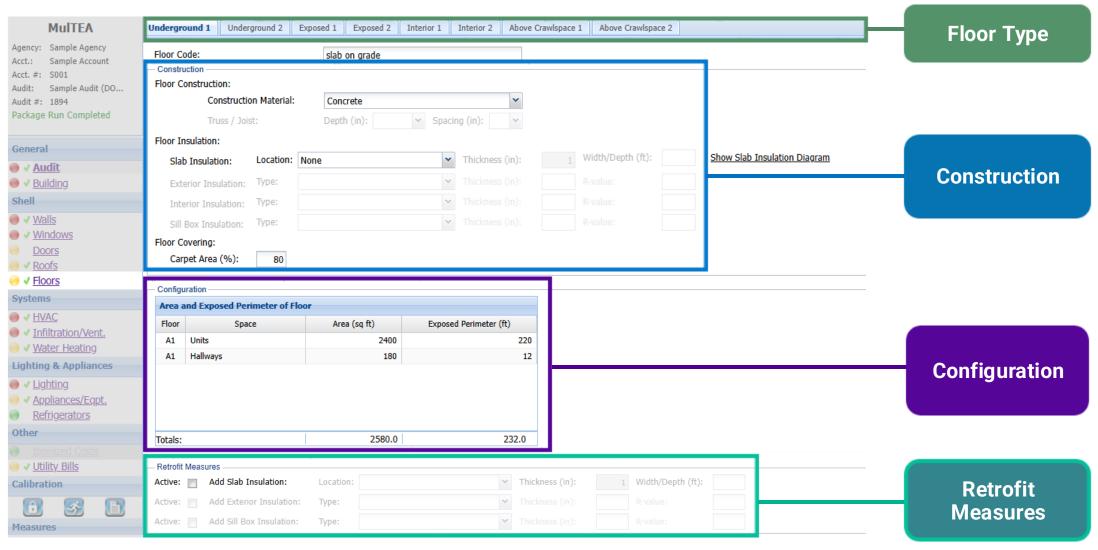
#### Entries in the Building Form determine the layout of the Floors form.





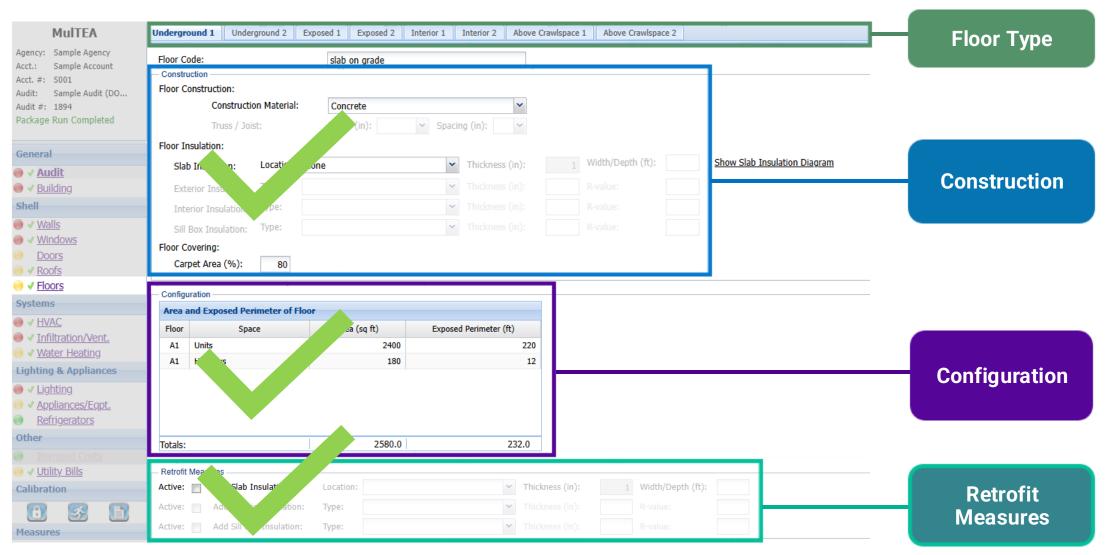


### This represents the sample building's completed Floors Form for its first floor.

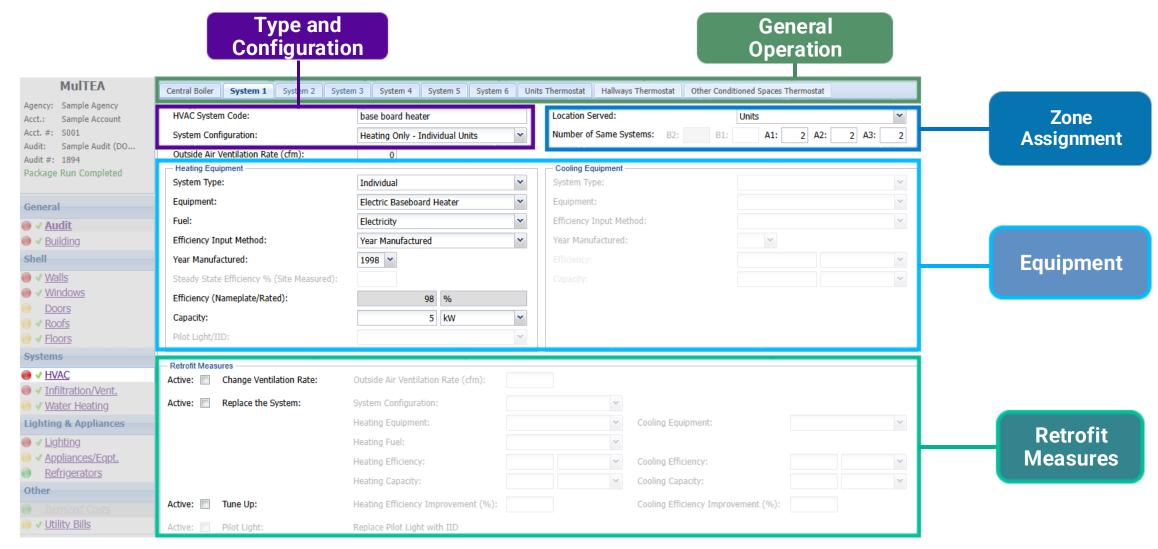




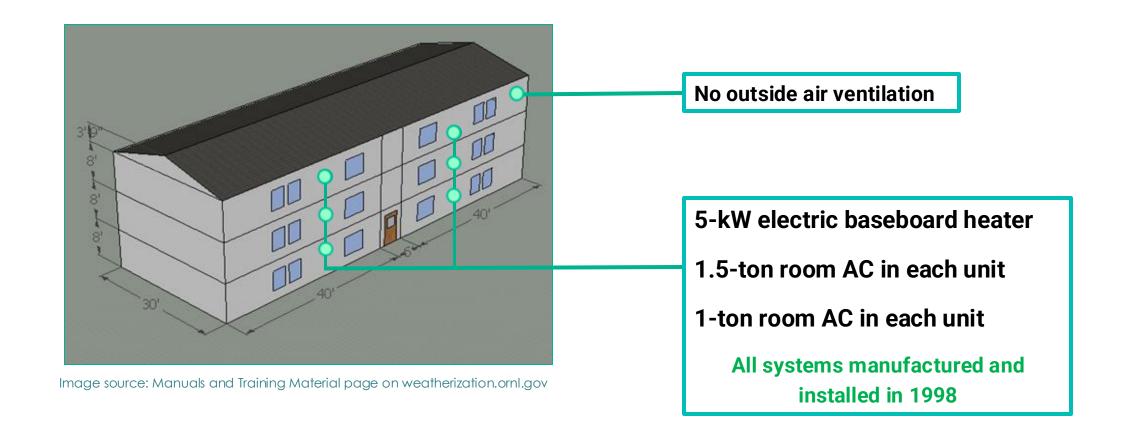
### We have now completed the sample building's Floors Form for its first floor.



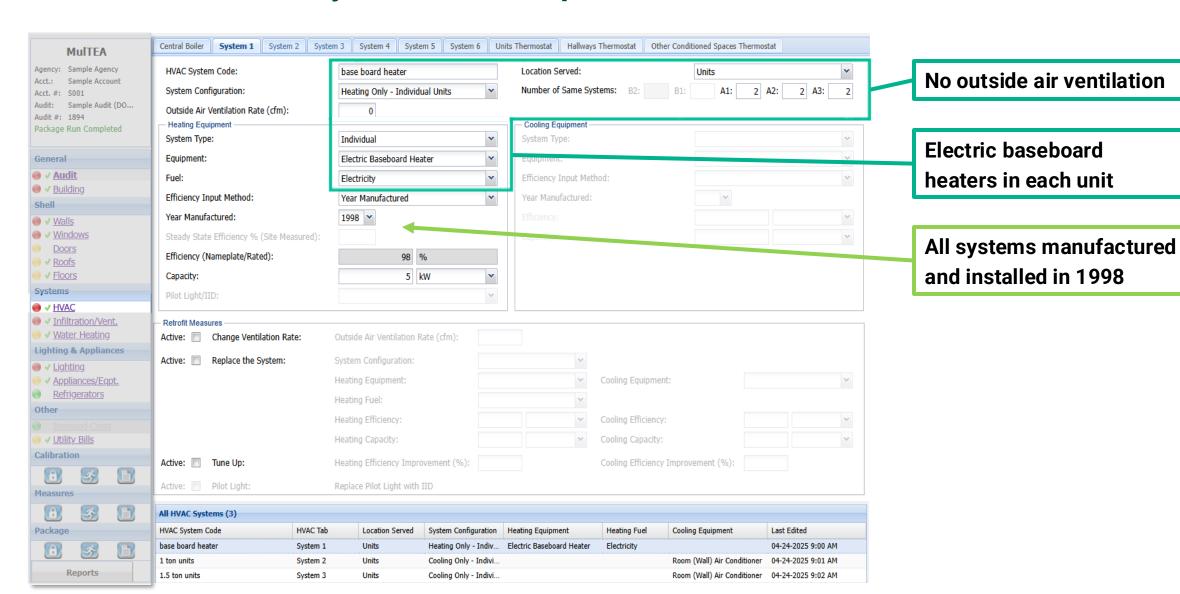
### This represents the sample building's completed HVAC Form for its baseboard heaters.



#### Provided specifications of the sample building HVAC systems.



#### We utilize one of the System tabs to input the 5-kW electric baseboard heaters.

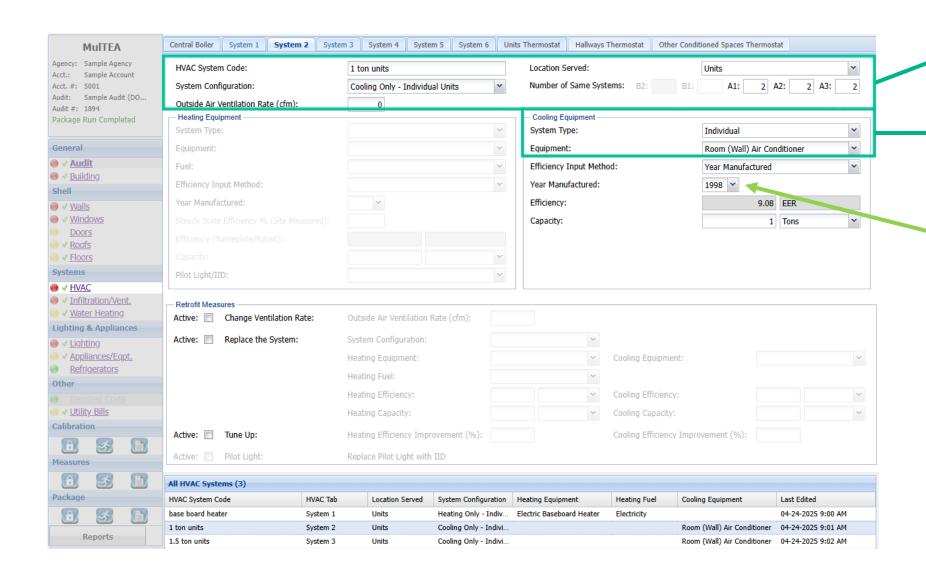


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#### We utilize a second System tab to input the 1-ton room air conditioners.

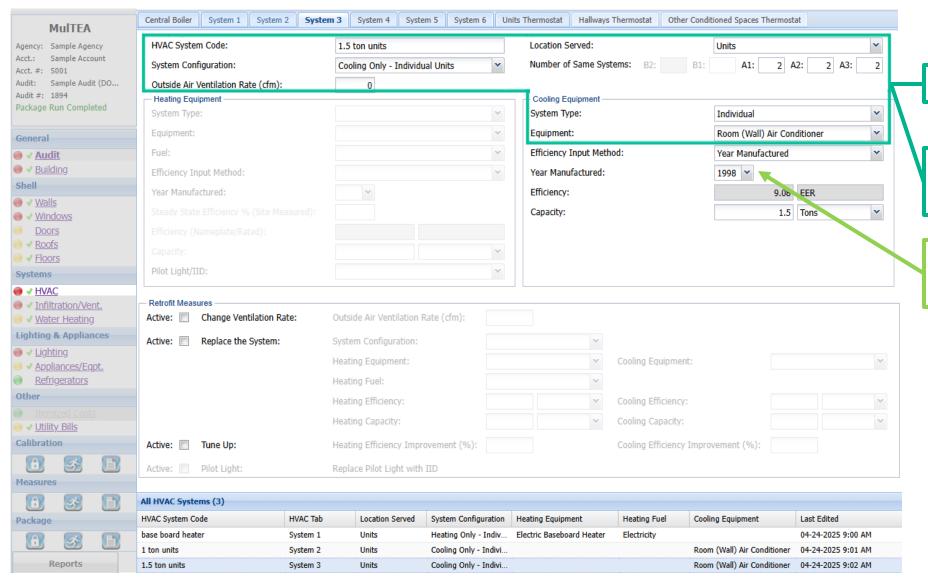


No outside air ventilation

1-ton room air conditioner in each unit

All systems manufactured and installed in 1998

#### We utilize a third System tab to input the 1.5-ton room air conditioners.

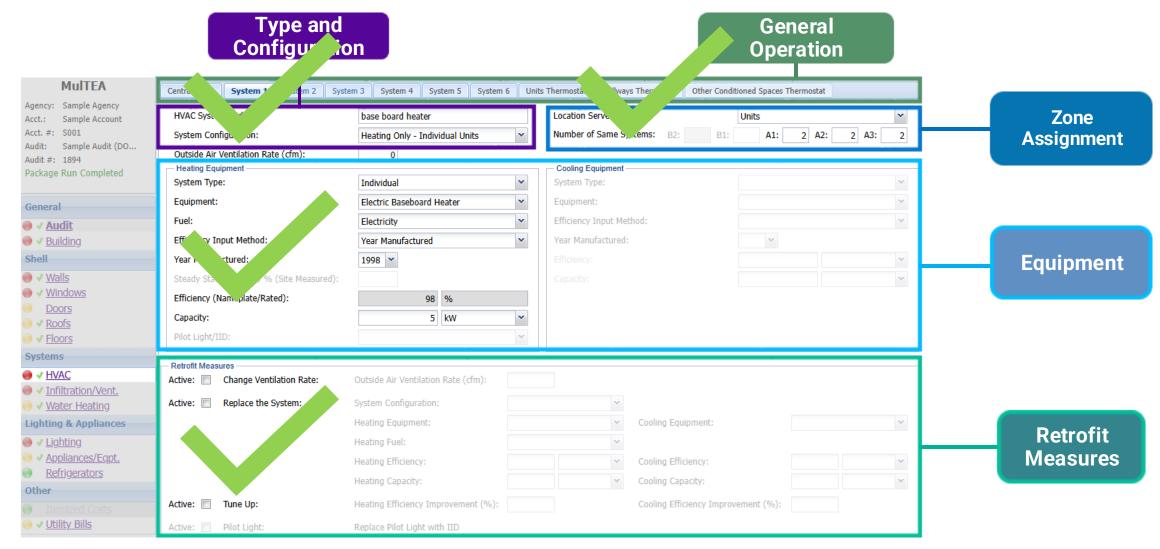


No outside air ventilation

1.5-ton room air conditioner in each unit

All systems manufactured and installed in 1998

### We have now completed the sample building's HVAC Form for all heating and cooling systems.



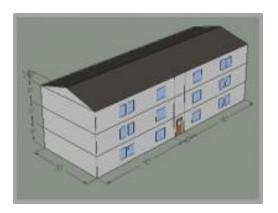
# MulTEA allows WAP implementation on common multifamily building types.

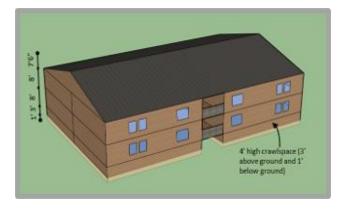
WAPfocused Flexible, multizone simulation tool Easy configuration and deployment

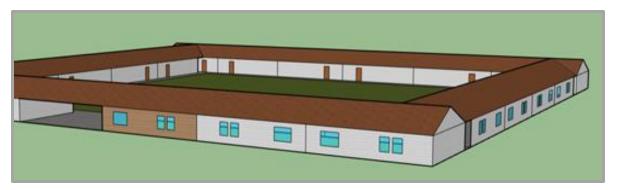
Questions?











Images sourced from the 1) Web-based Weatherization Assistant Getting Started Guideline (ORNL) and the 2) Manuals and Training Material page on weatherization.ornl.gov

### **Need Assistance?**

Contact our Weatherization Assistant Helpdesk at:

https://weatherization.ornl.gov/contact-us/

or

wahelpdesk@ornl.gov



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