FFY 2021 STATE CSBG FACTSHEET | MASSACHUSETTS

WHO WE SERVED...



For FFY 2021:

There were 23 CAAs, serving 449,402 people with low incomes who were living in 258,956 families.

CAAs served 48.971 people who lacked healthcare, 62,381 people who reported having a disability, 76,319 senior citizens, 129,586 children living in poverty, and 7,624 veterans and active military persons.

From Massachusetts' FFY 2021 Community Services Block Grant Annual Report



The Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) provides critical funding to Community Action Agencies (CAAs) to operate programs addressing the causes and conditions of poverty under three national goals:

Goal 1 - Individuals and families with low incomes are stable and achieve economic security. Goal 2 - Communities where people with low incomes live are healthy and offer economic opportunity. Goal 3 - People with low incomes are engaged and active in building opportunities in communities.

Massachusetts' Community Action Agencies are centrally located to serve their communities. For maximum impact, they partnered with:

- 1,816 non-profits
- 1,495 for-profits
- 264 faith-based organizations
- 281 school districts







There were 407,994 hours of volunteer time donated to CAAs in Massachusetts.

What kind of RESOURCES

Community Action Agencies utilize a Results Oriented Management and Accountability system that is strategically designed to ensure accountability and

improve performance management. In FY21, there were 22 ROMA professionals available in the network to help agencies with planning, reporting, data analysis and evaluation.

Community Action Agencies leverage several other federal, state, local, and other private funds.

For every \$1 of CSBG, Massachusetts's CAAs leveraged \$25.70 from federal, state, local, and private sources, including the value of volunteer hours.



*Value of Volunteer Hours calculated using federal minimum wage ** Values may not equal total due to rounding.

- \$39,562,073 in CSBG funds were allocated in support of CAAs in Massachusetts in FY21.
- Including all leveraged funds Massachusetts had \$1,014,173,561 available to the CAA network to improve the lives of people with low incomes in FY21.



18 CAAs in Massachusetts also operate the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP).



16 CAAs in Massachusetts also operate the Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP).



Head 16 CAAs in Massachusetts also operate a Head Start Program.



FFY 2021 STATE CSBG FACTSHEET | MASSACHUSETTS

From Massachusetts' FFY 2021 Community Services Block Grant Annual Report

Community Action Agencies utilize CSBG funds to address specific local needs through services and programs that address one or more of the core domains in which we work: employment, education and cognitive development, income, infrastructure and asset building, housing, health and social behavioral development, and civic engagement and community involvement.

EMPLOYMENT

884 outcomes were obtained in the employment domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining a job, increasing income, and obtaining benefits.

EDUCATION

8,550 outcomes were obtained in the education and cognitive development domain. This includes outcomes such as improved literacy skills, school readiness, and obtaining additional education and diplomas.

INCOME & ASSETS

3,558 outcomes were obtained in the income and asset building domain. This includes outcomes such as maintaining a budget, opening a savings account, increasing assets and net worth, and improving financial well-being.



CIVIC ENGAGEMENT

2,847 outcomes were obtained in the civic engagement and community involvement domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing leadership skills, and improving social networks.

HOUSING

31,722 outcomes were obtained in the housing domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining housing, avoiding eviction or foreclosure, and reducing energy burden.

HEALTH

44,100 outcomes were obtained in the health and social/behavioral development domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing nutrition skills, improving physical or mental health, and living independently.

This publication was created by the National Association for State Community Services Programs in the performance of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Community Services, Grant Number 90ET0468. Any opinion, findings, and conclusions, or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families.

