Putting the Wheels in Motion: Partnering to Transform Local Systems

NASCSP Conference 2023 September 29, 2023







The Promise Of Community Action

Community Action changes people's lives, embodies the spirit of hope, improves communities, and makes America a better place to live. We care about the entire community and we are dedicated to helping people help themselves and each other.







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Objectives

- Define Social and Economic Mobility (SEM) and why it is the north star
- Highlight Community Action's legacy and historical efforts to advance SEM
- Highlight lessons learned from the Impact Community of Practice
- Identify promising frameworks and approaches for driving SEM for families and communities
- Engage in generative conversation to promote learning and implementation



North Star: Social & Economic Mobility for Families



Why Are We Here Today?

Community Action believes in the promise that **every family** should have access to the opportunity for success



Environments and Experiences





Maternal Physical & Emotional Neglect

Emotional & Divorce

Sexual Abuse

Substance Mental Illness

Homelessness

ADDON STORY

Adverse Community Environments

Domestic Violence

Abuse

Poverty

Discrimination

Community
Disruption
Lack of Opportunity, Economic
Mobility & Social Capital

Poor Housing Quality & Affordability

Violence

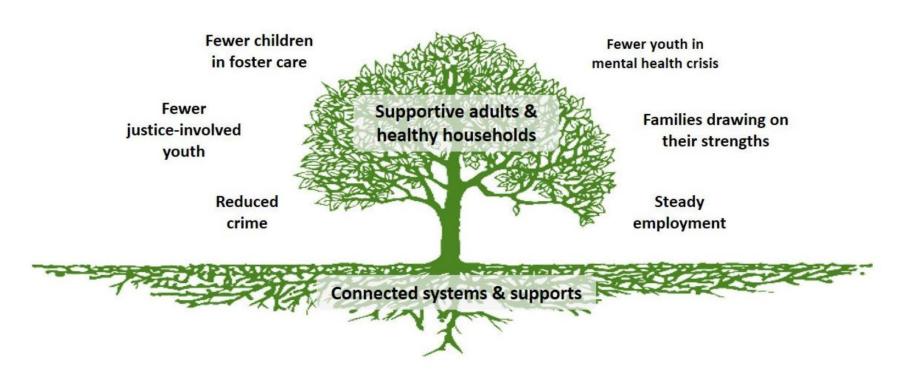
Incarceration

Ellis, W., Dietz, W. (2017) A New Framework for Addressing Adverse Childhood and Community Experiences: The Building Community Resilience (BCR) Model. Academic Pediatrics. 17 (2017) pp. S86-S93. DOI information: 10.1016/j.acap.2016.12.011

Building Community Resilience's Pair of ACEs



Environments and Experiences



Building Community Resilience Collaborative at the Redstone Center, George Washington University



What is Social and Economic Mobility?

Social mobility is the movement of individuals, families, and households between social strata. It relates to being valued in community and equitable, sustained access power and autonomy.

Economic mobility is the ability of an individual, family, or some other group to improve their economic status – usually measured in income, but also potentially including other assets and resources.

-Kresge Foundation



What is Social and Economic Mobility?

Help people move up the social and economic ladder toward achieving the American dream.

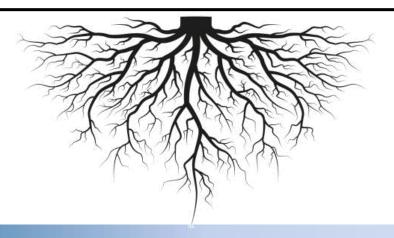
Building well-being and helping people reach their full potential.



Strong Roots: Community Action

The National Community Action Network has had boots-on-the ground in fighting poverty for low-income children and families in local communities since 1964 when the **Economic Opportunity Act** was ratified.

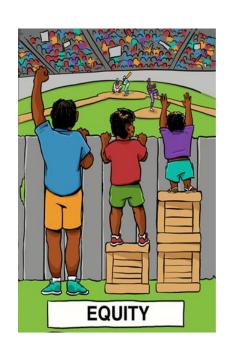
The Economic Opportunity Act was a policy aimed to "eliminate the paradox of poverty in the midst of plenty in this Nation by opening to everyone the opportunity for education and training, the opportunity to work, and the opportunity to live in decency and dignity".





The North Star...









Accelerating Social and Economic Mobility

This requires deeper engagement with families, being data driven, person-centered, deep grounding in equity starting with racial equity, innovation, and achieving greater impact.



The Bottom Line

"Poverty is not just about a lack of money. It's about a lack of power."

-john a. powell, director of the Haas Institute for a Fair and Inclusive Society and member of the US Partnership on Mobility from Poverty



SEM Framework

Economic success:

Having rising income and assets.

Power and autonomy: Having control over one's life, the ability to make choices, and the collective capacity to influence larger policies and actions that affect one's future.

Being valued in community: Feeling the respect, dignity, and sense of belonging that come from contributing to

one's community.

Source: <u>U.S. Partnership on Mobility from Poverty</u>

- Change the narrative.
- Create access to good jobs.
- Ensure zip code is not destiny.
- Provide support that empowers.
- Transform data use.







We seek to build power and justice with the people and communities we serve.

Agency/Choice/Freedom

Dignity Justice

POWER



SEM Connects to The North Star for WFA

THE North Star for Families:

- Breaking the cycle of poverty from one generation to the next
- Creating a legacy of well-being from one generation to the next



2Gen/Whole Family Approach Concepts



2GEN CORE COMPONENTS



HALLMARKS OF THE 2GEN/WHOLE FAMILY APPROACH

- Center on families
- Integrate services
- Remove barriers
- Incorporate coaching
- Develop partnerships
- Center in equity, starting with racial equity
- Measure parent, child, and family outcomes
- Apply science and evidence while continually improving
- Attend to core life skills for children and parents
- Incorporate strategies that build family resiliency (trauma-informed focus)
- Provide high-quality services
- Deliver services of sufficient intensity, duration, and dosage to enable families to achieve social and economic mobility

We Achieve Our Mission If We:

Advance Impact & Mobility

Opportunities for all people to thrive, strong, resilient communities, and a more equitable society Pursue Organizational Excellence

Advance social and economic mobility to build the capacity for individuals and families; and activate communities and systems to work for everyone.

Build The Community Action Movement Promote and support the implementation of organizational and programmatic capacity building to strengthen effectiveness and operations.

Align at local, state, and regional levels to amplify the Community Action voice and advocate for policy changes that support the mission and vision.



What is Systems Change?



What is a system?

A system is a set of interconnected, interdependent, and interacting parts that form a complex, unified whole.



Systems Influencing SEM

Economic System

 job availability and job quality; globalization; deindustrialization; technology and unemployment; financialization and shareholder revolution

Political System

 political structure; federalism; marginalization; gerrymandering; voter suppression; civic life; politics of race; money and power; inequality; decline of labor; welfare reform and the fraying of the social net; minimum wage; environmental protections

Cultural System

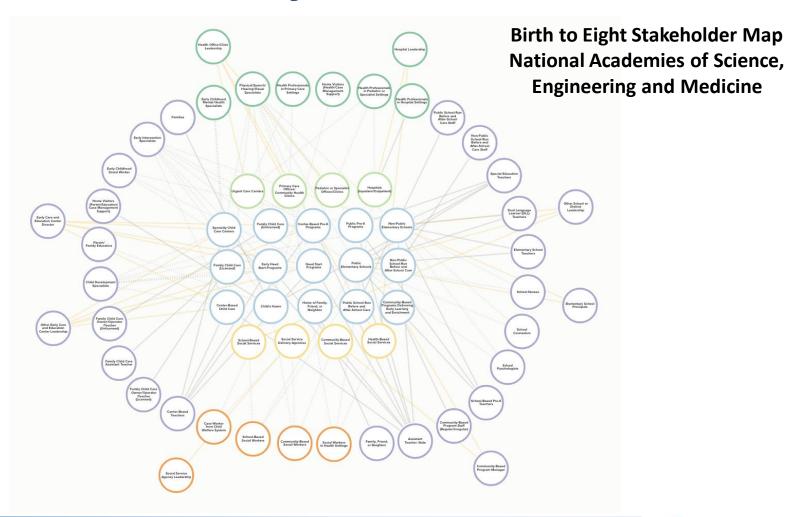
mental models or deeply held beliefs and assumptions, social values;
 American Dream; individualism; beliefs about the poor and poverty;
 narrative; partisanship; news media

Social System

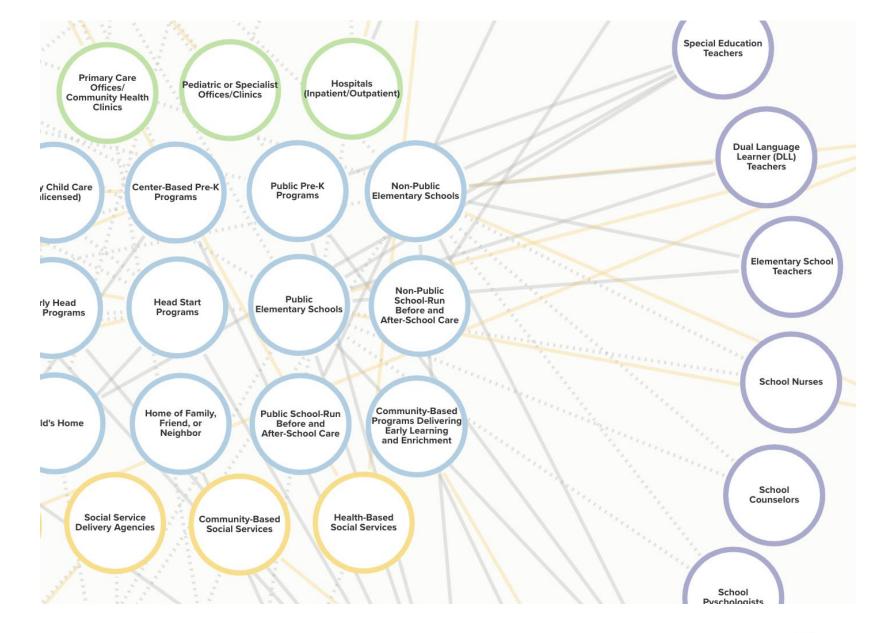
 demographics; geography and neighborhood effect; institutional resources; social networks/groups, connections, and social capital; people's place in society; resources



Ecosystems









Transforming Leadership and Local Human Services Ecosystems Initiative



Transforming Leadership and Local Human Services Ecosystems Initiative

The Impact Community of Practice (COP) supports six (6) local teams who have chosen a local issue to work on together. This work will create change at the community level that builds opportunity across the community, centered in equity, to support children, parents and families achieve social and economic mobility.





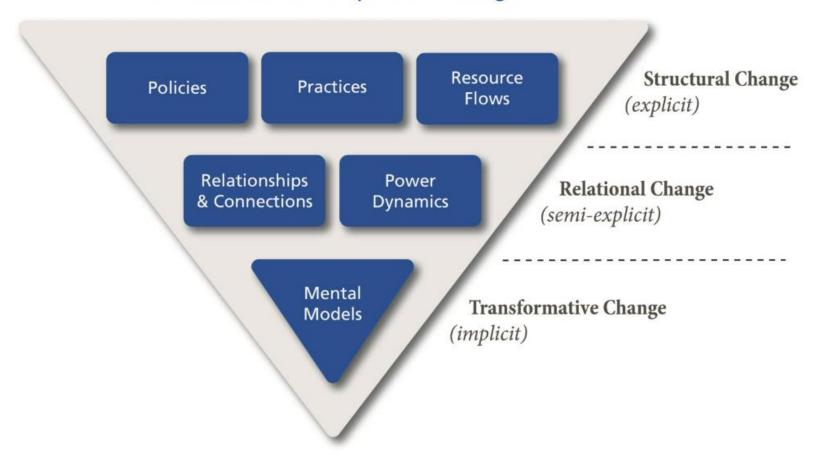
Our Work

Leadership Model

Shifting Org. Policies/Systems (Language **Various Impact** Integration) **Projects SYSTEMS Centering in Customer Voice** (Kresge Fellows) **ORGANIZATIONS PEOPLE Racial Healing Circle Practice SELF Implicit Bias Training & Assessment** ALIGNING VALUES ProInspire

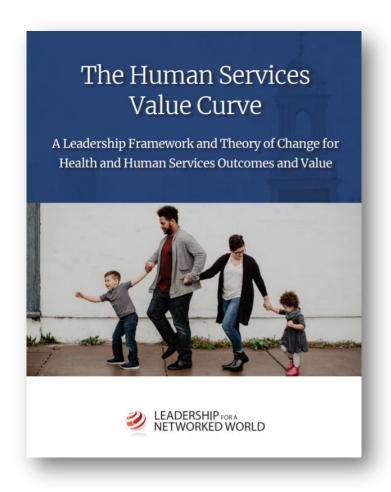


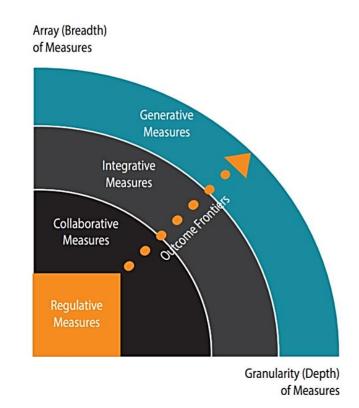
Six Conditions of Systems Change





Human Services Value Curve (HSVC)









Human Services Ecosystem Theory of Change

Theory of Change Statement

If we do _____X____, then ____Y___ (change) will occur.

Vision

What is your "North Star"?

Describe the picture of a better human services ecosystem for the children and families in your community.

Systems

Organizations

Communities

Strategies

What strategies are being implemented to achieve the intended outcomes?

Examples:

- Engaging Customer Voice
- Power Building
- Human Service Value Curve
- Collective Impact
- Centering Equity
- Narrative Change
- Civic Engagement

Links

What are the components that directly link the strategies to the intended outcomes?

Examples:

- Policies
- Practices
- Resource Flows
- Relationships & Connections
- · Power Dynamics
- Mental Models

Outcomes

What changes are expected to occur in the community?

Examples:

- Improved high school graduation rates
- Increased funding to community-based indigenous organizations
- Improved community health & wellness conditions
- Improved public narratives about people living in poverty
- Reduction of racial and ethnic vaccination disparities in communities
- Increased civic engagement around issues of racial and economic justice

Target System

What is the identified problem or systemic issue, and who is most impacted?

Describe the system, group of people, or place your initiative is focused on. Include quantitative and qualitative data such as: geographic location, demographics, social, economic, cultural, and/or situational characteristics.

Assumptions & Beliefs

Why do the proposed points of the intervention have the potential to advance the outcomes while further advancing equity and ultimately social and economic mobility?

Describe the underlying beliefs your initiative has about the conditions necessary for human services ecosystem change to occur?

Lessons Learned



Lessons Learned Themes

- Governance and Infrastructure
- Strategic Thinking and Planning
- Community Engagement
- Evaluation and Improvement
- Equity



Governance & Infrastructure

- Governance & Infrastructure
 - Strong cross sector representation
 - Momentum impacted due to loss of Executive
 Director
 - Part of a larger community coalition



Strategic Planning and Thinking

- Developing a Theory of Change
- Shared vision for community definition of WFA
- Strategic plan report



Community Engagement

- Community listening sessions and focus groups
- Established as lead for community resource centers
- Strong Shriver Fellow engagement
 - Shriver Fellow deeply involved with indigenous speakers
- Native and indigenous language focus







Evaluation and Improvement

- Continuous shared learning
- Establishing performance measures
- Working on shared data system



Equity

- Building belonging through language
- Hosted equity convening and training for staff
- Incorporated tribal liaison position at agency
- Native medicine garden



Resources



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Source: <u>U.S. Partnership on Mobility from Poverty</u>

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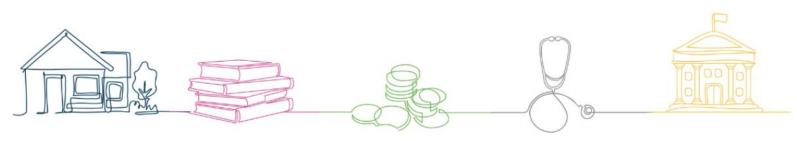




SEM Framework

UPWARD MOBILITY

PREDICTORS



OPPORTUNITY-RICH & INCLUSIVE NEIGHBORHOODS

Housing affordability

Housing stability

Economic inclusion

Racial diversity

Social capital

Transportation access

HIGH-QUALITY EDUCATION

Access to preschool

Effective

public eduaction

School economic

diversity

Preparation for college

Digital access

REWARDING WORK

Employment opportunitites

Jobs paying living wages

Opportunities for income

Financial security

Wealth-building opportunities

HEALTHY ENVIRONMENT & ACCESS TO GOOD HEALTH CARE

Access to health services

Neonatal health

Envionrmental quality

Safety from trauma

RESPONSIVE & JUST GOVERNANCE

Political participation

Descriptive representation

Safety from crime

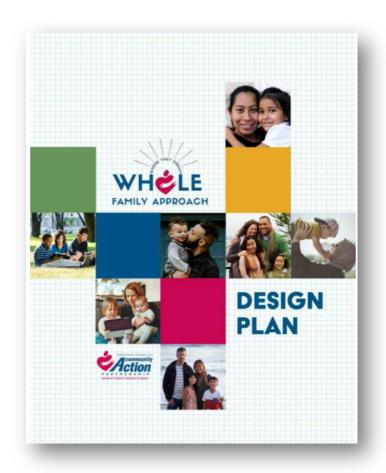
Just policing

Boosting Upward Mobility From Poverty, Urban Institute

<u>Evidence Resource</u> <u>Library</u>, Urban Institute



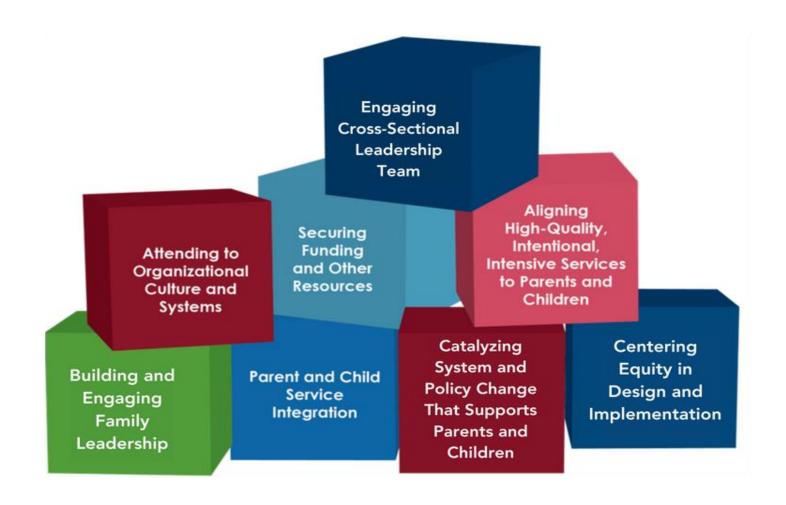
Advancing WFA in Community Action







Whole Family Approach Building Blocks





NCAP WFA Resources



RESOURCES FOR SHIFTING TO A WHOLE FAMILY APPROACH

Whole Family Approach Design Plan

The overall goal of the purpose of the Whole Family Approach (WFA) is to provide a road map for Community Action Agencies (CAAs) to use to pursue a new approach to break the cycle of intergenerational poverty. This design plan is meant to help your team think through and detail the essential elements of your whole family approach.

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Advancing Equity in Community Action





June, 22, 2021

Whereas since the colonialization of America, Black, Indigenous, Latinx, Asian, and other people of color have experienced economic injustice, social deprivation, and health inequities and barriers to opportunities based on invented racial identifiers created for the sole purpose of hierarchical discrimination and control;

Whereas the structural racism of our society perpetuates racial discrimination through mutually reinforcing systems of housing, education, employment, earnings, benefits, credit, transportation, media, health care, and criminal justice, resulting in systemic, multi-generational lack of opportunity for people of color and reinforcing discriminatory beliefs, values, and distribution of resources;

Whereas, the American Public Health Association finds racism to be a barrier to health equity and has named racism a driving force of how the social determinants of health are distributed. The social determinants of health—defined as the social, environmental, and economic factors that influence health, including employment, housing, education, access to health care, nutritious food, and public safety—are known to impact life-long health outcomes beginning even before birth.

Whereas, racism operates on systemic, institutional, and interpersonal levels, all of which operate throughout time and across generations creating harmful impact on individuals and communities of color;

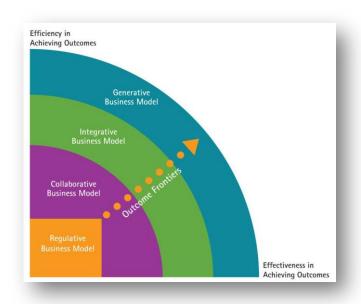
Whereas, on average, white families have nearly seven times the wealth of Black families and five times the wealth of Latinx families;

Whereas the American College of Physicians has determined that people of color and Black people and Black people in particular have a higher risk of experiencing race-based discrimination and violence, resulting in physical danger and premature death;





The Human Services Value Curve





Scan to watch this deep dive of how the Human Services Value Curve inspires and equips leaders and policymakers of health and human services organizations, systems, and communities to envision and create a path for achieving better and more equitable outcomes for individuals, families, and communities, as well as improve and accelerate human services social and economic value for society.



Centering Equity in Collective Impact



Scan to access this webinar and learn how Community Action Agencies can incorporate collective impact strategies in communities as we work towards systems-level changes that are grounded in equity in support of families achieving social and economic mobility.





Thank You To Our Funder!

THE KRESGE FOUNDATION







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Scan here to complete the evaluation for this session!





