

BUDGET INFORMATION - Non-Construction Programs

1. Program/Project Identification No. EE0009940	2. Program/Project Title Weatherization Assistance Program
3. Name and Address STATE OF WISCONSIN Post Office Box 7970 Madison, WI 537077970	4. Program/Project Start Date 07/01/2023 5. Completion Date 06/30/2024

SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY

Grant Program Function or Activity (a)	Federal Catalog No. (b)	Estimated Unobligated Funds		New or Revised Budget		
		Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)
1. DOE	81.042	\$ 0.00		\$ 12,221,195.00		\$ 12,221,195.00
2. STATE			\$ 0.00		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
3.						
4.						
5. TOTAL		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 12,221,195.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 12,221,195.00

SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES

6. Object Class Categories	Grant Program, Function or Activity				Total (5)
	(1) GRANTEE ADMINISTRATI ON	(2) SUBGRANTEE ADMINISTRATI ON	(3) GRANTEE T&TA	(4) PROGRAM OPERATIONS	
a. Personnel	\$ 516,966.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 427,620.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 1,143,238.00
b. Fringe Benefits	\$ 202,289.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 167,327.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 447,348.00
c. Travel	\$ 9,800.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 35,300.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 45,100.00
d. Equipment	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
e. Supplies	\$ 7,536.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 7,536.00
f. Contract	\$ 2,200.00	\$ 996,819.00	\$ 550,000.00	\$ 7,257,596.00	\$ 10,417,879.00
g. Construction	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
h. Other Direct Costs	\$ 90,400.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 32,979.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 144,240.00
i. Total Direct Charges	\$ 829,191.00	\$ 996,819.00	\$ 1,213,226.00	\$ 7,257,596.00	\$ 12,205,341.00
j. Indirect Costs	\$ 7,169.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 5,930.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 15,854.00
k. Totals	\$ 836,360.00	\$ 996,819.00	\$ 1,219,156.00	\$ 7,257,596.00	\$ 12,221,195.00
7. Program Income	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

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SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY						
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		Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5. TOTAL		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 12,221,195.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 12,221,195.00

SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES						
6. Object Class Categories	Grant Program, Function or Activity				Total (5)	
	(1) HEALTH AND SAFETY	(2) LIABILITY INSURANCE	(3) LEVERAGING	(4) FINANCIAL AUDITS		
a. Personnel	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 198,652.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 1,143,238.00	
b. Fringe Benefits	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 77,732.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 447,348.00	
c. Travel	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 45,100.00	
d. Equipment	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	
e. Supplies	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 7,536.00	
f. Contract	\$ 350,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 10,417,879.00	
g. Construction	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	
h. Other Direct Costs	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 20,861.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 144,240.00	
i. Total Direct Charges	\$ 350,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 297,245.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 12,205,341.00	
j. Indirect Costs	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 2,755.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 15,854.00	
k. Totals	\$ 350,000.00	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 300,000.00	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 12,221,195.00	
7. Program Income	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	

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SECTION A - BUDGET SUMMARY

Grant Program Function or Activity (a)	Federal Catalog No. (b)	Estimated Unobligated Funds		New or Revised Budget		
		Federal (c)	Non-Federal (d)	Federal (e)	Non-Federal (f)	Total (g)
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						
5. TOTAL		\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 12,221,195.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 12,221,195.00

SECTION B - BUDGET CATEGORIES

6. Object Class Categories	Grant Program, Function or Activity				Total (5)
	(1) SUBGRANTEE T&TA	(2) Weatherization Readiness	(3)	(4)	
a. Personnel	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 1,143,238.00
b. Fringe Benefits	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 447,348.00
c. Travel	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 45,100.00
d. Equipment	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 0.00
e. Supplies	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 7,536.00
f. Contract	\$ 287,000.00	\$ 909,264.00			\$ 10,417,879.00
g. Construction	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 0.00
h. Other Direct Costs	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 144,240.00
i. Total Direct Charges	\$ 287,000.00	\$ 909,264.00			\$ 12,205,341.00
j. Indirect Costs	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 15,854.00
k. Totals	\$ 287,000.00	\$ 909,264.00			\$ 12,221,195.00
7. Program Income	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00			\$ 0.00

**U.S. Department of Energy
WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (WAP)
WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET**

(Grant Number: EE0009940, State: WI, Program Year: 2023)

IV.1 Subgrantees

Subgrantee (City)	Planned Funds/Units
Advocap Inc (Fond du Lac)	\$49,833.00 0
Ashland County Housing Authority (Mellen)	\$2,154,051.00 254
CAP Services Inc (Stevens Point)	\$39,410.00 0
Central Wisconsin CAC (Wisconsin Dells)	\$38,552.00 0
Community Action of Rock/Walworth Counties (Janesville)	\$47,907.00 0
Community Relations - Social Development Commission (Milwaukee)	\$101,138.00 0
Coulecap Inc (Westby)	\$41,361.00 0
Hartford Community Development Authority (Hartford)	\$20,165.00 0
La Casa de Esperanza (Waukesha)	\$4,270,980.00 451
Newcap Inc (Oconto)	\$74,253.00 0
North Central CAP Inc (Wisconsin Rapids)	\$83,590.00 0
Outagamie County Housing Authority (Appleton)	\$28,618.00 0
Partners for Community Development (Sheboygan)	\$2,677,511.00 338
Project Home (Madison)	\$39,801.00 0
Racine/Kenosha CAA (Racine)	\$74,609.00 0
Southwest Wisconsin CAP (Dodgeville)	\$19,808.00 0
West Central Wisconsin CAA (Glenwood City)	\$62,128.00 0
Western Dairyland EOC (Independence)	\$41,964.00 0
Total:	\$9,865,679.00 1,043

IV.2 WAP Production Schedule

Weatherization Plans	Units
Total Units (excluding reweatherized)	992
Rewatherized Units	51
Average Unit Costs, Units subject to DOE Project Rules	
VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES)	

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A	Total Vehicles & Equipment (\$5,000 or more) Budget	\$0.00
B	Total Units Weatherized	992
C	Total Units Reweatherized	51
D	Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (B + C)	1,043
E	Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (A divided by D)	\$0.00
AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES)		
F	Total Funds for Program Operations	\$7,257,596.00
G	Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (from line D)	1,043
H	Average Program Operations Costs per Unit (F divided by G)	\$6,958.39
I	Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (from line E)	\$0.00
J	Total Average Cost per Dwelling (H plus I)	\$6,958.39

IV.3 Energy Savings

Method used to calculate savings: <input type="checkbox"/> WAP algorithm <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (describe below)				
		Units	Savings Calculator (MBtus)	Energy Savings
	This Year Estimate	1043	N/A	21200 *
	Prior Year Estimate	1047	N/A	21254 *
	Prior Year Actual	916	N/A	0 *
* Energy Savings values were manually entered.				

Method used to calculate savings description:

Method used to calculate energy savings: <input type="radio"/> WAP algorithm <input checked="" type="radio"/> Other (describe below)				
Method used to calculate savings description: For all but the most recent program year, natural gas and electricity savings for weatherized homes are measured using monthly utility billing data collected from Wisconsin's five major investor-owned utilities. Billing data from pre- and post-weatherization periods are weather normalized, and pre-weatherization billing data from future program participants are used to correct for non-program factors. The consumption differences between the pre- and post-weatherization billing periods reflect the gas and electric savings for each treated home. Savings estimates are then coupled with data taken from the program's tracking database to develop a statistical model to evaluate savings by measures installed, housing type and other characteristics.				
	Estimate (Other/SES)		Actual	
Program Year	Units	Savings (MMBtus)	Units	Savings (MMBtus)
2023-2024	1043	21,500	N/A	N/A
2022-2023	1,046	21,744	N/A	N/A
2021-2022	1,024	21,900	1052	21,958
2020-2021	1,118	23,911	1019	20,436
2019-2020	1,068	25,286	1017	20,394
2018-2019	1,014	24,007	982	20,062
2017-2018	787	18,633	925	18,660
PY23 savings estimates (for homes that do not yet have post-weatherization history) are projections based on the measures installed and the statistical model of energy savings validated by data from PY22 and earlier. The savings are directly calculated from natural gas and electric utility billing data for PY18 through PY22. All billing data is weather normalized to account for the effect of year to year temperature variation on household energy use. The reference fuel price for natural gas is a seven-year average of the previous historical five years plus two future years. The reference price for electricity uses a five year historical average.				
Energy savings, based on Wisconsin's 2022 Self Evaluation Savings (SES) study are projected to average 165 heating therms, or 16% per household and 1,275 baseload kilowatt hours (kWh), or 14% per household. Based on the fuel costs used in Wisconsin's Weatherization Assistant parameters, this equals an annual savings of \$400 per household served. The total energy savings for the planned 959 weatherized units in Wisconsin using DOE funds are projected to be 19,995 MMBtus annually, amounting to \$8.24 million Net Present Value (NPV) over the approximate 20-to-30-year life of the weatherization measures installed. The following calculations are based on Wisconsin Assessment of Energy and Cost Savings for Homes Treated under Wisconsin's Home Energy Plus Weatherization Program 2022. Wisconsin is in the process of completing another assessment of energy savings.				

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Fuel Prices for Weatherization Modeling

The Division of Energy, Housing and Community Resources reviewed the procedures for identifying base-year fuel prices and the fuel-price-change indices used in Weatherization Assistant.

Base-Year Price Identification

Wisconsin’s methods for establishing base-year prices reflects the concept that energy prices will generally revert to the mean — i.e., that market prices will fluctuate over time and that market forces (supply and demand) will interact and revert to a mean price. In this context, the historic average price is relatively indicative of the long-term trend.

Fuel Oil, Propane (L.P.), Electric

Wisconsin uses the average price from the previous five heating seasons to identify the base-year price for these fuels.

Natural Gas

Wisconsin blends five historic-price data points and two anticipated price data points to identify the base-year price for natural gas. The base-year price equals the mean of five years of historic heating-season prices and two years of anticipated heating season prices (Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA) Short Term Outlook). The Division believes this approach is the best alternative considering that a blend of historic prices and anticipated prices would be a logical approach for identifying the base-year price for natural gas in the financial modeling.

Fuel-Price-Change Indexing

To forecast future annual fuel-price changes, Wisconsin uses data from the EIA’s Annual Energy Outlook (East North Central region).

The Division will use the base-year prices for Program Year 2023-2024 with the first full year of energy savings encompassing the heating season of 2024-2025 (i.e., the first full winter after weatherizing).

On an annual basis, Wisconsin reviews both future and past years data to determine fuel costs to be used in the WA software. Future fuel costs are used to determine the price indices in WA. All information is contained in the Fuel Price Analysis workbook to use in updating the values used in WA for each program year.

Fuel Cost Methodology

Fuel Type	Value	Data Source(s)
Natural Gas	7-year winter average	EIA – East North Central Sort Term Outlook
	5 past and 2 future years	WI - PSC fuel costs
	HDD weighted	KISW – Wisconsin Rapids weather station
Propane (LP Gas)	Past 5-year winter average	WI- PSC fuel costs
Fuel Oil	Past 5-year winter average	WI- PSC fuel costs
Electricity	Past year annual cost	WI- PSC fuel costs
Kerosene	Market value	Internet search
Wood	Market value	Internet search
Other (Wood Pellets)	Market value	Internet search
Coal	No Changes	Market if needed

Price Indices Methodology

The EIA Annual Energy Outlook publication is used to look at East North Central future fuel price to calculate the annual indices.

Annual Updates Procedures

1. Create new copy of Fuel Price Analysis
2. Download and update current monthly values of *KISW_HDD_65*
3. Download and update *FY20YY EIA Raw NG Chart* with current and future monthly values. Obtain East North Central data from:

https://www.eia.gov/outlooks/steo/data/browser/#/?v=16&f=M&s=0&start=200912&end=201812&ctype=linechart&mapttype=0&linechart=NGRCU_ENC&map=

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4. Download and update *FY20YY "Year Zero" Fuel Costs* with previous winter data from WI PSC. [PSC State Heating Oil and Propane Program \(wi.gov\)](#)
5. Update *FY20YY EIA Raw Annual Data* worksheet with current annual values. Obtain East North Central data from Annual Energy Outlook Table 3: <https://www.eia.gov/outlooks/aeo/data/browser>

Fuel cost details will be submitted with the Energy Audit approval.

IV.4 DOE-Funded Leveraging Activities

Wisconsin has identified approximately \$300,000 in DOE leverage funds to provide staff oversight for the operation of the joint DOE/Public Benefits weatherization assistance program. Leveraged funds are used to continue program design work, assist subgrantees in training new personnel, work with property owner associations to increase the number of weatherized rental units, and coordinate utility providers contributions to the state Public Benefits funds.

DOE leverage funds are vital to the effective use of Public Benefits funds to increase the number of units and measures completed with DOE funds. Public Benefits funds allow the weatherization program to address water heater conversion, freezers, and electrical use, thereby providing a "whole house" approach to the program.

The combined weatherization program incorporates the DOE minimum program requirements of:

- Household eligibility
- Use of an approved audit system or measures list
- Household priority for service
- Meet or exceed materials standards
- Average DOE funds per unit does not exceed DOE's maximum
- Preference to existing DOE subgrantees

Non-DOE funded units are reported as leveraged units.

IV.5 Policy Advisory Council Members

Check if an existing state council or commission serves in this category and add name below

Brad Paul	Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: Brad Paul Phone: 6082444422 Email: bpaul@wiscap.org
Brad Rose	Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Phone: 6082679491 Email: bradley.rose@wisconsin.gov
Christine Carper	Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Phone: 9204331179 Email: christine.carper@wecenergygroup.com
Daliska Smith	Type of organization: Local agency Contact Name: Daliska Smith Phone: 4149062821 Email: dsmith@cr-sdc.org
Gary France	Type of organization: Other Contact Name: Gary France Phone: 7153591075 Email: gary@francepropane.com
Jason VanderVelden	Type of organization: Local agency Contact Name: Phone: 9204260150 Email: jason.vandervelden@advocap.org
	Type of organization: Unit of Local Government

**U.S. Department of Energy
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(Grant Number: EE0009940, State: WI, Program Year: 2023)

Jennifer Fischer	Contact Name: Jennifer Fischer Phone: 6082407460 Email: fischer@countyofdane.com
Karin Kirchmeier	Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: Phone: 9204592780101 Email: karin@partners4cd.com
Maricela Gaona	Type of organization: Unit of Local Government Contact Name: Maricela Gaona Phone: 4144696435 Email: maricela.gaona@milwaukeecountywi.gov
Molly Calderon	Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: Molly Calderon Phone: 2626522170 Email: molly.calderon@umos.org
Nora Lindgren	Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Phone: 7157372439 Email: nora.c.proctor@xcelenergy.com
Rose Strege	Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Phone: 7157934862 Email: Rose.Strege@mohican-nsn.gov
Sarah Schroeder	Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: Sarah Schroeder Phone: 6082463444 Email: schroeder@eri-wi.org
Tim Heinrich	Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Phone: 6088372263 Email: theinrich@meuw.org
Timothy Bruer	Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: Timothy Bruer Phone: 6082837678 Email: tbruer@esiwi.com
Todd Stuart	Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: Todd Stuart Phone: 6084415740 Email: tstuart@wieg.org
Tom Content	Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: Tom Content Phone: 6089578982 Email: content@cubwi.org
Tom Mayne	Type of organization: Local agency Contact Name: Tom Mayne Phone: 6087976006 Email: tom.mayne@couleecap.org
Veronica Stober	Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Phone: 6414375362 Email: veronicastober@alliantenergy.com
Vicky Heinz	Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Vicky Heinz Phone: 6082527395 Email: vheinz@mge.com

IV.6 State Plan Hearings (Note: attach notes and transcripts to the SF-424)

Date Held	Newspapers that publicized the hearings and the dates the notice ran
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WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (WAP)
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04/03/2023	The public hearing notice was published in the Wisconsin State Journal on March 20, 2023. The public hearing notice was also distributed to Weatherization Assistance Program and Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program Grantees in a Division broadcast informational transmittal on March 3, 2023. The public hearing was held on April 3, 2023 as a Telephonic Public Hearing at 12:00 pm. The Public Hearing notice is included as Attachment 2, transcript is included as Attachment 3 of this submittal.
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IV.7 Miscellaneous

Recipient Business Officer

Name: Susan Brown

E-mail: Susan.Brown@wisconsin.gov

Phone: 608-266-2035

Recipient Principal Investigator

Name: Kris Haskin

E-mail: Kristine.Haskin@wisconsin.gov

Phone: 608-266-2793

Policy Advisory Council Meeting

Wisconsin's Policy Advisory Council (PAC), named the Low-Income Energy Advisory Committee (LIEAC), was established to provide feedback to the Division on weatherization and energy assistance issues, including approval of annual plans. LIEAC meets, as-needed. Per 10 CFR 440.17, LIEAC members are broadly representative of organizations and agencies, including consumer groups that represent low-income persons, particularly elderly, and low-income persons with a disability and low-income Native Americans in Wisconsin.

A LIEAC meeting was held April 12, 2023 providing approval of the plan. Meeting minutes are included as Attachment 1.

Selection of Subgrantees

Weatherization services are provided on a statewide basis. The Division contracts with Community Action Agencies and a variety of other public and nonprofit entities to deliver weatherization services [440.15(a)(1)]. Public comment is solicited on the selection of subgrantees as part of the public hearing on the draft application for DOE funds [440.15(a)(2)]. In selecting subgrantees, preference is given to any agency with experience and performance in weatherization or housing renovation, in assisting low income persons in the area, and currently administering a timely and effective weatherization program [440.15(a)(2)(i,ii,iii)]. This is done to maintain stability so that clients can readily identify where they may receive needed services.

Selection of new or additional subgrantees will be made in accordance with the requirements of 440.15(d) and include consideration of:

- a. The extent to which the weatherization goals set forth in the contract are achieved in a timely fashion.
- b. The quality of work performed.
- c. The number, qualifications, and experience of the staff.
- d. The ability to secure volunteers, training participants, public service employment workers, and other federal or state training programs or resources.

If the Division finds that a subgrantee has failed to comply substantially and should be replaced, notice is given to the subgrantee of the failure and the action intended by the Division [440.15I].

It is Wisconsin's intent to allocate either Bipartisan Infrastructure Legislation (BIL) funding OR DOE Formula funding received under this plan to the network. However, all agencies will receive Weatherization Readiness Funding allocated under this plan. Those agencies with unit goals listed above will receive the formula funding and those without unit goals will receive BIL funding. Wisconsin's rationale for this approach is twofold: It will allow agencies to demonstrate success in spending and production for both fund sources and will also allow compliance with the DOE directive prohibiting the co-mingling of BIL and DOE formula for the same activities. No agency will see a funding reduction under this approach. This concept has been also well received by the network in earlier discussions.

BIL Plan does not include this approach. BIL plan will be modified as necessary to address this assuming this approach is approved by DOE. B. From a total funding standpoint, each subgrantee received an increase in funding over their base funding from last year. Wisconsin is aware and has taken care to address any

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perceptions of funding disparity in the allocation process. Subgrantees have been provided with opportunities to speak and address any funding concerns directly to the Division. One of the reasons Wisconsin is moving forward with this approach is to allow agencies to remain successful without the added burden of “ramping up.” The Division’s approach mitigates the need for large scale agency ramp up and the associated “ramping down” (i.e. laying off staff) once BIL is no longer available. Given the workforce and supply chain challenges that still persist throughout the entire national WAP network, Wisconsin believes that this approach provides the greatest opportunity for success. Adjustments to this methodology will be made on a year to year basis based on agency performance. Ongoing monitoring of agency performance will address any issues as they arise.

All 18 agencies received funding increases over their base allocation last year. Provider changes among Wisconsin’s network of 18 subgrantees can be considered if monitoring identifies any disparities in equity in access to services or service delivery.

Wisconsin will be executing an alternative method of allocating formula funds. The framework for this funding structure is as follows:

- PY 24 Formula to be allocated to three subgrantees
- BIL Funds to be allocated to the other 15 subgrantees
- WRF to be allocated to all 18 subgrantees

The rationale for doing so is as follows:

- Allows Wisconsin to demonstrate success in both spend and production for BIL and Formula funds
- Mitigates the possibility of BIL and Formula funds inadvertently being expended on the same job
- Is less administratively burdensome at the grantee level where only a single DOE fund source needs to be tracked

Wisconsin selected the three agencies receiving formula funds based on historical and demonstrated success in not only expending allocated DOE funds but taking additional reallocated DOE from other subgrantees. The standard allocation methodology described in the Master File was utilized for the three identified agencies.

Wisconsin’s methodology also minimizes the need for substantial “ramp up” which requires hiring and purchasing of additional equipment. Given the persistent supply chain and workforce challenges, Wisconsin’s approach allows market forces impacting these areas to subside. Wisconsin is confident that the amounts allocated to the agencies will be able to be absorbed with modest increases to personnel.

Wisconsin will continue to evaluate this funding structure and adjust as necessary in future allocations. Continued ongoing monitoring around spend and production will take place during the PY to ensure the expenditures of allocated funds.

This proposal was presented to and has received the support of the subgrantee network. No comments in opposition were received at the public hearing and Wisconsin’s Policy Advisory Committee was also supportive of this approach.

No agency will experience a reduction in funding and each agency is slated to receive a funding increase over last year. Wisconsin will continue its long-standing practice of braiding LIHEAP and Public Benefit dollars. Under this structure, customer access to weatherization services will not be negatively impacted and with the additional funding to each agency, access will be increased.

As requested in the DOE Application instructions, WRF is documented in the Master plan under the Deferral Section, V.1.2 box 5. The limit is \$6,000/unit, unless a waiver approval is granted. Consideration is given to homes that have highly cost effective energy conservation measures.

Various reports have been developed within the Home Energy Plus data management system to track expenditures per subgrantee and type of repair completed. Additional details can be found in the Master Plan

**Expenditure
Summary by
Fund**

Contract Year:2023

Report Run
Date: 6/1/2023

Fund :Wx Readiness

Report
Through
Date:6/30/2023

Grantee	Contract Total	Administration	Operations	Total Expensed	Contract Balance	Outstanding Advance	Expensed Adjustments	Cash Balance
ADVOCAP, INC. - WX (1)	\$24,231.00	\$204.14	\$10,797.44	\$11,001.58	\$13,229.42	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$13,229.42
ASHLAND CO. HOUSING AUTHORITY - WX (2)	\$22,823.00	\$3,423.00	\$19,400.00	\$22,823.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
ROCK/WALWORTH COMM. ACTION - WX (3)	\$23,895.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$23,895.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$23,895.00
CAP SERVICES, INC. - WX (4)	\$20,344.00	\$571.07	\$5,710.70	\$6,281.77	\$14,062.23	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$14,062.23
CENTRAL WI COMMUNITY ACTION COUNCIL - WX (5)	\$19,825.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$19,825.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$19,825.00
PARTNERS FOR COMMUNITY DEV. - WX (6)	\$46,395.00	\$1,146.45	\$8,566.20	\$9,712.65	\$36,682.35	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$36,682.35
HARTFORD COMM DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY - WX (8)	\$12,845.00	\$0.00	\$4,230.00	\$4,230.00	\$8,615.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$8,615.00
LA CASA DE ESPERANZA - WX (10)	\$73,643.00	\$0.00	\$24,736.62	\$24,736.62	\$48,906.38	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$48,906.38

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NEWCAP, INC. - WX (13)	\$33,129.00	\$365.63	\$4,188.70	\$4,554.33	\$28,574.67	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$28,574.67
NORTH CENTRAL CAP, INC. - WX (14)	\$36,979.00	\$1,664.10	\$10,535.90	\$12,200.00	\$24,779.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$24,779.00
WEATHERIZATION SERVICES - OCHA - WX (15)	\$16,242.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$16,242.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$16,242.00
PROJECT HOME, INC. - WX (16)	\$21,089.00	\$1,058.66	\$6,000.00	\$7,058.66	\$14,030.34	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$14,030.34
RACINE/KENOSHA CAA - WX (17)	\$33,044.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$33,044.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$33,044.00
SOUTHWESTERN WISCONSIN CAP - WX (18)	\$12,499.00	\$1,800.00	\$10,620.91	\$12,420.91	\$78.09	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$78.09
WEST CENTRAL WISCONSIN CAP - WX (20)	\$29,071.00	\$0.00	\$15,997.59	\$15,997.59	\$13,073.41	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$13,073.41
WESTERN DAIRYLAND EOC INC - WX (21)	\$21,016.00	\$892.37	\$7,622.00	\$8,514.37	\$12,501.63	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$12,501.63
COULEECAP, INC - WX (22)	\$20,094.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$20,094.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$20,094.00
SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION - WX (25)	\$45,871.00	\$1,416.68	\$7,821.36	\$9,238.04	\$36,632.96	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$36,632.96
Totals	\$513,035.00	\$12,542.10	\$136,227.42	\$148,769.52	\$364,265.48	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$364,265.48

*** Including just Approved by BFM and Paid Invoices**

WEATHERIZE WISCONSIN	Effective July 1, 2022 in HE+ WisWAP System				Sep-22		
Readiness Measure Code	WEATHERIZATION READINESS FUNDS	Contract Year	Measure Text	Units	Measure Category	Housing Type - No MH	Fund Source WRF DOE, PB, LIHEAP
Repair Electric Service							
ZZEL005	Upgrade or Repair Electric Service			job	Repair Electric Service	1-4 unit	All
ZZEL015	Knob and Tube Replace Attic			job	Repair Electric Service	1-4 unit	All
ZZEL020	Knob and Tube Replace Walls			job	Repair Electric Service	1-4 unit	All
Repair Heating System							
ZZHS030	Thermostat Replacement - Non Programmable			each	Repair Heating System	1-4 unit	All
ZZHS035	Fuel Switching			each	Repair Heating System	1-4 unit	All
Repair Hot Water							
ZZHW005	Water Heater Repair			job	Repair Hot Water	1-4 unit	All
ZZHW010	Plumbing Repair or Replace (water leaks, sewage removal, unclog pipe)			job	Repair Hot Water	1-4 unit	All
Repair Structure							
ZZRS005	Chimney (Repair, Replace, or Removal)			job	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS010	Floors			job	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS015	Roof (Repair - Patch - Replacement)			job	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS020	Walls, Ceiling (Repair Exterior: house sheathing - house wrap for missing section)			job	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS030	Door Replacement R5 (Basement door)			sq ft	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS035	Window Replacement Energy Star Rated (Repair)			sq ft	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS040	Other Repair - (Foundation leak, gutter- down spouts, bulkhead door, housekeeping/dumpster/sump pump/rodent removal/mold-feces clean up)			job	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS045	Ventilation - Soffit/Roof/Gable/adding venting/gable end - ridge vent/proper chutes			each	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All
ZZRS085	Major Pressure Boundary: Tuck under garage, repair to interior pressure boundary			each	Repair Structure	1-4 unit	All

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Weatherization Readiness Report captures the following information:

- Building ID
- WAP Intake Date
- Street Address
- City
- State
- ZIP Code
- Building Type
- Year Built
- Fuel Type
- Total Remediation Cost
- Non-WAP Funding Source Used
- Non-WAP Funding Amt
- WXR Funding Amt
- Date Deferred
- Date WX Ready
- Completion Date
- Issue or Action Needed

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This worksheet should be completed as specified in Section III of the Weatherization Assistance Program Application Package.

V.1 Eligibility

V.1.1 Approach to Determining Client Eligibility

Provide a description of the definition of income used to determine eligibility

Owners and renters with income levels up to 60% of the State Median Income may receive services. Priority is given to households with children under 6, elderly or disabled members, and households with a high energy burden.

Describe what household eligibility basis will be used in the Program

Wisconsin adopted for its Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) eligibility; the same guidelines used statewide in the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP). A household is eligible for weatherization services when the Wisconsin Department of Administration, Division of Energy, Housing and Community Resources (DEHCR or 'Division') has certified the household to be eligible for LIHEAP, based on the following criteria from 10 CFR Part 440.22:

(a) A dwelling unit shall be eligible for weatherization assistance under this part if it is occupied by a family unit:

- (1) With an income at or below 200 percent of the poverty level determined in accordance with criteria established by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
- (2) Which contains a member who has received cash assistance payments under Title IV or XVI of the Social Security Act or applicable State or local law at any time during the 12month period preceding the determination of eligibility for weatherization assistance; or
- (3) If the State elects, is eligible for assistance under the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981, provided that such basis is at least 200 percent of the poverty level determined in accordance with criteria established by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

Income Verification

Wisconsin has a combined LIHEAP and WAP application intake process that provides all the applications for weatherization subgrantees. The Wisconsin Home Energy Assistance Program (WHEAP) income limit equaling 60% of State Median Income (SMI) is used to provide consistency of service and allow shared systems and programming for data collection, entry, and reporting. If a household is over 60% State Median Income (SMI) and ineligible for Energy Assistance but below 200% Federal Poverty Level (FPL), then they are eligible for Weatherization Services and referred to subgrantee. Since 60% SMI is very close to 200% FPL in WI, this applies to a very small number of households. The Division has established written policies, incorporated in the Weatherization Program Manual, which set forth procedures to determine dwelling unit priority [440.16]. Written policies cover income eligibility, determination of rental property eligibility, and assurance of tenant benefit from weatherization services. An energy audit must be completed within 12 months from the certification date, or the eligibility of the household needs to be reestablished by reapplying for WHEAP. Wisconsin complies with all household and building eligibility criteria outlined in 10 CFR 440.22.

Describe the process for ensuring qualified aliens are eligible for weatherization benefits

Noncitizen applicants to the LIHEAP program in Wisconsin are determined to be either eligible noncitizens or ineligible noncitizens. Eligibility for noncitizens is determined based on an individual's lawful status in the United States as defined by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). Only Eligible Noncitizens are eligible for LIHEAP and the Wisconsin Weatherization Assistance Program.

In order to be defined an Eligible Noncitizen, an individual must have a valid Social Security Number (SSN) issued by the Social Security Administration, which passes the verification system in the Home Energy Plus (HE+) System. The HE+ System verifies the SSN of all household members through the Social Security Administration using the Master Customer Index database administered by the State of Wisconsin Department of Health Services. In addition to a valid SSN, the individual's lawful status must be one of the eligible statuses listed in the WHEAP Operations Manual, Section 2.2.4 Student Status and WHEAP Eligibility. Applicants are required to provide nonexpired documentation which validates their lawful status in the United States.

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Individuals who do not have a valid SSN and/or immigration status are marked as Ineligible Non-citizens and are not eligible for either program.

V.1.2 Approach to Determining Building Eligibility

Procedures to determine that units weatherized have eligibility documentation

The Division has established written policies, incorporated in the Weatherization Program Manual, which set forth procedures such as verifying ownership, denying or deferring services, and using Weatherization Assistant, to determine building eligibility.

The combined LIHEAP and WAP application intake process provides all the applications for weatherization subgrantees, applying the client eligibility guidelines as described in Section V.1.1.

To be eligible for weatherization, both the building and the household(s) residing in the building unit(s) must meet HE+ program eligibility criteria. Household eligibility is established by a WHEAP provider through a completed HE+ Energy Assistance application. At the time an applicant's HE+ application is approved, the address reported on the HE+ application is referred for Weatherization services. Referrals for Weatherization services extend for 12 months following the date of the approved HE+ application. If an HE+ eligible household moves, the Weatherization referral does not automatically carry to the new address. The household may re-apply during the same program year to determine eligibility for Weatherization assistance at the new address by completing an HE+ application through the local agency. All applications must contain current, complete, and accurate information based on the date of the application.

There are two eligibility stages, and both are contingent upon the household remaining at the address for which the initial eligibility was established.

Stage 1: The household is eligible for weatherization services for one year from the WHEAP application date, contingent upon building eligibility. During this one-year time period, an energy audit shall be completed or the eligibility of the household for weatherization shall be re-established by re-applying for WHEAP.

Stage 2: The completed energy audit date is the start of the Stage 2 time period. The unit shall be reported as completed within one year of this date. If a building is vacated while work is in progress during Stage 2, the Agency may contact the [HE+ Help Desk](#) for guidance on expensing and reporting incomplete units.

When **any** DOE funds are used:

1. 66 percent or more (50 percent or more for duplexes and 4-unit buildings) of the units in the building must be occupied by eligible households; or
2. 66 percent or more of the units will be occupied by eligible households within 180 days under a federal, state, or local government program for rehabilitating the building or making similar improvements to the building. The Agency shall receive approval from the Division prior to utilizing this qualification process. Contact the [HE+ Help Desk](#) to request permission.

All units required to meet the percentage amounts above shall be eligible before the energy audit is completed or the eligibility of the household shall be re-established by re-applying for WHEAP. If the multi-unit building is not eligible for weatherization, service to the entire building shall be denied.

Describe Reweathering compliance

Wisconsin has implemented the re-weatherization rolling option of fifteen years after the previous inspection date of a closed weatherization job.

The Division will use the HE+ WisWAP data system to track weatherization completion dates by address for DOE and LIHEAP for "weatherization" activities. The ability to re-weatherize a home will be determined by the data available in the HE+ system. The Home Energy Plus system has updated the functionality of Re-Weatherization. A building is eligible for re-weatherization if a current year HE+ application deems the household income eligible. Adding a Re-weatherization Cycle will be allowed on Buildings where the Job Completion Date is on or before 7/1/2007 for DOE funding. The Add Re-Wx Cycle ribbon action will be enabled (green) in the system. The ribbon action will be disabled (red) for a Job Completion Date after 7/1/2007.

- Using any fund source, including DOE funds, if the building was "weatherized" prior to the completion of the full 15 years (16th year).

Units previously weatherized may receive any additional measures as determined by an assessment utilizing DOE approved energy audit protocol. A Completed Unit has received all appropriate weatherization measures required by the energy audit and meets the following criteria: the building has passed a final inspection; the property owner, or the owner's authorized agent, has completed the owner sign-off document, or a good faith effort has been made to obtain the sign-off;

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and a completion date is entered on the associated HE+ System/WisWAP job.

Otherwise, a unit may only be re-weatherized if such dwelling unit has been damaged by fire, flood, or an act of nature and repair of the damage to weatherization materials is not paid for by insurance, per 440(18)(2)(ii). Also see V.9 Energy Crisis and Disaster Plan.

Describe what structures are eligible for weatherization

To be considered for weatherization, a dwelling must be a structure, including a stationary mobile home, apartment, group of rooms, or a single room occupied as separate living quarters (including historic properties), and qualified shelters or other group facilities. Government institutions, halfway houses, nursing homes, recreational vehicles (RVs), cars, trucks or tents are not eligible dwellings for weatherization services. Properties having only a commercial use are not eligible for weatherization. Properties fifty years old or older must be reviewed for possible historic status or features and shall be weatherized only in such a way as complies with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) Programmatic Agreement. Weatherization of a dwelling unit which is designated for acquisition or clearance by a Federal, State, or local program within 12 months from the completion date of weatherization is not allowed.

Describe how Rental Units/Multifamily Buildings will be addressed

Wisconsin has an extensive policy regarding the weatherization of rental property, including procedures to document that the tenant receives the benefits of weatherization [440.22(b)]. Owners of rental buildings containing two or more units may be required to contribute to the cost of weatherization [440.22(d)]. Language from the Wisconsin Weatherization Program Manual addresses the DOE requirements regarding limits on rent increases and undue enhancement. Renters are notified of the stipulations on rent increases. Compliance is monitored during the annual subgrantee administrative review.

Rental property owners must provide signature approval of work to be performed on a standardized Rental Work Agreement prior to commencement of work. Renters are provided a copy of the work agreement. The Division has established an arbitration procedure for disputes relating to violations of rental agreements. Tenants and property owners are notified of this process at the time of weatherization. As part of the rental agreement, landlords must agree to repayment of weatherization service for violations of the agreement [440.22(c)].

When DOE funds are used to weatherize multi-unit buildings, Wisconsin requires that 66 percent or more (50 percent for 2 and 4 unit buildings) of the dwelling units in the building are occupied by eligible applicants. Multi-family buildings that have 25 or more units are considered on a case-by-case basis and completion is managed by the local subgrantee with extensive oversight by the Division to ensure work completed meets all applicable federal requirements. Leveraged funds are used to weatherize multifamily buildings. Wisconsin does not plan to seek DOE approval for this housing type. However, Wisconsin does plan to engage in further conversation with Subject Matter Experts regarding multifamily weatherization on 5 – 24 unit buildings.

Describe the deferral Process

Wisconsin has a detailed policy and clear procedures for subgrantees to follow when deferral is necessary. Subgrantees are required to provide written notification of deferral within five working days upon decision to defer services and provide a reasonable timeframe for applicants to address the cause of the deferral. Reasons for deferral include structural or other issues that would limit the effectiveness or reduce the lifetime of measures (such as in a home needing a total roof system replacement). There are also health and safety reasons that may warrant deferral of a unit. Additional information on deferrals is found in the Health and Safety Plan (Attachment 9).

The following is documented in the Weatherization Policy Manual Section 3.6 and 3.6.1

Weatherization services shall be deferred when:

- The customer refuses major measures that cause the proposed cumulative Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) to drop below 1.0 for units with DOE funding.
- Occupant Pre-Existing Health Conditions: Agencies shall notify the customer that occupants with preexisting health conditions may be adversely affected by installed weatherization materials or measures. If an occupant may be sensitive to certain weatherization materials or measures. The Agency shall devise ways of installing materials to reduce exposure of the occupants so that weatherization work may be performed safely. Possible approaches may include temporary containment areas, HEPA filtered equipment, temporary removal or relocation of occupants that may be adversely affected, or alternative installation methods or materials that meet the specifications of the weatherization program.
- Repair measures cause the proposed cumulative SIR to drop below 1.0 for DOE funded units. Agencies shall then defer all services to the customer until the repair issue is addressed with other funds.
- A manager, or designee, shall review of health and safety costs \$5,000 or greater per unit indicates that an excessive proportion of the work to be

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- completed is not expected to generate energy savings,
- The building condition or occupants presents a serious crew safety concern.
 - There are no energy conservation measures to complete and/or the cumulative SIR is less than 1.0.
 - There are changes to household eligibility status.
 - The building is listed for sale, in foreclosure proceedings, or is foreclosed.

Pictures documenting the reason for deferral shall be part of the customer file record and uploaded to the HE+ System/WisWAP. Agencies shall create a building in the Home Energy Plus System/WisWAP reporting system, document the deferral status, and select the reason(s) for deferral. As shown in Table below, most deferral reasons require a notification letter be sent to the customer funds to address the reason for deferral. When planning to use Readiness Repair funds, mark the building as deferred.

Special conditions apply to asbestos deferrals and corrective action taken by the customer (WPN 22-7). See the Attachment 9, Health and Safety Plan for additional information.

Deferral Reasons and Notification Letters

Chemical or Combustion Hazard	Yes
Clutter/Restricted Access to Work Areas	Yes
Lead Paint Hazard	Yes
Moisture/Mold	Yes
Possible Asbestos Containing Material	Yes
Repair to Structure	Yes
Sewage/Animal Feces	Yes
Vermin/Pests	Yes
Other	Yes

Deferral Notification Requirements

Upon the decision to defer weatherization program services, the customer shall be notified in writing within five working days based on Table above. The notification shall be sent by mail or hand delivered. Agencies shall continue to make appropriate referrals to any programs available to assist customers in resolving the deferral issue(s).

The Deferral of Service Notification letter template is available in the HE+ System/WisWAP. Agencies are to customize the letter to the applicant. A copy of the Agency’s appeal procedure is included with the notification.

The notice shall include the reason for the deferral, and the means by which the customer can rectify the situation so the weatherization measures can be performed. The requirements for rectifying the deferral shall be reasonable and appropriate to the severity of the situation being addressed. The Agency shall provide the customer a reasonable timeframe to correct the identified issue.

Any eligible customer that complies fully with these requirements shall be reinstated in the Agency’s work system so weatherization work can progress as soon as reasonably possible. There is no time extension for the eligibility period due to a deferral. If the unit cannot be reported as complete within the eligibility period, the customer must reapply for WHEAP, and they do not retain their priority.

Additional Information can be found in Attachment 9, Health and Safety Plan, and the Deferral Notification Template that is customized by the subgrantee and sent to the household.

Wisconsin Weatherization Readiness Fund

Wisconsin will use the DOE Weatherization Readiness Fund (Readiness) to address necessary repairs in 1-4 site-built units (that have been deferred from

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receiving weatherization services. Funds will be allocated consistent with T&TA as the formula for distribution to the subgrantee network. Readiness repair services will be tracked in the Home Energy Plus (HE+) data system. The System tracks budget and repair activities within the same grant award.

DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS: Wisconsin was allocated \$1,069,722 and it will be divided between the subgrantee agencies for use in across Wisconsin in conjunction with Formula and DOE BIL weatherization jobs.

Grantee	Readiness
ADVOCAP, INC.	49,833.00
Ashland County Housing Authority	48,112.00
Rock/Walworth Comm. Action	47,907.00
CAP Services, Inc	39,410.00
Central Wisconsin CAC, INC	38,552.00
Partners for Comm Dev Inc	98,470.00
Hartford Comm Development Authority	20,165.00
La Casa de Esperanza	160,003.00
NEWCAP, Inc.	74,253.00
North Central CAP, Inc.	83,590.00
Outagamie County Hsg Auth	28,618.00
Project Home	39,801.00
Racine/Kenosha CAA	74,609.00
Southwestern Wisconsin CAP	19,808.00
West Central Wisconsin CAP	62,128.00
Western Dairyland EOC	41,964.00
CouleeCAP	41,361.00
CR-SDC	101,138.00
TOTAL	\$ 1,069,722.00

MAXIMUM COST PER UNIT: The maximum cost per unit for DOE Readiness funds will be \$6,000. Higher amounts will be allowed with Division approval. This is separate from the weatherization and H&S measures and not included in the Average Cost Per Unit (ACPU).

BRAIDING FUNDS: Whenever possible and appropriate, Wisconsin will work to braid WRF with LIHEAP and Public Benefits funding from other sources (Public benefits, LIHEAP) to augment these funds as appropriate.

MONITORING OF UNITS: Agencies will inspect all units receiving Readiness funding and the Division, or designated vendor, will inspect a minimum of 5%, consistent with our established monitoring protocol.

REPORTING: Deferred jobs and jobs that come out of deferral, are tracked in our data system and units that receive Readiness will be captured by a specific code and funding sources. Reporting to DOE will take place as required.

REPORTING CATEGORIES:

Customers will be qualified through the data system and are incorporated into our regular tracking:

The following items are currently tracked and will continue to be tracked:

- Client #
- Address Location
- Client Ranking
- Housing type
- Year built (if available)
- Specific repairs
- Date of Application
- Deferral notification to client
- Date of Remediation
- Cost of Remediation

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ELIGIBLE MEASURES: NATURE OF REPAIRS NEEDED WHICH PROHIBIT WEATHERIZATION. Where applicable, multiple repairs or remediation reasons for a single building may be addressed.

Reason Deferred
• Chemical or Combustion Hazard
• Clutter/Restricted Access to Work Area
• Lead Paint Hazard
• Moisture/Mold
• Other
• Possible Asbestos Containing Material
• Repair: Roof, Ceiling, Walls, Floor, Foundation, Plumbing, Electrical, Exterior drainage
• Sewage/Animal Feces
• Vermin/Pests

All households must be determined to be Home Energy Plus eligible for program year 2023-2024 prior to the time of work being completed. Agencies may review their deferral lists and consider homes that have been deferred in the past if the household has an eligible application. Program income-eligibility (new HE+ WHEAP application) may need to be verified again, depending on the last date of eligibility (Stage 1). A new HE+ Energy Assistance application and energy audit may need to be conducted if the one-year window has lapsed (Stage 2).

Repairs may include, but are not limited to, electrical upgrades, replacement of knob-and-tube wiring, plumbing repair, removal of pests or clutter, correcting moisture or standing water issues (including installation of gutters/downspouts), ceiling, roof repair and roof sheathing (structural skin of the roof system) and sheathing weather exposure protection, (not a full roof structure replacement). Tuck under garages, or pressure boundary repair.

1. Reporting and tracking will be completed using Weatherization Assistant and the HE+ System/WisWAP. Repairs will be modeled into Weatherization Assistant using the Readiness repair code(s) (ZZ codes) in HE+ reporting system.
2. All repair and weatherization work shall be completed within the Stage 2 time period.
3. Agencies shall follow the same customer eligibility requirements, reporting, Standard Work Specifications, contractual obligations, insurance, lead and asbestos safe work and required certifications for workers, and operational directives, including procurement standards that are in place for the Wisconsin WAP.
4. All work performed shall meet any local building codes and obtain any municipality required permits as applicable. Materials and appliances shall be installed to meet Product Manufacturer Instructions (PMI).
5. HE+ System/WisWAP documentation shall include before and after photos, list of work and measures completed, job estimates (bids) and actual expense bills (invoices) for labor/materials/permits.
6. DOE Readiness Funds may be used to address unforeseen repairs on eligible in-progress jobs. If the added cost under basic repairs (ZR code) drops the cumulative SIR to less than one, the Weatherization Readiness Funds can be used. The Agency shall rerun the WA audit and enter itemized costs for those selected Readiness repairs with the ZZ code category using Readiness funds as a funding source. The audit will then be imported into HE+ System/WisWAP.
7. Work orders and the customer work agreement shall detail work specifications for any Readiness repair measures completed using the readiness funding ZZ codes.
8. Agency weatherization and licensed professional staff may complete the readiness repairs. Agencies that do not have licensed professionals will procure those services as required by code.

PROCESS: DOE Weatherization Readiness Funds can only be used on homes that will contain at least one DOE measure and will be DOE eligible following the deferral correction:

1. Normally, deferrals are identified at the time of the assessment when someone goes to the home. For a new client that is being assessed for Weatherization services, if there are serious issues identified that are beyond the scope of eligible conservation and H&S recommendations utilizing the

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funds available, this home would be categorized as Deferred until the deficiency is corrected. These clients have been identified following the normal prioritization and wait list process so this should continue to be followed.

2. Subgrantees that have a wait list of deferred homes in the service area, should consider immediately the potential for Weatherization Readiness funds to get them in the queue for weatherization services. Clients should be contacted and scheduled for assessment at the earliest opportunity.
3. The subgrantee shall create a scope, contract for services, or engage with a crew to do the work so that the building would then be eligible for weatherization work. Readiness work needs to utilize Weatherization Readiness Fund repair measure (ZZ Repair codes) in the client file.
4. When the Readiness work is complete, the client will sign off on a list of the repairs completed and then should be scheduled as soon as possible for weatherization services.
5. Client files for each job are expected to contain the intake, measure, cost, and inspection information for Readiness.
6. Repair completed using these readiness funds shall correct the issue(s) of deferral and allow weatherization services to proceed. Agencies shall evaluate the energy savings potential in the use of these funds.
7. Repairs using the DOE Readiness Funds ZZ repair code are limited to one to four units and does not apply to mobile homes.
8. Readiness funds shall not be used for housing rehabilitation, restoration, remodeling, building additions, accessibility improvements, or enlarging the pressure boundary. These funds will not address all reasons for deferral and buildings may still need to be deferred if they exceed the scope and policy of the funding.

V.1.3 Definition of Children

Definition of children (below age): **6**

V.1.4 Approach to Tribal Organizations

Recommend tribal organization(s) be treated as local applicant?

If YES, Recommendation. If NO, Statement that assistance to low-income tribe members and other low-income persons is equal.

The Division provides weatherization services to eligible Native American households both on and off reservations [440.16(f)]. Where a Tribal household is in alignment with the DOE priority definition, the Tribal referrals shall be given priority for service by weatherization subgrantees. Off reservation households of Native Americans will be served by local subgrantees in that service area according to the same prioritization as non-Native households.

V.2 Selection of Areas to Be Served

Weatherization services are provided on a statewide basis. Funding allocations among the subgrantees [440.15(b)] are made according to a population weighted degree-day formula, shown below, which complies with the requirement to allocate based on relative need. The formula is used to determine overall agency funding except for Training and Technical Assistance (T&TA). Any additional DOE funds received during the year will be allocated to local subgrantees according to the same formula. The allocation formula is:

$CDD \times CPH \times 100 = \text{County allocation SCDDH percentage where:}$

- CDD is the average county degree days
- CPH is the county persons eligible for Low Income Home Energy Assistance (LIHEAP)
- SCDDH is the sum of the county degree days multiplied by LIHEAP eligible households

The three agencies selected for formula funding are of sufficient size to absorb this level of funding and have a demonstrated history of success in expending DOE funding and meeting their unit goals. These agencies have also historically been able receive additional DOE funding through reallocation from other agencies.

V.3 Priorities

The State of Wisconsin requires subgrantees to prioritize weatherization services to the elderly, disabled persons, households with children under six years old and households with a high energy burden [440.16(b)]. Eligible households are assigned a priority identification number and added to a referral list maintained

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by the Division. The priority identification number is generated based on factors including the household energy burden, and whether the household includes members that are elderly, disabled, or under six years old. The referral list is updated weekly and available to subgrantees electronically. Subgrantees select referrals from the list based on priority identification number and actual energy use data (when available).

Referrals are prioritized by energy burden and additionally by vulnerable household member. A list of potential weatherization households prioritized based on the following formula: (Sum of WHEAP heating and electric benefit amounts) + (Sum of DOE priority household categories). The priority is only relevant for that week’s extraction. The household will be reprioritized in subsequent extractions. The Division would need to capture priority ID when the building is created to report. Additional guidance is needed from DOE for report parameters. Not all units with high energy burden will be weatherized due to potential of deferral or the household declining weatherization.

What is the metric for reporting? How many homes get wx that have a high energy burden? Is there a threshold for high energy burden? The value changes with each extraction and modifications to the data management system would be required.

Reporting metric is not defined by DOE. The energy burden will change with each extraction. More guidance is needed from DOE.

V.4 Climatic Conditions

The Köppen climate classifications for Wisconsin are Dfb and Dfa, denoting a humid continental climate with cold winters and warm (northern) to hot (southern) summers. Bordering Wisconsin are two Great Lakes, Superior along the north and Michigan along the east, both of which have major influences on the overall climate. Windy conditions are frequent with average speeds falling between 5-18 mph 75% of the time and are also influenced by the Great Lakes. The coldest winds come from the northwest in the winter and many homes limit the number of windows facing this direction. Seasonal temperatures range from average lows of -10°F to -30°F in winter to average highs of 75°F –to 85°F in the summer. Extreme cold temperatures in the north have been measured at -40°F and colder. Extreme summer temperatures in the south can reach 100°F or hotter. Although heating dominates the energy needs for Wisconsin homes, weatherization measures have an impact on the smaller cooling loads seen in most of the state.

The wide variance of climatic conditions is addressed by the Wisconsin weatherization program through the use of heating degree days (HDD) for energy savings and weather factors for ventilation. Hourly HDD data is collected monthly from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) for twenty-one Wisconsin weather stations and is used to normalize consumption to typical or average annual HDD for each station. Subgrantee energy auditors are instructed to use the weather station closest to the building unit address.

Wisconsin Normal Heating Degree Days

Fifteen Year Average by Weather Station, 2008 – 2022

City	HDD	City	HDD	City	HDD
Antigo	8900	Lone Rock	6986	Phillips	8638
Appleton	7538	Madison	6994	Rhineland	8691
Ashland	8712	Manitowoc	7493	Rice Lake	8250
Eau Claire	7828	Marshfield	8018	Sturgeon Bay	7622
Green Bay	7405	Milwaukee	6560	Watertown	7112
Janesville	6539	Mosinee	8243	Wausau	8019
La Crosse	6971	Oshkosh	7285	Woodruff	8451

V.5 Type of Weatherization Work to Be Done

V.5.1 Technical Guides and Materials

Subgrantees shall, in a satisfactory manner, perform program activities according to the "Weatherization Assistance for Low Income Persons Program" regulations pursuant to Part A, U.S.C. 6861-6872 of Title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act, Pub. L94-385, 90 Stat. Et. Seq: Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 440 (published in the Federal Register), Friday, December 8, 2000, Vol. 65 No. 237.

Wisconsin uses the Wisconsin Weatherization Program Manual and the Wisconsin Weatherization Field Guide to pass along to its subgrantees policies and procedures to be followed. These documents and additional information are located on the Division’s Home Energy Plus website at

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<https://energyandhousing.wi.gov/Pages/Home.aspx>. The Division also issues periodic policy updates and other guidance through Informational Transmittals to subgrantees. Wisconsin does not use DOE funds for mobile home weatherization.

A balanced combination of energy conservation techniques will be utilized in compliance with DOE regulations [440.14(c)(3)]. Since July 1, 2012, major measures are selected by a computerized energy audit which has been approved by DOE. Typical work includes instrumented air sealing, attic and sidewall insulation, refrigerator replacement, electric water heater conversion, furnace replacements when necessary, and lighting replacement with Energy Star® qualified LED light bulbs (approved 6/12/2018). Spray foam insulation and increased lifetimes were approved as part of the 3/2/2021 supplemental energy audit approval. WI's 2018 energy audit renewal reveals that sufficient supporting documentation was received to approve its (spray foam (2-part)) use at that time. DOE/SMS was to add spray foam as insulation to WI's updated energy audit approval.

Allowable expenditures are established to meet the requirements of 10 CFR Part 440.18. All work is performed according to DOE approved energy audit procedures and the Standard Work Specifications (SWS) outlined in [WPN 22-4, Section 1](#). All materials and specifications are met per the standards set forth in 10 CFR 440, Appendix A. All Subgrantee agreements and vendor contracts, will contain language which clearly documents the SWS specifications for work quality.

WPN 22-4, Sec on 1: Definition of Work Quality Guidelines and Standards

All measures and incidental repairs performed on client homes must meet the specifications provided in the Weatherization Program Manual and Weatherization Field Guide. The current versions of these guidance documents are available on the Home Energy Plus website:

<https://energyandhousing.wi.gov/Pages/AgencyResources/weatherization.aspx>

Wisconsin reviewed and revised the Weatherization Field Guide to ensure all standards meet or exceed the minimum standards in the relevant SWS requirements as required by WPN 22-4 Section 1.

The Field Guide received approval from DOE in April 2021 and it was finalized in August 2021, to comply with the appropriate SWS for each procedure. Wisconsin's Request for Bid templates include a requirement that subgrantees ensure contractor agreements are tied to program requirements contained in technical guides and materials. Wisconsin's Field Guide is currently being reviewed and revised to align with the recent SWS changes. The sump pit approved waiver is included in the Health and Safety Plan - Attachment 9.z

DOE funds are not used for mobile homes. MH references are made through out the Field Guide as they pertain to Mobile Homes.

WPN 22-4 Section 1: Communication of Guidelines and Standards

All subgrantee agreements and contracts contain language which requires that work performed meets the technical specifications for field work provided in the Weatherization Program Manual and Weatherization Field Guide. The Grantee contract requires subgrantees install allowable weatherization measures per the Wisconsin Weatherization Program Manual, and federal and state regulations (Article 5. Scope of Work). All work is being performed in accordance with DOE-approved audit procedures (see V.4.2 below) and 10 CFR 440 Appendix A.

Grantees must provide language to be included in Subgrantee contracts that outlines the expectations for work quality and instructs the Subgrantee to include these expectations in any contracts entered into with contractors and vendors.

The following statement is included in the subgrantee contract:

“The Sub-grantee shall supply or provide all necessary personnel, equipment, materials and supplies, to install allowable weatherization and energy conservation measures in eligible low-income households per the Wisconsin Weatherization Assistance Program Manual, the Home Energy Plus Furnace Program Manual, and the Wisconsin Weatherization Field Guide, and in compliance with applicable federal and state regulations as identified in the SWS specifications for work quality outlined in [WPN 22-4, Section 1](#). All work is performed in accordance to the DOE-approved energy audit procedures and [10 CFR 440 Appendix A](#)”

Wisconsin Weatherization Program Manual clarifies that subgrantees are required to identify and provide the applicable technical standards and specifications in every procurement action. In addition, Request for Bid templates used by subgrantees to ensure that contract agreements are tied to program requirements and the related Standard Work Specifications (SWS) is incorporated into program documents. These updates are communicated each year to all subgrantees via e-mail at in-person network meetings and events. Wisconsin will continue the process of cross-walking the Standard Work Specification updates with program documents to prepare for implementation of any necessary changes in Program Year 2023/24. The next content update to the SWS is SWS v.2025. The Weatherization Operators of Wisconsin, its subcommittee the Hudson Group, and the Division's Ad Hoc Work Groups will continue to provide input to proposed policy changes.

Updates to the Weatherization Program Manual are made annually and the Weatherization Field Guide as required based on SWS changes. The documents are distributed electronically to all subgrantees via broadcast informational transmittal and published on the Home Energy Plus website on or before July 1. A

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signature on the weatherization contract will serve as proof of receipt.

The Division provides follow-up and clarification upon request through our Help Desk (via e-mail and telephone), through broadcast informational transmittal sent to all subgrantees, and at Weatherization Operators of Wisconsin organization meetings. The Division also conducts monthly calls with the weatherization subgrantees to address questions or concerns.

Field guide approval dates

Single Family: 6/12/2018, being updated to reflect the changes to SWS.

Manufactured Housing: N/A DOE funds are not used on this housing type

Multi-Family: N/A DOE funds are not used on this housing type.

Field guide types approval dates

Single-Family:
Manufactured Housing:
Multi-Family:

V.5.2 Energy Audit Procedures

Audit Procedures and Dates Most Recently Approved by DOE

Audit Procedure: Single-Family
Audit Name: NEAT
Approval Date:

Audit Procedure: Manufactured Housing
Audit Name:
Approval Date:

Audit Procedure: Multi-Family
Audit Name:
Approval Date:

Comments

<p>One to Four Unit Buildings</p> <p>Wisconsin models all 1-4 unit buildings with NEAT. Each energy conservation measure must have an SIR of at least 1.00 and the total job SIR must also be at least 1.0. The Division has developed uniform, validated NEAT databases (including enabled measures and set-up libraries) for 1 to 4-unit buildings. Subgrantees are required to use this data and an approved audit protocol to evaluate units and assure that program outcomes conform to DOE requirements. Subgrantees are required to follow the policies and procedures in the Wisconsin Weatherization Program Manual and Wisconsin Weatherization Assistant Guide, which includes detail on the measures that shall and shall not be included in the SIR calculation (see Weatherization Assistant Guide Chapter 4). Per WPN 19-4, Wisconsin will De-rate Heating/Cooling Systems following the derating formula: Degraded Efficiency = (Base EFF) * .99 age Where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Base EFF = Typical efficiency of Pre-Retrofit equipment when new (Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio (SEER), Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER), or Heating Seasonal Performance Factor (HSPF)) • Age = Age of equipment in years. <p>DOE is currently reviewing the Energy Audit that is due to expire in June 2023.</p> <p>Manufactured Housing</p>

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Wisconsin uses MHEA (Version 8.11.0.1) to model manufactured homes if a bulk fuel or electricity is the primary space heating fuel. In July 2015 Wisconsin discontinued the use of MHEA for auditing natural gas manufactured homes and began using a measures list program model. The measures list was developed based on extensive analysis of actual energy savings data from Wisconsin's Self Evaluation Savings studies, and a comparison of MHEA estimated costs to actual reported costs for the most recent program year. Only leveraged funds are used to weatherize manufactured homes. Leveraged funds are used to weatherize manufactured housing. Wisconsin does not plan to seek DOE approval of our audit protocol for this housing type. Wisconsin does require the use of MHEA for mobile homes heated with bulk fuels or electricity.

Multifamily

Only leveraged funds are used to weatherize multifamily buildings (5-24 units) and Wisconsin does not currently plan to seek DOE approval of our audit protocol for this housing type. In the event DOE funds would be proposed for weatherizing multifamily buildings in the future, those building's energy audit (including data collection forms and ASHRAE calculations) will be submitted to DOE for approval on a case by case (building by building) basis.

V.5.3 Final Inspection

A final inspection is performed by subgrantee staff on every unit prior to reporting the unit as completed [440.16(g)]. Generally, the final inspection will not be performed by the person who did the initial energy audit of a property. In all cases the final inspection is performed by someone other than staff who performed the weatherization work. The Division recommends subgrantees to perform "real-time" final inspections, when possible, a process improvement initiative to have the final inspector onsite on the last day of scheduled crew work. This improves responsiveness and efficiency of program operations by allowing crew workers to immediately address unsatisfactory work. The client satisfaction/Feedback is located on page 2 of the DOE Quality Control Inspection form, Attachment 16.

WPN 22-4 - Section 2: Inspection and Monitoring of Work Using Guidelines and Standards

All subgrantee final inspections for job completions reported in PY 2016 and beyond are performed by certified Quality Control Inspectors as outlined in WPN 22-4 Section 2. Wisconsin has implemented a Grantee Developed Quality Control Inspection Policy to ensure compliance with WPN 22-4.

Final inspections shall be completed on every unit. The final inspection shall be performed after the completion of any callbacks and before the owner or authorized agent and final inspector signs off on the Completion Certificate. All final inspections of units completed using DOE funds shall be performed by a certified Quality Control Inspector (QCI). [The Home Energy Plus DOE QCI Form shall be completed, uploaded to the HE+ System and kept with the customer file for all units where any DOE funds are used.](#) The Final Inspection Form and photos shall be completed for each building and uploaded to the HE+ System/WisWAP.

Whenever feasible, final inspections shall be completed by individuals who did not audit the building. In all cases, the final inspection shall not be completed by an individual involved in the installation of the weatherization measures on the inspected unit.

Wisconsin is fortunate to have enough certified QCI professionals in the subgrantee network so that the certified QCI performing the final inspection does not perform the initial energy audit.

QCI: As of March 2023, Wisconsin has at least 56 QCI certified staff in the Weatherization Assistance Program network: 43 subgrantee staff, 5 Division Staff and 4 employees of State of Wisconsin subcontractor (Slipstream) and 4 program subcontractors that complete final inspections and monitoring visits (see Section V.8.3 Monitoring Activities). The Division's goal is to maintain at least two certified QCI on staff at each subgrantee. QCI trainings, continuing education unit (CEU) activities, and relevant exam proctoring is being provided by Slipstream (see Section V.8.4 Training and Technical Assistance Approach and Activities), an IREC accredited training provider and BPI Test Center.

The Division will be monitoring certification through the BPI website and certification dates provided by subgrantee staff to validate QCI credentials. Inadequate inspection practices will be identified by either the Division Quality Assurance or Slipstream staff during monitoring visits (see Section V.8.3 Monitoring Activities). Disciplinary actions for inadequate inspection practices will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis. When disciplinary action is warranted, the subgrantee will be required to develop and implement a corrective action plan to address and correct the finding(s).

Attachment F of the Sub-grantee contract identifies that the Division, "reserves the right to suspend payment of funds if required reports are not provided to the Division on a timely basis, if performance of contracted activities is not evidenced or if Sub-Grantee is not responding within a reasonable time to issues identified through Quality Assurance visits, Administrative Reviews, or other oversight activities. The Division further reserves the right to suspend payment of funds under this Agreement if there are deficiencies related to the required reports, or if performance of contracted activities is not evidenced on other Contracts between the Division and the Sub-Grantee in whole or in part.

The Grantee's management and financial capability including, but not limited to, audit results and performance, may be taken into consideration in

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any or all future determinations by the Division including withholding payment or terminating this Agreement.”

V.6 Weatherization Analysis of Effectiveness

Quality assurance is the ongoing process of verifying that completed program work meets clear, measurable expected outcomes as established by program standards. Every weatherized unit receives a comprehensive inspection before the owner signs off on the completed work. The Division continually gathers and analyzes data on housing types, frequency of measures installed, costs of installed measures and the direct effect of the installed measures. Much of the data is provided directly by subgrantees in the individual job reports completed in the Wisconsin WAP online reporting database. At least five percent, and up to 10 percent, of completed units are inspected and reviewed in monitoring inspections completed by Division staff and contractors. Using this data, Division Quality Assurance staff select units for monitoring to ensure the onsite monitoring visits provide the best opportunities to review measures that may need improvement at a local level and to review jobs that may have higher measure costs. During the onsite visits, customers are interviewed to verify customers' understanding of completed work and assess their level of satisfaction with the work performed. The data accumulated from these evaluations are used to continually improve training curriculums and to adjust audit protocols, work standards, and procurement specifications.

The Division contracts with Slipstream for independent and objective evaluation of program processes and outcomes. The Self Evaluation Savings (SES) study conducted at least biennially provides critical data on the projected energy and monetary savings of weatherization work performed. Utility bill information from approximately 10,000 households is analyzed in comparison with HE+ data regarding measures installed in thousands of weatherized units. Utility information for income qualified households not yet weatherized is utilized to control for weather and other nonprogram effects. Through this study, the Division can analyze trends in savings over multiple years and compare energy savings and measure costs among the subgrantees. The SES assists in assessing program effectiveness, directing policy decisions, identifying best practices being used at some subgrantees and targeting training and technical assistance resources.

Communication is an essential part of the quality improvement process. The Division participates with subgrantees in a variety of venues including the state association for Community Action Agencies (WISCAP), Weatherization Operators of Wisconsin (WOW), and the Hudson group (a WOW subcommittee comprised mainly of energy auditors, QCI and production managers from subgrantee weatherization programs). These groups encourage open discussion regarding ways to improve low income weatherization services and provide a setting to inform grantees of program modifications. The Division supports the formation of monthly network call, WOW meetings, focus groups or Ad Hoc Work Groups to support the development of policy and implementation of energy related technologies. These groups provide technical support and data to evaluate proposals and assess measure implementation.

The Division holds monthly network calls and participates in the WOW meetings to provide updates and engage with the network on potential policy changes, training updates, quality assurance activities, and funding levels.

Diversity, Equity, Inclusion

The Division and the subgrantee network are committed to advancing equity for all, including people of color and others who have been historically underserved, marginalized, and adversely affected by persistent poverty and inequality. Projects include:

- Marketing and outreach materials (poster and brochure) have been redesigned to foster a welcoming and inclusive environment. Each year, Brochures are translated to Spanish and Hmong.
- Braided and leveraged funding allows the flexibility to install additional repairs or measures that advance equity in historically disadvantaged communities.
- The management training plan provides workshops on diversity, equity and inclusion to support awareness among the network.
- The Field Guide is translated to Spanish language and will be updated as necessary.
- A Combustion Safety training module is being developed (BPI 1200) in Spanish and will include a resource document in Spanish.

V.7 Health and Safety

Wisconsin's Health and Safety Plan is included in PAGE as Attachment 9.

A Health and Safety Checklist is required for each occupied unit in 1 to 4-unit buildings. Current language in the in the Health and Safety checklist addresses Radon. The document is being reviewed to align with new language from WPN 22-7. The Health and Safety checklist is attached and includes a customer sign off stating they have received the Radon pamphlet and have read the Health and Safety checklist sheet. Health and Safety Checklist is included as Attachment 11. The Heating System Checklist is included as Attachment 10.

The average of \$1750 includes all H&S expenditures across all funding. It does include equipment replacements. 6-8

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Pollutants present in a house that may pose a risk to workers shall be removed by the occupants prior to the start of the weatherization work on the home. Workers may remove no more than 2 small vessels no larger than 5 gallons each containing flammable materials or hazardous chemicals.

COVID19

Communicable Diseases (COVID-19)

Communicable diseases, also known as infectious diseases or transmissible diseases, are illnesses that result from the infection, presence, and growth of pathogenic (capable of causing disease) biologic agents in an individual human or other animal host. Infections may range in severity from asymptomatic (without symptoms) to severe and fatal.

- **Each Agency shall monitor the spread and transmission of COVID-19 metrics within their service territory and take appropriate actions to protect the health and safety of weatherization customers and staff. State-wide communicable disease surveillance and control activities in Wisconsin are coordinated by the Division of Public Health, Bureau of Communicable Diseases.**
- **The Agency shall develop an Operations Plan following [WAP Memorandum 067](#) Guidance that addresses work practices and PPE equipment necessary to reduce the risk of worker exposure in the workplace (office, shop, warehouse, customer homes, etc.).**

V.8 Program Management

V.8.1 Overview and Organization

The Division contracts with Community Action Agencies and a variety of public and nonprofit entities to deliver weatherization services. Some of these subgrantees also administer housing programs such as CDBG and HOME funded programs (including rehab and first-time homebuyer). This results in a comprehensive set of services being offered to the state's low income customers. In addition to the Low Income Weatherization Assistance Program, the Division also houses the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program and an Emergency Program Services (Heating and water heating appliances), along with the Low Income Household Water Assistance Program (LIHWAP). Together, these three low income assistance programs comprise the Home Energy Plus programs. The Division also maintains close working relationships with the state's utilities to ensure coordination of services between programs offered by utilities and the state's Weatherization Assistance Program. The Division does not serve as the SEP office. SEP is under the Public Service Commission.

The Division retains staff to conduct monitoring of contracts, perform field inspections of projects, and provide technical assistance and oversight to subgrantees. The Low Income Energy Advisory Committee (LIEAC) is established to meet the requirements of 440.17. As required by 440.17(a) (1,2,3), membership is selected for special qualifications and sensitivity to the problems of low income persons, including their weatherization and energy conservation needs. Membership is also broadly representative of organizations and subgrantees, including consumer groups that represent low income persons in their area – particularly the elderly, disabled, and Native Americans. The committee has responsibility for advising the Division on the development and implementation of its Weatherization Assistance Program.

The Division Organizational Chart is attached to this application. Attachment 8

V.8.2 Administrative Expenditure Limits

Administrative expenditures are limited to 15% of the total DOE Grant allocation and is split 7.5% to State Administration and 7.5% to subgrantee administration.

V.8.3 Monitoring Activities

Monitoring is completed to assure that subgrantees are operating the program according to DOE rules and regulations and policies established by the Division,

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and to determine local training needs. The monitoring activities described in this plan apply to DOE funded activities.

The Division's Quality Assurance (QA) Section staff, or Slipstream, the Inspection Contractor, conducts monitoring of subgrantees. The in-house QA Section includes, one lead technical assistant, three technical assistance monitors, two program and policy analysts that support staff and the section chief. The Section Chief, lead technical assistant and three Quality Assurance monitors receive the following trainings and related certifications:

- Lead Safe Weatherization
- Lead Renovator
- Asbestos Operations and Maintenance and/ or Asbestos Supervisor
- Weatherization Assistant training
- Quality Control Inspector

The QCI Form used by sub-grantees is not used by state or Slipstream staff. Specific measure details are captured in the HE+ system. The checklist used to confirm compliance is provided as Attachment 17, Building File Review Checklist, under SF424 in PAGE.

Training and Technical Assistance (T&TA) funds pay for 4.90 QA Full Time Equivalent (FTE) positions. The Division uses Leveraging and Administrative Funds to pay for 2.35 QA FTE positions. The remaining Division QA FTE positions are paid with non-DOE funds from other sources.

Estimated travel costs for monitoring efforts will be funded by T&TA funds. The estimated travel costs for monitoring and technical assistance efforts for July 1, 2023 – June 30, 2024, is approximately \$45,100. The remaining portion of expenses will be paid out of non-DOE funds.

The Division is responsible for monitoring and oversight of work performed by subgrantees and will visit each subgrantee at least annually. More frequent QA monitoring will be performed if quality issues are discovered during visits.

Quality Control Inspectors (QCI) working for, or contracted by DEHCR, possess the knowledge, skills and abilities outlined in the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) Job Task Analysis (JTA) for Quality Control Inspectors. QA staff also provide onsite technical assistance. Supplemental technical assistance includes topics such as working safely on homes with lead or asbestos, forced air heating systems, boilers, procurement, process improvement, air sealing, mobile home weatherization, ventilation, and OSHA construction safety trainings. The QA section includes individuals with extensive experience managing subgrantee weatherization programs, and with building science, construction engineering or architectural backgrounds.

All subgrantee final inspections for job completions reported in PY 2016 and beyond are performed by certified Quality Control Inspectors as outlined in WPN 22-4 Section 2. Wisconsin has implemented a Grantee Developed Quality Control Inspection Policy to ensure compliance with WPN 22-4.

Wisconsin is fortunate to have certified QCI professionals in the subgrantee network so that the certified QCI performing the final inspection does not perform the initial energy audit. If needed, two options are available for final inspection procedures:

- Final Inspections are performed by a certified QCI professional who did not perform the initial energy audit and who was not a crew member who completed the weatherization work. Quality assurance monitoring will be performed on at least 5 percent of these completed units.
- Monitoring Final Inspections are performed on at least 10 percent of completed units where the final inspection for the building was conducted by the same Energy Auditor or QCI Inspector but who was not a crew member who completed the weatherization work. The Subgrantees shall notify the Division if this presents a problem due to the loss of a QCI staff member. Wisconsin does not anticipate this to occur. In the event it does, other non-DOE resources will be utilized to meet this DOE monitoring requirement.

The quality assurance monitors complete extensive file reviews on inspected units, and on additional other units. If significant deficiencies are discovered concerning health and safety violations, poor quality of material installation, or major measures missed, the Division will increase the number of units monitored or increase monitoring of subgrantee contract management practices as applicable until the deficiencies are remedied. Subgrantees that have significant deficiencies will be referred to receive Production Based Training or will be required to attend training activities provided through the Standard Training Plan or other specialized technical assistance to improve performance (see Section V.8.4). Required subgrantee staff qualifications and training are tracked by Slipstream, our T&TA subcontractor, and compliance is verified during Administrative Reviews by Division staff.

Comprehensive monitoring of subgrantees is conducted as a six part set of activities designed to fulfill the requirements of WPN 20-4. The combination of these monitoring activities, in conjunction with periodic report assessments, provides an in-depth look at all program components. Monitoring checklists and tools used by both Administrative Review (AR) and field monitoring staff are attached. The Division completes all six of these activities for each subgrantee:

1. Administrative and financial reviews.
2. Dwelling unit inspections.
3. Client file reviews.

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4. Agency Performance (Risk) Assessments
5. Training and technical support
6. QCI inspection process

Activity 1: Administrative and Financial Review

The Program and Financial Administrative Review (AR) covers the general operations of the subgrantee with a comprehensive examination of program, financial, and management practices and outcomes. The AR, combined with the subgrantee's own fiscal audit, gives the Division an overview of the subgrantee's administrative capacity and capability. This includes a review of:

- subgrantee financial management,
- accounting systems and operations,
- invoicing, purchasing and procurement procedures,
- inventory tracking,
- payroll and personnel,
- subcontractor management,
- vehicle and equipment list,
- health and safety policies,
- record retention,
- workflow and production,
- worker trainings and certifications,
- quality control procedures, and
- additional aspects of local program administration and organization.

Checks are made that financial procedure manuals exist and are followed, including a review of cost allocation plans. Desktop monitoring of HE+ System Weatherization reports, and reports submitted by the subgrantee in advance of the onsite administrative review, contribute to the overall information profile of the subgrantee. Attachments 18 and 19 are the questionnaires used for the Program and Financial Reviews.

Each subgrantee receives an annual monitoring evaluation by Division AR staff to review a sample of materials confirming they meet or exceed program specifications. AR staff check the subgrantee's purchasing records to confirm that appropriate documents are maintained demonstrating that the materials purchased meet or exceed specifications. For subgrantees that maintain a warehouse, a spot check of Safety Data Sheet (SDS) availability is completed.

Building Job File reviews for the Administrative Review are performed by the Division's Quality Assurance staff to allow for a comprehensive review of the technical items and audit modeling.

Activity 2: Dwelling Unit Inspections

Dwelling unit inspections review the quality and appropriateness of work (using criteria that align with the specifications outlined in WPN 22-4 Section 2), conduct an assessment of the original energy audit, assess the accuracy and completeness of the pre and post work inspections, and other onsite items. Dwelling unit inspections include both in-progress and completed units, with emphasis placed on in-progress units and repair items identified in the PAR or desktop file review. The Division will make additional onsite visits of work in-progress with all subgrantees to assess compliance with safe work practices, adherence to lead safe weatherization protocols, comprehensiveness of final inspections, and other applicable criteria.

The Division's subcontracted onsite QA inspections supplement the monitoring described above. The subcontractor, Slipstream, will submit a QA Inspection Worksheet, provide an extensive photo report of all weatherization work and any findings, and complete a Quality Satisfaction Survey with the customer on each inspected home. Quality Assurance (QA) monitors also complete extensive file reviews on every inspected unit, reconciling energy audit recommendations to the actual work completed and assessing the subgrantee's project management and internal Quality Control (QC) process. Reports prepared by the subcontractor will be used to assist the Weatherization QA Section in meeting Quality Assurance goals. Both Division inspections and subcontracted inspections are entered and compiled in the QA reporting database.

When a county has been determined to be below the 5% threshold and the subgrantee internal policy allows travel, regular onsite visits will begin as described in Wisconsin's approved Department of Energy (DOE) plan.

All required testing equipment will be calibrated and in good working order.

To keep monitoring distinctively different from training, the QCI inspection subcontractor will not offer coaching, guidance, or advice when trying to assess an agency's capabilities. The exception to this is when a unique situation is encountered, and the staff member states that the situation in question is something that

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would normally require outside guidance.

Follow up in-person monitoring may be required if multiple items are identified that contain Health and Safety concerns or repeated items have been identified.

The virtual inspection format is like an in-field inspection but limits the amount of personnel present during the onsite visit. When feasible, the Virtual Inspection will align with the Agency final inspection. It encompasses a comprehensive desktop review of all job documentation, from the intake to the final agency inspection. Anytime during the virtual or the desktop review, all identified health and safety issue(s) will be addressed immediately by the subgrantee and verified during the virtual inspection.

Virtual inspections will be conducted in times of a public health emergency. DOE approved Wisconsin's Virtual inspection process on February 10, 2021. The Division recognizes that virtual inspections are not ideal but may be necessary due to the ongoing pandemic. The approved procedures will be refined based on learned experiences and will only be used as necessary during PY23.

Virtual Quality Control Inspection (QCI) Workflow/Steps

1. State QA staff will select buildings that have been marked WX completed or in the stage of being completed in the Home Energy Plus (HE+) WisWap System
 - a. The buildings will be marked WX complete in the stage of being completed.
 - b. Buildings will contain DOE funding.
 - c. All required documents required in the previously approved in the Wisconsin Monitoring Plan will be in the document upload section including, but not limited to the: mdb. file, field data collection form, audit pictures, combustion testing, blower door testing, health and safety form, work agreement, final inspection documents and final inspection pictures. This will also include additional information reworks and call backs.
2. The group of buildings will be selected by the agency will be sent to contracted QCI or State inspector by the Agency that would have the inspection completed during Agency Final inspection.
 - a. Contracted QCI or State inspector will contact the agency with the BID (Building Identification) to set up the virtual inspection concurrently with the subgrantee QCI inspection.
 - b. Contracted QCI or State inspectors will conduct a full comprehensive file review of QA inspection forms.
 - i. Items identified during the desktop review can be clarified during the virtual inspections.
 - ii. If the final inspection would happen during the time the crew was onsite, any identified item that is corrected at that time will be marked as identified and corrected on the inspection form.
3. The contracted QCI or State inspectors will review the contents of the file, along with viewing the home via Google Earth or Street View if available. Notes are made in preparation.
4. Two people from the agency are present for the final inspection. The two individuals will video call the contracted QCI or State inspectors monitoring team from the vehicle once they have arrived (and are set up).
5. If a hands-free device is used, two people will not be required for inspection.
6. One of the agency staff will be the QCI who conducts the inspection, and the other will hold the device to ensure a clear and focused video of the inspection that is being conducted.
7. The QCI must focus on the inspection and not the device so that the procedures can be accurately observed.
8. The QCI describes each activity like they would during a proctored field exam.
9. Everything that the final inspector would normally do is completed and video streamed.
10. If necessary, the contracted QCI or State inspector staff may ask the subgrantee staff to slow down, stop, explain, or show a closer shot of certain measures.
11. The diagnostic testing is highly important, and the camera must be angled to clearly see the meters, gauges, setup, location of testing, and appliance operation. It is assumed this will take the most time of the inspection.
12. The agency should have more than one device available as a backup if the battery life for the first device is not long enough to support the entire final inspection.
13. As the final inspection is ending, the contracted QCI or State inspector will provide subgrantee staff an opportunity to address anything they might have missed.
14. If it appears the home is being left in an unsafe condition, the contracted QCI or State inspectors will alert the subgrantee staff so the issue can be immediately corrected, and notations will be made for the monitoring letter.
15. Observations will be made about how the inspectors addressed problems with the work or missed opportunities.
16. The final inspection visit will be compared to the client file, and technical client file, technical testing, and final inspection tool for consistency as the final inspection procedures are concluded.

QA inspection subcontractors that report inspections not completed, report findings clearly contradicted by their photo report or by the subgrantee's final inspection, fail to maintain required permits and insurance coverage, or deliver inspection reports that materially misrepresent the weatherization work completed may have current inspection contracts suspended. In especially egregious cases, as required by WPN 20-4, the Division reserves the right to debar a subcontractor or any successor company from providing services to Wisconsin weatherization subgrantees.

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Wisconsin weatherization program standards provide clear guidance to subgrantees regarding contractor performance management, to conform with DOE requirements and State law. Included is specific information on actions or conditions that may result in termination of a contract. The Division requires that subgrantees report every case where a contract is terminated for cause. As required by WPN 20-4, the Division may, upon review of the circumstances, debar that contractor from performing work for any subgrantee for a specific period. The Division will comply with 2 CFR 200.338 and 2 CFR 180 when proceeding with debarment.

Activity 3: Customer Building File Reviews

Customer file reviews verify the completeness of documentation among other items. File reviews will be completed, as noted, for every DOE funded building inspected. The QA team selects and reviews an additional sample of client files, including clients to whom service was deferred or denied. Numerous criteria are evaluated for each file including customer eligibility, accuracy of the energy audit, completeness of the work order, inspection certification forms, and compliance with health and safety requirements. Compliance with policies related to service of rental properties will be verified. Subgrantees will upload customer file information directly into the reporting system allowing for desktop monitoring by grantee staff. The desktop monitoring will assist determination of priorities for subgrantee training needs or identify compliance issues. Attachment 17 is the form used for Desktop Building File Review.

The Division's monitoring goals for this program year for each subgrantee are:

1. All 18 subgrantees will have an administrative review conducted.
2. Onsite QA inspection will occur on a minimum of 5% of the DOE funded units weatherized statewide. Inspections are distributed throughout the program year.
3. Inspection of files will occur on a minimum of 5% of the DOE funded units weatherized statewide.

In addition, each subgrantee is required to have a full financial and compliance audit conducted annually, unless total federal funding is less than \$750,000. If less than \$750,000, an audit will still be completed but not paid for with DOE funds. The Division reviews the annual audit and ensures the subgrantee takes any actions necessary to correct problems identified by the audit. The Division will resolve questioned costs or recover funds if necessary.

Upon completion of a monitoring visit, the QA staff holds an exit conference with the subgrantee staff. Discussions are held concerning the observations from the visit. Exit conference topics typically include:

1. Programmatic strengths
2. Programmatic weaknesses
3. Training needs and recommendations
4. Deficiencies requiring immediate corrective action

A copy of the Division's QA report will be provided to the subgrantee within 30 days with any requirements specified. When minor issues are identified, they will be reported as "Concerns" and the subgrantee will be responsible for making sure the issue is addressed on future jobs. When other deficiencies are identified as not meeting program standards, subgrantees will be required to take corrective action within 30 days. When recurring deficiencies are identified, the Division will determine what additional action is appropriate.

The Division's Quality Assurance monitors follow up on items addressed in Administrative Reviews on a regular basis throughout the year and by utilizing desk top reviews. If a subgrantee fails to resolve an issue, the Division reserves the right to take any of the following actions: withhold reimbursement until corrected, modification, suspension, or termination of the contract.

The Division may have follow-up telephone contact regarding any complaints about quality of workmanship. If additional investigation is required, an onsite visit may be completed to verify the quality of work being performed meets federal and state specifications. In the event the quality of the work was substandard, the subgrantee will be required to correct the deficiency.

Activity 4. Agency Performance (Risk) Assessments

In addition to the monitoring activities described above, the Division utilizes several tools to continuously assess each subgrantee's risk of noncompliance with state and federal regulations. These tools include, but are not limited to:

- The Contract Planning Workbook is a division designed budgeting tool that assists in assessing prior experience with weatherization awards, personnel levels and training needs, and in determining labor rates.

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- Comparison of estimated measure costs with actual reported costs analysis is completed annually.
- Annual training plans developed by subgrantees.
- Annual financial audits completed by each subgrantee per 2 CFR 200.501.
- The State of Wisconsin Single Audit. The Weatherization Assistance Program is identified as a major program that is audited periodically. Any audit finding is identified in a summary memo from the State of Wisconsin Legislative Audit Bureau.
- Annual Subgrantee Performance Assessments are performed using a subgrantee weatherization program evaluation tool developed by the Division for this purpose. From DEHCR's perspective, a performance assessment is an evaluation of each subgrantee's ability to operate the Wx Program according to DOE rules and regulations and policies established by the Division. The results of each subgrantee's assessment will identify if there is any cause for concern and/or reasons for additional focus from the QA Monitoring and/or the AR teams, and the potential need for refresher training opportunities. A subgrantee may be required to develop a Corrective Action Plan, as necessary based on their assessment scores. Subgrantees with higher scores may receive more intensive or more frequent monitoring.
- Quarterly Contract Performance Reviews are performed based on production goals, building unit goals and fund expenditures identified in the approved annual Weatherization Monthly Contract Plan. Funding may be adjusted because of the reviews. If a subgrantee is not within 10 percent of planned production and expense goals, they may be required to provide a plan describing how they will meet contract expectations by the end of the following quarter.

A report on successes and significant problems will be completed regarding the level of subgrantee monitoring, major findings and resolutions, and training and technical assistance needs in all agency functions including programmatic, administrative, technical, and financial areas. Subgrantees that are considered by the Division to be at risk due to extensive production or quality issues, financial issues, or program management concerns may be required to create an action plan detailing an improvement strategy. The Division will report on the status and success of agency improvement strategies and training. Confirmed sensitive or significant noncompliance findings, such as waste, fraud, or abuse will be reported to DOE immediately.

Activity 5, Training and Technical Support

Training and technical assistance is provided during in-progress visits as needed. If imminent health and safety concerns are identified on the job site, the subgrantee is required to address such issues immediately. The Division will make as many visits as necessary and for which resources are available. If additional technical support is needed, Production Based Training will be requested through Slipstream Training and Technical Support as noted in the training section.

Activity 6. QCI Inspection Process

In addition to QA Section staff, one technical inspection subcontractor is used to complete onsite QA inspections of completed jobs. The Division entered into a contract agreement for technical inspection services, with Slipstream. Slipstream has four certified QCI staff performing technical inspections for the Division. The Division verifies the subcontractor QCI certifications annually. The inspection subcontractor, under the direction of QA Section staff, evaluates completed units to determine they were an eligible unit for weatherization and if the quality of the work meets the standards established by DOE and the Division. Although the subcontractor may conduct onsite evaluations of weatherized units, subgrantee oversight will continue to be primarily the responsibility of the Division and part of the QA Section's duties. QA Section staff may conduct follow up inspections where required. Subgrantees are not allowed to use additional DOE funds on inspected jobs that require reworks or warranty work. QCI Inspection Schedule is included as Attachment 12.

Refrigerator Shortages-QCI

To provide relief to agencies impacted by the shortage of refrigerators due to the COVID-19 Pandemic, Wisconsin received DOE approval on March 10, 2021, to allow agencies to follow the process below for DOE funded job with refrigerators:

The final QA QCI inspection will be conducted, excluding the inspect of the appliance. Once the job is complete, it will be invoiced with the applicant not being installed and marked in the HE+ System/WisWAP as "not installed". When appliances become available, the subgrantee will add/edit measures to add the appliance and attach it to the original job by marking the new job number with an "r" (r=rework). When the appliance is installed, the agency will request a rework and it will display on the HE+ System Dashboard for Division approval. Funding for the installed appliance will include Public Benefits or LIHEAP. DOE funding will not be an option for the invoice submission. The request to approve the rework will include notes in the System and will include documentation (Date/Time) of a phone call with the client regarding the installation, installer, condition of the appliance and quality. If concerns are brought up by the client, an onsite inspection will occur. The HE+ System will track open reworks, completed reworks, length of time before rework is completed, and approval date of the rework. The audit is uploaded to the HE+ System. The System will also record measures and the cumulative SIR.

The Division does not provide services directly to low income families. As such, the provisions of WPN 20-4 related to "Direct Service Grantees" do not apply.

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V.8.4 Training and Technical Assistance Approach and Activities

Standard Training Plan

In July 2017, the Division entered into a three-year contract agreement (with two optional two-year renewals) for Training and Technical Assistance (T&TA) services with Slipstream. Administered and delivered by Slipstream, the Standard Training Plan provides specific trainings available to subgrantees each year. This training system provides courses at the basic, intermediate, and advanced levels for installers, crew leaders, energy auditors, final inspectors, data management, program support staff, and fiscal and program management staff. This allows Wisconsin to offer Comprehensive Training for all WAP personnel (as required by WPN 22-4, Section 3), as needed, based on the one-on-one check-ins with the Subgrantees. Training content addresses 1-4 unit and 5+ unit as well as site built housing and manufactured homes. DOE T&TA funding will not be used to reimburse trade contractors to attend training events.

Training content is delivered through online training and skills building activities, virtual webinar, classroom, demonstration props, computer labs, and field hands-on to support effective education. Under the existing Standard Training Plan and funding level, the training system has the capacity to provide up to 1,400 in-person, virtual webinar, or online self-directed training slots per year, with more than 60 training sessions. While core trainings are delivered each year, the annual work plan varies based on training needs assessments and funding levels. Although COVID-19 concerns continue, training delivery has pivot back from virtual webinars to in-person delivery of training – utilizing optional masking and other COVID-19 spread prevention protocols.

As a part of the annual planning process, the Division provides subgrantees with a list of potential training courses for the upcoming year. Subgrantees are required to complete an annual T&TA planning workbook which outlines T&TA activities for the contract period based on their allocation. The subgrantee plans include the training needs assessment survey, training not available through the training contract, local training delivery systems, the costs of sending staff to trainings, and customer education delivery. Subgrantees are asked to identify specific training needs within and in addition to the Standard Training Plan. Commonly identified training needs are added to the annual statewide training plan. Uncommon subgrantee training needs must be supported by the subgrantee's local plan. Urgent or unavoidable training needs may be supported through individual agency training requests (see the Specific Training section). The tentative training schedule for In-Person training is included in Attachment 21.

As a part of the T&TA planning process, Slipstream develops an annual work plan based on an annual subgrantee T&TA planning training needs assessment, real-time surveys, and other DOE requirements, including but not limited to DOE Project Officer feedback. The work plans are reviewed internally by Division staff. To be responsive to subgrantee needs, a mid-year T&TA check in meeting is held with each subgrantee to review current and upcoming training needs. Based on the summarized results of the T&TA check in meetings, the Division works with Slipstream to adjust the training work plan, if needed and support longer term T&TA planning efforts. Training and Technical Assistance topics are routinely discussed on the monthly network calls with the subgrantees and Slipstream. Additionally, training feedback is addressed during the Division Program Administrative Review. The ACSI survey has not been conducted in the last few years. DOE monitoring reviews, when completed, provide the opportunity for subgrantees to provide input on training needs.

Feedback received from DOE PO monitoring visits, internal state audits, Inspector General (IG) reports, and Grantee monitoring of the Subgrantees is used to identify and determine additional training topics for in-person or online training module development. The annual training needs assessment helps to prioritize the training development. Training evaluation results provide feedback on how to improve training events. Updates to the SWS, Field Guides, Weatherization Assistance and Policy Manual are reviewed and incorporated into training content to ensure training content is current. Annually, in June, prior to the start of the new contract, the Division and Slipstream conducts a webinar highlighting program policy changes, updates to fuel prices, measure costs, transitioning databases, and modeling guidance.

Of the statewide T&TA services (35%) and subgrantee's local T&TA budgets (19%), we anticipate approximately 46% State staffed monitoring and oversight of subgrantees. 35% Statewide T&TA services including the training program, technical assistance and development projects, and Quality Assurance inspections.

Training is provided through various delivery mechanisms. Wisconsin's Comprehensive training program includes standard trainings encompassing occupation specific training programs associated with the WAP Job Task Analyses (JTA). Wisconsin's Standard Training Plan provides a central training framework and addresses both short and long term training needs. The subgrantee T&TA plan, referenced above, provides funds to subgrantees for local training needs and initiatives, and having staff attend training sessions or online self-directed training identified as a priority and offered through Slipstream, the T&TA contractor training center.

Regular JTA aligned training is offered every two to four years or as needed based on the annual need's assessment and changes to the program requirements, technologies, and techniques.

The Division characterizes training activities as a specific deliverable training session or a system of training sessions, while technical assistance activities are characterized as program development projects or maintenance. Both training and technical assistance deliverables are driven by the overall objectives of saving energy and reducing the state's carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gas emissions. To reach those objectives, the provider network must deliver quality installations, at the lowest possible cost, to the greatest possible number of dwellings. Every training or technical assistance activity delivered is considered in the light of those objectives.

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Wisconsin anticipates allocating approximately 12% of the new DOE funding for Training and Technical Assistance (T&TA). These funds are retained by the State, allocated to the subgrantee, or allocated to subcontractors that provide the following services, by percentage:

Training Activities

Percent of overall trainings:

Comprehensive Trainings: 51%

Specific Trainings: 49%

Percent of budget allocated to Auditor/QCI trainings: 35%

Percent of budget allocated to Crew/Installer trainings: 35%

Percent of budget allocated to Management/Financial trainings: 30%

Comprehensive trainings:

Attachment 21 Provides a tentative schedule for In-Person trainings.

Energy Auditor Certification

Since 2003, Wisconsin has been providing annual Energy Auditor trainings with a certification test at the end of the training. The Wisconsin Weatherization Energy Auditor Certification became mandatory for all energy auditors on July 1, 2009. Certification requires successfully completing the Energy Auditor training (classroom and field) and the Introduction to Weatherization Assistant course. The Introduction to Weatherization Assistant includes training on the National Energy Audit Tool (NEAT). Since 2007, over 259 Energy Auditors have been trained and certified to work in Wisconsin's program.

Per the Home Energy Plus Weatherization Program Manual, all persons auditing homes with the Wisconsin Weatherization Assistance Program shall obtain a Wisconsin Weatherization Energy Auditor Certification within 12 months of beginning to audit homes for the program.

Staff working toward a Wisconsin Weatherization Energy Auditor Certification will be considered an Energy Auditor Trainee and shall have their audits reviewed and signed off on by a certified Wisconsin Weatherization Energy Auditor. Completion of the Energy Auditor Certification requirement advances the energy auditor beyond the trainee status.

Four requirements shall be completed to become a certified Energy Auditor:

1. Meet the DOE Weatherization Assistance Program Core Competencies expectations for Basic Energy Audit Competencies, which are:

- Ability to read and write legibly;
- Basic verbal and written communication skills;
- Basic construction knowledge;
- Basic math skills; and
- Basic computer skills.

2. Complete and pass the Building Science Principles course.

3. Complete and pass the Energy Auditor course (classroom and field).

4. Complete and pass the Introduction to Weatherization Assistant course.

The BPI HEP Energy Auditor (EA) certification is not required for energy auditors working in Wisconsin's program. BPI HEP EA certification is required for individuals working toward BPI HEP Quality Control Inspector (QCI) certification.

Quality Control Inspector Certification

In 2019, the BPI HEP Quality Control Inspector (QCI) certification changed to a micro-credential under the BPI HEP Energy Auditor (EA) certification. Nearly all of Wisconsin's QCI certified individuals were due to recertify during PY21 and PY22. The majority of Wisconsin's QCI certified individuals

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achieved recertification in PY22 which included acquiring a new BPI HEP EA certification. The Division and Slipstream will support the remaining Wisconsin QCI certified staff in need of achieving QCI recertification with completion of the BPI HEP EA application and corresponding field exam during the upcoming PY.

A primary focus in PY23 will be supporting individuals to achieve initial or renewal BPI HEP QCI certification to meet the Division's per agency QCI goal. The Division and Slipstream will work with current QCI candidates (approximately 30 individuals) to ensure they have EA prerequisites and support them through the BPI HEP EA application process as well as the BPI HEP EA written, BPI HEP EA field and BPI HEP QCI written proctored exams. In support of individuals challenging the BPI HEP EA and QCI certifications, the following refresher courses have been developed by and are offered through Slipstream.

- BPI HEP Energy Auditor Written Exam Prep (online self-directed)
- BPI HEP Energy Auditor Field Exam Prep (online self-directed or in-person)
- BPI HEP Quality Control Inspector Written Prep (online self-directed)

Access to the online refreshers will be available to existing certified staff or to new staff seeking certification. The number of in-person field prep refresher courses will be determined based on identified subgrantee need.

The Division and Slipstream will inform QCIs regarding Continuing Education Unit (CEU) opportunities to ensure enough CEUs are attained to bypass having to challenge the EA and QCI written exams during the next recertification phase. Presently, QCI certified individuals have access to five Slipstream created online CEU activities equating to 7.5 QCI specific CEUs.

Building Science Principles

The Building Science Principles serves as the entry level training course for field staff, energy auditors and inspectors as well as any other program staff. This session focuses on the science/physics of air flow, heat flow and moisture flow, and illuminates the concept of "House as a System" thinking by providing examples, then tests application of knowledge and comprehension with a case study. The training will be offered during PY23 primarily as a self-directed online training, but in-person sessions will also be offered. This training course serves as a pre-requisite course for Retrofit Installer, Crew Leader, and Energy Auditor training programs. The Building Science Principles on-line training – Spanish version will be completed in SFY24.

Energy Auditor

The Energy Auditor training program correlates with the 2018 NREL Single-Family Energy Auditor JTA. The training program consists of three training courses: Building Science Principles, Energy Auditor (classroom and field), and Introduction to Weatherization Assistant. Each of these trainings are planned to be held at least once during PY23. Slipstream's current IREC accreditation for the Energy Auditor training program has been renewed through 12/13/2027.

Weatherization Crew Leader

The Weatherization Crew Leader training program correlates with the 2019 NREL Weatherization Crew Leader JTA. The training program consists of one course: Weatherization Crew Leader may be offered during the program year based on subgrantee feedback in the T&TA Planning Workbook Needs Assessment Survey. Slipstream's current IREC accreditation for the Weatherization Crew Leader training program has been renewed through 12/13/2027.

Retrofit Installer

The Retrofit Installer training program correlates with the 2019 NREL Weatherization Crew Leader JTA of which Retrofit Installer is a component. The training program consists of three courses: Building Science Principles, Basic Blower Door and Air Sealing, and Retrofit Installer. The Basic Blower Door and Air Sealing and Retrofit Installer courses may be offered multiple times during the program year based on subgrantee feedback in the T&TA Planning Workbook Needs Assessment Survey. Slipstream's current IREC accreditation for the Retrofit Installer training program has been renewed through 12/13/2027.

Quality Control Inspector

The Quality Control Inspector (QCI) training program correlates with the 2018 NREL Single-Family Quality Control Inspector JTA. The QCI training consists of one course: Quality Control Inspector. Depending on the identified need from the T&TA Workbook needs assessment survey this session will be offered to ensure staff have adequate training to prepare for the BPI HEP QCI credential. Wisconsin requires individuals seeking BPI HEP QCI certification to complete QCI training prior to challenging the certification exam. Slipstream's current IREC accreditation for the QCI training program expires 04/24/2024.

Multifamily Energy Auditor training – The Division is working with Slipstream to deliver an IREC accredited Multifamily Energy Auditor training program. This training is planned for advanced energy auditors. This session may be offered once during the program year based on subgrantee feedback in the T&TA Planning Workbook Needs Assessment Survey.

Additional Training - Additional training may be offered based on the annual T&TA planning workbook completed by each subgrantee, which includes a

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needs assessment survey. The following training courses are cross walked with relevant JTAs and include:

- Residential Thermography (Field Staff)
- Air Conditioning Basics (Field Staff)
- Air Sealing through Zone Pressure Diagnostics (Crew Leaders and Installers)
- Asbestos Weatherization Bridge (Field Staff)
- Diagnostic Workbook for Crews specific to Wisconsin
- Forced Air Heating System Testing & Diagnostics (Auditors/Inspectors)
- Targeted Dense-Pack and Advanced Insulation Techniques (Crew Leader and Installer)
- Weatherization Assistant Level 2 (Auditors)
- Weatherization Assistant – MHEA (Auditors)
- Zone Pressure Diagnostics (Auditors and QCI/Final Inspectors)

Refresher Training:

- Weatherization Assistant Update for Auditors and Training Modules (Annual Refresher)
- Combustion Safety online module (Field Staff)
- On-line training modules
- Diagnostic Workbook

Wisconsin continues to invest in an online learning management system (LMS) for weatherization training. Existing training content will be managed and updated, as necessary. New content is being developed, and existing in-person content will be transitioned to online content where feasible.

Online self-directed training Refresher courses:

- Comprehensive Energy Audit Review and Refresher (Managers, Auditors, Inspectors)
- Lead Safe Weatherization Refresher (Field Staff)
- Mold and Moisture Awareness (Field Staff)
- Spray Foam Properties and Procedures (Field Staff)
- Health and Safety – Fall Protection & Ladders
- Sidewall insulation

The Online, Self Directed training list is included as Attachment 22.

Wisconsin's biennial technical training event, *Weatherize Wisconsin: Building Science at Work*, was conducted in September 2022. The Weatherize Wisconsin training event provides a venue for Wisconsin's weatherization professionals to showcase best practices and cost effective solutions. This event provides refresher training sessions reinforcing the JTA for energy auditors, inspectors, crew leaders, and installers. Sessions also highlight Health and Safety practices for lead, asbestos, and radon, OSHA, and Standard Work Specifications. The next event is tentatively planned for the 2024 calendar year.

Specific Training

Production Based Training (PBT)

The PBT system, Wisconsin's Specific Training program, was developed to provide training and/or technical assistance support for subgrantee staff and subcontractors with deficiencies noted through Quality Assurance monitoring or other performance factors. Typically, the process starts with an agency request or Quality Assurance staff identifying specific needs and assessing the severity of the issue. Slipstream receives a request to provide onsite training and/or technical assistance within one month of the request. Training is available for a wide variety of building science, diagnostic testing, and modeling topics in addition to administration, financial procedures, and weatherization technical requirements. Examples of PBT include advanced air sealing and new auditor mentoring. These visits can be combined with technical assistance to provide onsite support in a technical area. Visits for PBT are designed to provide training and support for specific field staff or contractors. The support is primarily hands-on technical training, delivered without a classroom, during the weatherization process. The trainer works directly with the field staff to improve their skills while completing a job. PBT immediately targets subgrantees with deficiencies noted through Quality Assurance reviews and other performance factors, with the goal of providing training within a month of the referral.

Additional training and technical assistance are available for subgrantees whenever our evaluations identify lower performance levels. Additional studies have been performed on high performing subgrantees to determine what helps them succeed so information can be shared with other agencies within the state.

Health and Safety Training

The following table indicates the Required Health and Safety Trainings for Agency Employees.

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Lead Safe Renovator ¹	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Asbestos O&M and annual refresher	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	n/a
Asbestos Supervisor	Optional ²	Optional ²	Optional ²	Optional ²	Yes
Asbestos Inspector	Optional ²	Optional ²	Optional ²	Optional ²	Yes
Mold Awareness	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
OSHA 10-Hour	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
OSHA 30-Hour	Optional	Optional ²	Optional	Optional	Optional ²
Respirator Medical	Yes	Yes	Yes	Optional	Yes
Respirator Fit Test	Yes	Yes	Yes	Optional	Yes
Blood Lead Level Test ³	Yes	Yes	Yes	Optional	Yes

Notes:

- ¹ Most Agencies train all field staff to Renovator level.
- ² This training is optional for these staff but recommended by the Division.
- ³ Blood lead level test shall be performed annually for any staff that would come in contact with painted surfaces in a customer's home.

The Sub-grantee is responsible for ensuring their personnel are properly trained and certified when certification is required (e.g., Lead-Safe Renovator), including required respirator training and fit testing.

Health and Safety Training is not offered through the T&TA Contract with Slipstream due to varying sub-grantee staff renewal time frame requirements and training needs for incoming staff within each sub-grantee. Wisconsin Department of Health Services accredits market-based training providers on Health and Safety topics for Lead, Asbestos and Radon. Additionally, H&S Topics are discussed in the "Weatherization Shorts" newsletter and at Hudson Group meetings.

The following is included as part of the T&TA Planning Workbook that is completed by each sub-grantee for planning and budget purposes based on their T&TA budget allocation.

Wisconsin Weatherization agencies were surveyed to gather data on the health and safety certifications maintained and tracked for weatherization agency program staff and subcontractor staff. This information is being used in support of the development of a Health & Safety Certification Report. The report will be available to agencies and the Division to support US DOE's tracking and reporting requirements.

Weatherization Assistant Technical Assistance

Subgrantees can request technical assistance in support of updates, implementation and troubleshooting related to the Weatherization Assistant modeling software.

Additional training and technical assistance are available for subgrantees whenever our evaluations identify lower performance levels. Additional studies have been performed to identify and record high performing subgrantees to determine what helps them succeed. Peer exchange is facilitated to share high performing subgrantee process and procedures with other subgrantees within the state.

Other Miscellaneous Training

The Division hosts an annual training event, **Home Energy Plus Training Event**, bringing together agency staff from the energy assistance program, the weatherization program, and utility representatives. The training event conducts concurrent sessions focusing on weatherization, energy assistance, program partnerships, and creative coordination efforts. Approximately 250 participants from all the programs can network, learn about other resources available to customers, and improve collaboration. The event was held February 7-9, 2023, for 235 participants and provided the opportunity to attend 30 workshops. During the training event, the Division hosts a coordination session bringing together weatherization agencies and their energy assistance counterparts to discuss program referral and communication processes to support service delivery. Planning will begin in July for the Home Energy Plus Training for the 2024 event. Date and location are to be determined.

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Management trainings are also offered in conjunction with the Weatherization Operators of Wisconsin quarterly meetings. These training can range from a half day to one full day depending on the training content.

General topics may include:

- Management & Supervisory Series: Diversity, Equity and Inclusion; Leadership; Communication; Supervisors and the Law
- Financial Management: Cost Allocation & Accounting, 2 CFR 200, Administration & Support
- Procurement and Subcontractor Management: Packaging & Awarding Bids, Quality Control, and Right-to-Cure
- Weatherization Outreach and Marketing
- Comprehensive Audit Review
- Succession Planning for Key Staff
- Recruitment and retention of employees

Required Subgrantee Training Attendance

Subgrantee attendance is typically required at trainings or meetings where Division policy changes are reviewed. Specific trainings and applicable certifications are required for lead renovator, mold and moisture awareness, and asbestos disciplines to allow for the safe weatherization of buildings, and proper work procedures when mold and moisture problems are present.

Training Management and Tracking System

The Home Energy Plus Training Management and Tracking System (TMTS) provides training information and training staff recordkeeping as well as supporting training administrative functions. All information related to weatherization training course (in-person, online or virtual webinars), informational webinars, training events or conferences, as well as special meeting or activities such as PBT and training retention activity participation is tracked in the system. The TMTS interaction with the Home Energy Plus T&TA website includes the events calendar, online registration and posting of event specific materials. Reports detailing participation are available to individuals, agency managers, and Division staff through the Home Energy Plus T&TA website and the TMTS.

Attendance for all training is tracked in a database maintained by Slipstream. The database is also used to track required trainings and Wisconsin Weatherization Energy Auditor and BPI HEP EA and QCI certification dates.

Major Home Energy Plus Technical Assistance Projects for PY2023

Broadly, technical assistance funds are used to enhance and maintain the quality of the services available to Wisconsin's Weatherization Assistance Program customers. Projects vary widely, and examples include research on specific weatherization measures or an onsite consultation for a subgrantee on quality assurance issues. Generally, a project must in some way work to further the objectives or requirements of the program. Listed below are the in-progress or planned technical assistance projects for this funding period.

Weatherization Customer Guidebook – Maintenance and updates of the Weatherization Customer Guidebook will continue. This web based consumer education tool allows subgrantees to create a customized guide noting the weatherization measures completed for each single family home weatherized. The Guidebook includes maintenance requirements for measures, as well as general energy management tips. The Guidebook went live on October 1, 2008, and is required for single family and manufactured homes. Features and measure information are modified as needed based on changes to technologies installed in the home. A sample Customer Guide is included as Attachment 13.

Document Design Services – Document design and support for the Home Energy Plus Programs brochure, informational materials, the Wisconsin Weatherization Assistant Guide, the Wisconsin Weatherization Procurement Guide, and the Weatherization Field Guide. Wisconsin completed a major revision of the Weatherization Field Guide in PY 2022 to incorporate the relevant SWS requirements as required by WPN 22-4, Section 1.

Weatherization Measures Support – Analysis and maintenance of measures and field protocols. Currently in progress is an annual review of measure savings to investment ratios, combustion safety protocols, heat pumps and new water heater technologies.

Self-Evaluation Savings Study (SES) – Starting in 2007, Wisconsin completes a Self-Evaluation Savings (SES) study analyzing the savings achieved in weatherized natural gas units, on an annual basis. Actual pre- and post- weatherization natural gas and electric consumption is collected from regulated utilities. Data collected is utilized in an analysis of the therm and kWh savings of weatherized homes from the most recent program years. Generated results from the analysis are presented in a detailed report providing information for the full program and at a Subgrantee level.

Energy Audit Maintenance – Energy audit maintenance, coordination, and enhancement including managing the setup libraries, program upgrades, and customizing the audit, as feasible, for Wisconsin use.

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WA Online Transition - Wisconsin will continue working with ORNL to integrate a web based version of Weatherization Assistant when it is available.

Home Energy Plus Information Call Center – Provides for the operation and management of a call center. This tollfree number serves as an entry port for the public to the Home Energy Plus programs. Each year on average, the Call Center fields about 80,000 calls related to the Energy Assistance and Weatherization Programs.

Home Energy Professional Quality Control Inspector Planning – As noted in Section V.5.3, Wisconsin has implemented a Grantee Developed QCI policy to comply with WPN 22-4 Section 2.

Workforce Expansion Activities – Wisconsin will continue support of workforce expansion activities including:

- o Development of a circular for agencies to use for outreach to high schools and technical colleges to build interest for skilled trades in the weatherization industry. Showcase job opportunities across the green buildings and energy efficiency industry.
- o Continue facilitation of the Workforce Development Work Group in support of development of workforce recruitment and retention training, materials, and processes.
- o Develop a training work study plan for implementation as a pilot with a high school to prepare individuals for a job as a weatherization energy auditor in training post- graduation.
- o Support the Interstate Renewable Energy Council (IREC) Workforce Enhancement and Innovation Grant project. Wisconsin is one of the pilot states involved in the project.

Percent of overall trainings

Comprehensive Trainings:	51.0
Specific Trainings:	49.0

Breakdown of T&TA training budget

Percent of budget allocated to Auditor/QCI trainings:	35.0
Percent of budget allocated to Crew/Installer trainings:	35.0
Percent of budget allocated to Management/Financial trainings:	30.0

V.9 Energy Crisis and Disaster Plan

Energy Crisis Plan

n/a

Wisconsin Disaster Response Plan

In accordance with DOE’s Weatherization Program Notice 12-07, the declaration of a disaster by the President or Governor is sufficient cause for the State of Wisconsin WAP to implement a series of amended procedures in those affected areas to allow the WAP subgrantee agencies to address the needs of the WAP eligible or previously weatherized low-income families affected by disaster conditions. Wisconsin recognizes that WAP has a very limited role in any disaster response plan. The use of DOE WAP funds is limited to eligible weatherization activities and the purchase and delivery of weatherization materials.

Allowable Re-Weatherization Activities

For communities or counties in Wisconsin that the President or Governor has declared a disaster area, local WAP subgrantees will be permitted to use DOE resources (truck, equipment, staff labor, and materials) and funds to re-weatherize affected homes after FEMA funds and insurance payments have been applied to the repair of the structure. The re-weatherization work will be performed in accordance with field procedure guides already established by the Wisconsin WAP and will include the following allowable costs:

- Limited clean-up in those areas of the home where WAP services will be provided. These costs will likely be charged as incidental repairs.
- The performance of an energy audit to determine the services to be provided. The audit will take into consideration all existing WAP materials previously installed and still intact and useful.
- Mechanical systems (central heating, hot water, etc.) and appliances will be inspected, and repaired or replaced as needed based on damage and wear

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and according to our usual standards.

- The auditor may consider deferring the job if the damage to the home appears to impact the structure and the materials to be installed cannot be safeguarded.
- The file must contain documentation of the damage through reports and digital or printed pictures of the affected area.

Each unit will be reported with specific tracking codes in WisWAP. This notation will be part of the data entry, so it can be easily identified and sorted for future reference. The costs for these re-weatherized units will be reported to DOE in the same manner as other re-weatherization cases.

Work in Progress Cases

In some cases, the local WAP agency may have work in-progress at homes where severe damage has occurred. These units and the associated costs have not been reported to DOE yet there may be significant loss of resources due to the damages. These homes will be identified in the HEPLUS/WisWAP system so that proper reporting of costs can be easily tracked.