

# FFY 2019 STATE CSBG FACTSHEET | NORTH CAROLINA

From North Carolina's FFY 2019 Community Services Block Grant Annual Report

## WHO WE SERVED...



### For FFY 2019:

There were 34 CAAs, serving 48,384 people with low incomes who were living in 29,514 families.

CAAs served 8,953 people who lacked healthcare, 3,197 people who reported having a disability, 2,597 senior citizens, 22,145 children living in poverty, and 1,351 veterans and active military persons.



## WHAT IS CSBG?

The Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) provides critical funding to Community Action Agencies (CAAs) to operate programs addressing the causes and conditions of poverty under three national goals:

- Goal 1** - Individuals and families with low incomes are stable and achieve economic security.
- Goal 2** - Communities where people with low incomes live are healthy and offer economic opportunity.
- Goal 3** - People with low incomes are engaged and active in building opportunities in communities.

North Carolina's Community Action Agencies are centrally located to serve their communities. For maximum impact, they partnered with:

- 1,039 non-profits
- 1,008 for-profits
- 859 faith-based organizations
- 135 school districts



There were 896,908 hours of volunteer time donated to CAAs in North Carolina.

## What kind of RESOURCES do CAAs have?

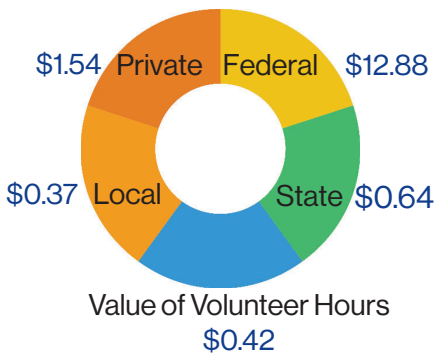
Community Action Agencies utilize a Results Oriented Management and Accountability system that is strategically designed to ensure accountability and improve performance management. In FY19, there were 37 ROMA professionals available in the network to help agencies with planning, reporting, data analysis and evaluation.



Community Action Agencies leverage several other federal, state, local, and other private funds.

For every \$1 of CSBG, North Carolina's CAAs leveraged \$15.85 from federal, state, local, and private sources, including the value of volunteer hours.

- \$15,539,114 in CSBG funds were allocated in support of CAAs in North Carolina in FY19.
- Including all leveraged funds, North Carolina had \$255,325,950 available to the CAA network to improve the lives of people with low incomes in FY19.



3 CAAs in North Carolina also operate the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LI-HEAP).



14 CAAs in North Carolina also operate the Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP).



21 CAAs in North Carolina also operate a Head Start Program.

\*Value of Volunteer Hours calculated using federal minimum wage.  
\*\* Values may not equal total due to rounding.

Community Action Agencies utilize CSBG funds to address specific local needs through services and programs that address one or more of the core domains in which we work: employment, education and cognitive development, income, infrastructure and asset building, housing, health and social behavioral development, and civic engagement and community involvement.

## EMPLOYMENT

2,946 outcomes were obtained in the employment domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining a job, increasing income, and obtaining benefits.

## EDUCATION

30,304 outcomes were obtained in the education and cognitive development domain. This includes outcomes such as improved literacy skills, school readiness, and obtaining additional education and diplomas.

## INCOME & ASSETS

3,800 outcomes were obtained in the income and asset building domain. This includes outcomes such as maintaining a budget, opening a savings account, increasing assets and net worth, and improving financial well-being.

## HOUSING

17,740 outcomes were obtained in the housing domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining housing, avoiding eviction or foreclosure, and reducing energy burden.

## HEALTH

16,267 outcomes were obtained in the health and social/behavioral development domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing nutrition skills, improving physical or mental health, and living independently.

## CIVIC ENGAGEMENT

981 outcomes were obtained in the civic engagement and community involvement domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing leadership skills, and improving social networks.



This publication was created by the National Association for State Community Services Programs in the performance of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Community Services, Grant Number 90ET0483. Any opinion, findings, and conclusions, or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families.