

FFY 2019 STATE CSBG FACTSHEET | CALIFORNIA

From California's FFY 2019 Community Services Block Grant Annual Report

WHO WE SERVED...



For FFY 2019:

There were 58 CAAs, serving 732,339 people with low incomes who were living in 381,864 families.

CAAs served 46,224 people who lacked healthcare, 79,984 people who reported having a disability, 64,027 senior citizens, 292,081 children living in poverty, and 5,169 veterans and active military persons.



WHAT IS CSBG?

The Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) provides critical funding to Community Action Agencies (CAAs) to operate programs addressing the causes and conditions of poverty under three national goals:

- Goal 1** - Individuals and families with low incomes are stable and achieve economic security.
- Goal 2** - Communities where people with low incomes live are healthy and offer economic opportunity.
- Goal 3** - People with low incomes are engaged and active in building opportunities in communities.

California's Community Action Agencies are centrally located to serve their communities. For maximum impact, they partnered with:

- 2,798 non-profits
- 3,360 for-profits
- 1,064 faith-based organizations
- 520 school districts



There were 2,544,622 hours of volunteer time donated to CAAs in California.

What kind of RESOURCES do CAAs have?

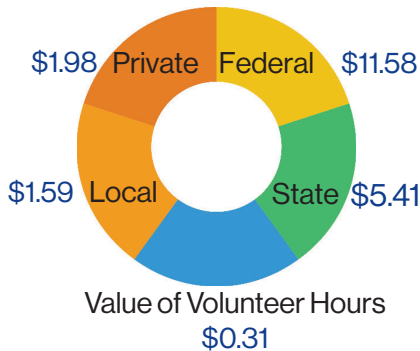
Community Action Agencies utilize a Results Oriented Management and Accountability system that is strategically designed to ensure accountability and improve performance management. In FY19, there were 31 ROMA professionals available in the network to help agencies with planning, reporting, data analysis and evaluation.



Community Action Agencies leverage several other federal, state, local, and other private funds.

For every \$1 of CSBG, California's CAAs leveraged \$20.87 from federal, state, local, and private sources, including the value of volunteer hours.

- \$58,753,913 in CSBG funds were allocated in support of CAAs in California in FY19.
- Including all leveraged funds, California had \$1,264,772,336 available to the CAA network to improve the lives of people with low incomes in FY19.



24 CAAs in California also operate the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LI-HEAP).



17 CAAs in California also operate the Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP).



13 CAAs in California also operate a Head Start Program.

*Value of Volunteer Hours calculated using federal minimum wage.
** Values may not equal total due to rounding.



Community Action Agencies utilize CSBG funds to address specific local needs through services and programs that address one or more of the core domains in which we work: employment, education and cognitive development, income, infrastructure and asset building, housing, health and social behavioral development, and civic engagement and community involvement.

EMPLOYMENT

12,509 outcomes were obtained in the employment domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining a job, increasing income, and obtaining benefits.

EDUCATION

77,466 outcomes were obtained in the education and cognitive development domain. This includes outcomes such as improved literacy skills, school readiness, and obtaining additional education and diplomas.

INCOME & ASSETS

26,124 outcomes were obtained in the income and asset building domain. This includes outcomes such as maintaining a budget, opening a savings account, increasing assets and net worth, and improving financial well-being.

HOUSING

67,979 outcomes were obtained in the housing domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining housing, avoiding eviction or foreclosure, and reducing energy burden.

HEALTH

155,769 outcomes were obtained in the health and social/behavioral development domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing nutrition skills, improving physical or mental health, and living independently.

CIVIC ENGAGEMENT

39,838 outcomes were obtained in the civic engagement and community involvement domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing leadership skills, and improving social networks.



This publication was created by the National Association for State Community Services Programs in the performance of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Community Services, Grant Number 90ET0483. Any opinion, findings, and conclusions, or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families.