National Association for State Community Services Programs



WINTER TRAINING CONFERENCE April 3 – 7 | Arlington, VA

MISSION POSSIBLE Restoring Hope

WAP Technical Management

www.nascsp.org



WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

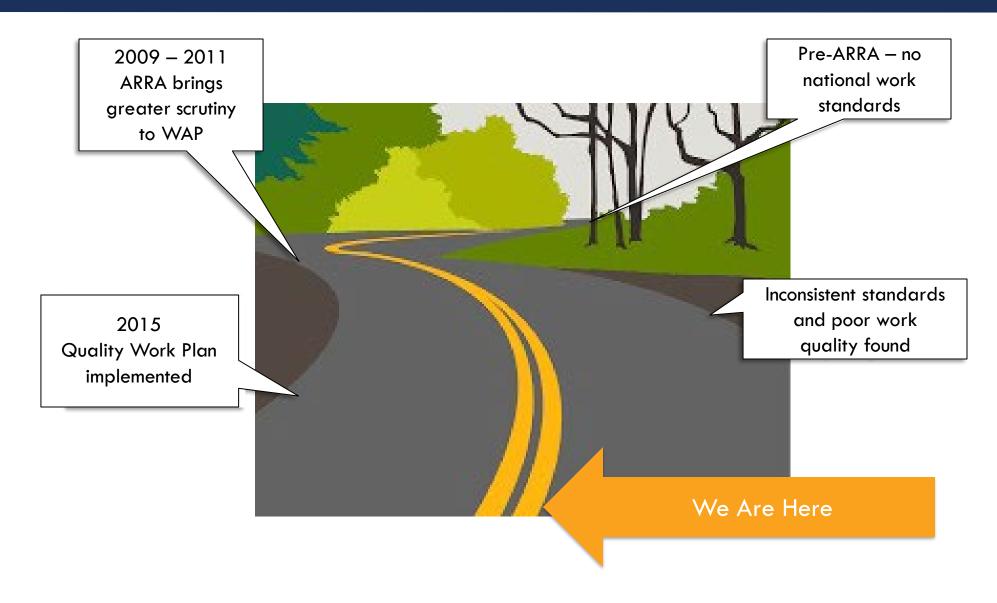
WAP Technical Management Session 2023 NASCSP Winter Training Conference April 2023



Overview

- How we got here
- Technical Management Areas
 - Energy Audits and Priority Lists
 - Standard Work Specifications (SWS) & Field Guides
 - Trainings & Certifications
 - Inspections & Monitoring
- Discussion

How we got here



Why have a Quality Work Plan?

shoddy Work Found in \$22.3 Million

Shoddy Work Found in \$22.3 Million

Income

Energy Efficiency Work

Federal Contract Homes

Leaves Homeowner Cold



Stimulus Weatherization Contract

Subpar Work Found Statewide

What is the Quality Work Plan?



- Standard Work Specifications
 - Field Guides
- Training and Certifications
 - Home Energy Professional Occupations
 - Accredited Training
- Inspections and Monitoring

Resources: <u>WPN 22-4</u> (released 12/13/21)

What is an Energy Audit?

- Energy Audit is an assessment of the energy needs and efficiency of a building or buildings.
- Electronic Energy Audit: A software tool that applies engineering and economic calculations to an energy audit to assist users in the section of Energy Conversation Measures (ECM)...
 - (in WAP) that meet government criteria for cost-effectiveness.
 - that can be installed in homes of low-income families enrolled in the Program.
- A DOE approved WAP energy audit is used to select and rank ECMs for individual houses, or to establish a priority list of weatherization measures for nearly identical housing types.

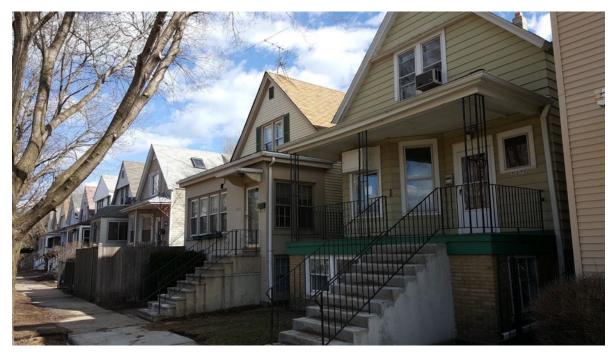


This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-SA

Energy Audits and Priority Lists - Requirements

All Grantees must have Single Family & Manufactured Housing approved Energy Audits.

Priority List approvals are secondary to Energy Audit approvals.



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-NC

1. A formal request letter from the Grantee to DOE for approval of the specific audit tool for use in the WAP program, including the dwelling type it will be used for.



- 2. A complete list of all measures considered by the audit for installation as Energy Conservation Measures (ECMs) including:
- Lifespans used to analyze the cost-effectiveness of each installed measure
- Discount rate used in future savings estimate
- Statement of compliance with 10-CFR 440 Appendix A
- Any Special Materials Requests as outlined in WPN 23-6,
 Attachment 6



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-NC-NI

3. Any Special Audit Procedure requests (e.g., Grantee administered fuel-switching, solar photovoltaics (solar PV), Social Cost of Carbon, etc.)

4. Fuel cost for all fuel types considered by the audit, including the Grantee's procedure for updating fuel costs.





These Photos by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY

- 5. A list of items to be installed as General Heat Waste (GHW) measures (if any).
- 6. Energy Audit Policies and Procedures, including:
 - a. Field operations manual
 - b. Field data collection forms
 - c. Combustion safety protocols
 - d. Ventilation calculator
 - e. Health and Safety plan
 - f. Energy audit software user's manual
 - g. Technical standards for energy auditors



Expedited Energy Audits for WAP

	Single Family (1-4 units)	Manufactured Housing	Low-Rise Multifamily (5+units, 3 stories or less, No central mechanical systems)	Large Multifamily (25+ units/building of 4 stories or more, or 5+ units/building with central mechanical systems)					
	Developer: OptiMiser LLC, Denver, CO								
OptiMiser	YES	YES YES NO		NO					
	Developer: NORESCO, LLC, Boulder, CO								
REM	YES	YES YES		YES					
	Developer: Performance Systems Development (PSD), Ithaca, NY								
TREAT	YES	YES	YES	YES					
	Devel	loper: Oak Ridge Nat	ional Laboratory (ORNI	L), Oak Ridge, TN					
Weatherization Assistant (NEAT, MHEA, MulTEA)	NEAT approved	MHEA approved	NEAT and MulTEA approved only for buildings with individually heated and cooled dwelling units	MulTEA approved only for buildings with individually heated and cooled dwelling units					

"YES" means that the audit tool has been previously approved for this housing type
"NO" means that the audit tool has not been previously approved for this housing type or that it is not designed for this housing type

WPN 23-6 removed the list of "Standard Audits" previously contained in Attachment 4. Attachment 3 contains energy audit tools that currently qualify for the "expedited review process".

Expedited software tools must be independent third-party verified for energy modeling accuracy and be currently approved for usage on DOE WAP projects for a WAP Grantee.

Any tool not in Attachment 3 do not qualify for the expedited energy audit review process.

Standard Energy Audits – Additional Submittals

Standard Energy Audit tool submission requires all the basics in addition to:

- Analytic Methods
 - Energy Estimating Methodology, including but not limited to:
 - Energy Estimating Method
 - Climate data format
 - Measure Interaction
 - Description of how the tool accounts for between architectural and mechanical measures and provide audit results of sample dwelling unit to show interacted and non-interacted energy savings and SIR.
 - Cost-effectiveness clarification, including:
 - SIR calculations and measure priority
 - User-defined measures
 - Incidental Repair Measure (IRM) treatment

Priority List Submittals

- Grantees requesting approval of any Priority List (PL) must submit all information described in WPN 23-6, Attachment 2.
- PL submittals will only be considered for approval if the Grantee has an unexpired audit approval for the housing type in question.
- Priority Lists must evaluate energy costs, measure implementation costs, technological advancements, and best weatherization practices no less frequently than annually to ensure the approved Priority List remains effective and appropriate
 - When fuel, material, or labor costs are changing rapidly or significantly, more frequent evaluations are strongly recommended.

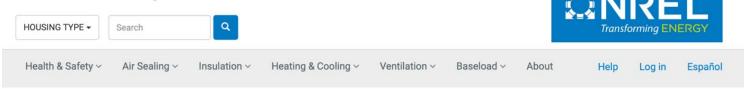
Energy Audit/Priority List Resources

- <u>WPN 23-6</u>, released 3/3/2023
 - WPN 23-6 Attachments
 - WPN 23-6 Attachment 6 Request for Special Approval of Energy Conservation Material
 - Optional Fuel Switching Policy Template
 - Optional Solar PV Initial Request Template

Standard Work Specifications (SWS)

- Consistent national standards
- Ensures work is effective, durable and safe
- Consensus-based
- Maintained and regularly updated on a 5-year cycle

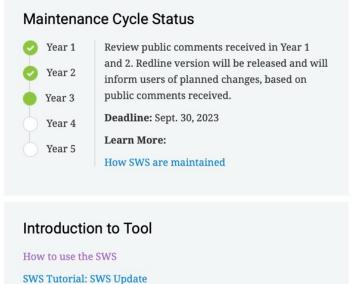
Standard Work Specifications



Use the Standard Work Specifications (SWS) tool as an industry guide to ensure work performed during home energy upgrades is effective, durable, and safe.



https://sws.nrel.gov/



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY | OFFICE OF STATE AND COMMUNITY ENERGY PROGRAMS

Field Guides

- 5-year approval cycle.
- Must align with SWS.
- Grantees must now submit their field guides for DOE review 6 months prior to the expiration date of their currently approved guide (per WPN 22-4).
- Must be available to your entire network.



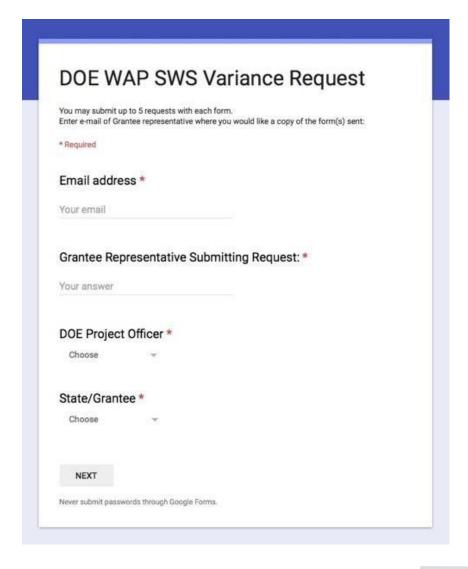
Field Guides – SWS and Variance Requests

A Conundrum:

- Field guides must align with the SWS.
- Sometimes the SWS doesn't work for you.

The solution:

Submit a Variance Request



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY | OFFICE OF STATE AND COMMUNITY ENERGY PROGRAMS

Field Guide Review Process

Grantee reviews & revises Field Guide • Engage Subgrantees & contractors

• Time estimate:
4 months



Grantee submits guide to Project Officer

- Review for completeness
- Time estimate: 1 week or less



Technical Reviewer compares guide to SWS

- Recommends edits and/or approval
- Time estimate: 1 week to 1 month



Revisions & Final Draft Approval

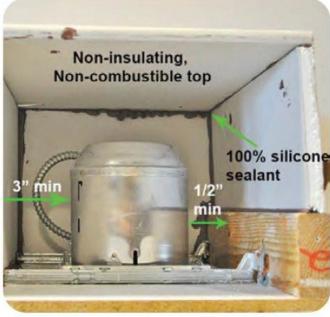
- Technical assistance from DOE
- Time estimate: It depends!



Field Guide Sample – Non-IC Can Lights



 Clear any debris from around non-IC-rated can light



2. Enclosure has 3 inches of clearance from lamp to insulation on all sides, at least 1/2 inch from any combustible material, such as wood



5. Top of box must be R-1 or less and left free of insulation. Flag enclosure for added visibility

Field Guide Sample – Attic Air Sealing



Remove existing 1. insulation

• Remove existing insulation as



5. Seal plumbing vent stacks



2. Remove dust and debris

Sweep or vacuum away any dust



6. Air seal chases, drop soffits



3. Seal all top plates

 Seal with caulk or one part foam to ensure proper adhesion.



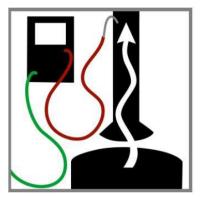
7. Photograph work

 Take photos of all work that is not easily accessible or that will be



4. Seal electrical penetrations

Seal with caulk or one part foam to

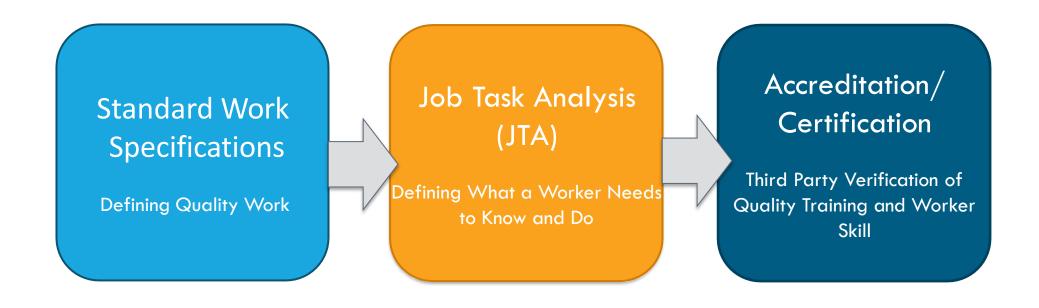


8. Worst Case Draft Test

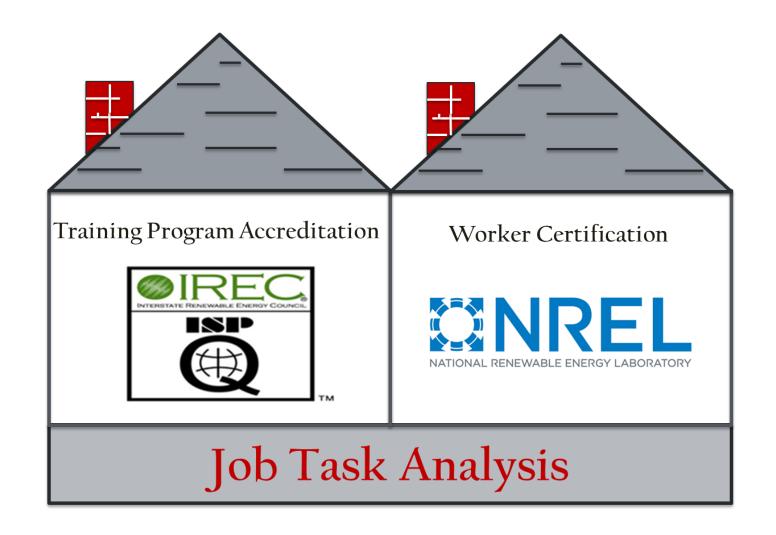
Field Guides | Where to Learn More

- <u>WPN 22-4, Section 1</u> Describe SWS alignment and distribution requirements
- WPN 22-4: Quality Work Plan Requirement Update Training Video
- State Plan Section V.5.1 Technical Guides and Materials
- WAP Training Resources:
 - SWS tool navigation training
 - Field Guide and Variance Request Review Process webinars
- SWS https://sws.nrel.gov
- Variance Request Form

Training – How the pieces fit together



JTA is the Foundation



Training – Basic Requirements

- Analysis of training needs
- Plan to meet those needs
- Comprehensive training on Grantee-determined schedule
 - Accredited training providers
- Specific training on as-needed basis

Resources:

- Annual Application Instructions Master File V.8.4
- WPN 22-4
- WAP Memos 34, 36, 50
- RFP Toolkit

Comprehensive Training Definition

- Home Energy Professional occupation.
 - Retrofit Installer/Crew Lead
 - Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspector
- Aligned with Job Task Analysis (JTA) for occupation.
- Administered by, or in cooperation with, accredited training center.



Specific Training Definition

- Single-issue.
- Addressing deficiencies in the field.
- No federal requirements for training provider.
- Management, administrative, fiscal and conference trainings are considered Specific Training.





If T&TA stood for Teeth and Tooth Aches

- Comprehensive is your regular bi-annual cleaning.
- Specific is the emergency visit when you break a tooth.



Comprehensive



Specific

Training - Timeline

- Training Plans must ensure that all Weatherization field staff receives regular Comprehensive training.
- Each Grantee will decide on the regularity of training based on workforce needs and availability of funds.
- Tip: Use the <u>T&TA Planning and Reporting Template</u>
 - <u>T&TA Planning Tools Voluntary Templates Webinar</u>

T&TA Planning and Reporting Template

E34	E34 • : × • fx													
4	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J	K			
1	Training Topic(s)	Training Requested or Initiated by?	Training Category	Comprehensive or Specific Training?	Job Task Analysis (JTA)	Scheduled Date(s) of Training?	Duration of Training (hours)?	Continuing Education Unit(s) Offered?	Training Center/Provider	Attendance Mandatory?	Estimated Costs			
28	Auditor	Program Requirement	Technical	Comprehensive	EA	Online with field prep and exams in person later in the year	36 online plus 2 days in person	36	Energy Smart Academy	Yes	\$30,000.00			
29	Crew Leader	Program Requirement	Technical	Comprehensive	CL	Online	15	15	Energy Smart Academy	Yes	\$15,000.00			
30	Peer Exchanges	Program Requirement	Programmatic	Specific			8	0	MFA	No	\$2,000.00			
31	HVAC Training	Subgrantee Request	Technical	Specific		Online or in person TBA	8	4	Energy Smart Academy	No	\$4,000.00			
32	2 CFR 200	Subgrantee Request	Financial	Specific			10	0		No	\$2,000.00			
33	Cost Allocation	Program Requirement	Financial	Specific			10	0		No	\$2,000.00			
34	Program Management	Program Requirement	Programmatic	Specific			10	0		No	\$2,000.00			
35	Conferences	Subgrantee Request	Technical	Specific		September, 2021, January 2022, April 2022	126	Usually	NASCSP, BPA	No	\$20,000.00			
36	Other Specific Training	Subgrantee Request	Technical	Specific		ТВА	16	Depends on class	Energy Smart Academy	No	\$67,225.70			

https://www.energy.gov/eere/wap/downloads/training-and-technical-assistance-plan-template

Certifications

- 4 HEP Certifications available:
 - Energy Auditor (EA)
 - Micro-Credential Quality Control inspector (QCI)
 - Retrofit Installer/Technician (RIT)
 - DOE no longer maintains
 - Crew Leader (CL)
 - DOE no longer maintains
- 1 HEP Certification federally required:
 - Quality Control Inspector (QCI)



Installer Badges Toolkit

Download the toolkit:

https://sws.nrel.gov/installerbadges

Watch the Installer Badges Toolkit Video

Installer Badges



Job Task Analysis (JTA) and Standard Work Specifications

(SWS) are the underlying foundation for certification schemes and for the accredited training programs. The Retrofit Installer Technician tasks are the basis of the 25 Installer Badges. Examples include:

- Work Lead-Safe
- Air Seal Attic Floor
- Seal and Dam High-Temperature Heat Sources in Attic
- Prep Attic Floor for Insulation



HEP Certifications – Where to Learn More

- BPI http://bpi.org/certified-professionals
 - Includes application forms, prerequisites, exam fees, certification scheme handbooks, exam prep tips, and more, for each certification.
- JTAs that certifications are built on:
 - https://energy.gov/eere/wipo/guidelines-home-energy-professionals-accredited-training#jta
- DOE WAP Standardized Training Curricula aligned with JTAs (2.0 versions)
- WPN 22-4: Quality Work Plan Requirement Update

Inspections & Monitoring

We've defined the work, now hold everyone to it.



Inspections - Subgrantee

- Every DOE WAP unit reported as a "completed unit" must receive a final inspection ensuring that all work meets the minimum specifications outlined in the SWS in accordance with 10 CFR 440.
- Every client file must have a form that certifies that the unit had a final inspection and that all work met the required standards.
- The form must be signed by a certified QCI.



Inspections – Grantee Monitoring

A minimum of 5% of completed units will receive a quality assurance review, performed by a certified QCI.

If a Subgrantee staff person performs both the initial energy audit and the final QCI,
 then the Grantee will increase monitoring to at least 10% of completed units.

Inspection & Monitoring Forms

- Do they align with your DOE approved Field Guides?
- Do they align with work orders?
- Do they account for missed opportunities?
- How often are they updated?
 - By whom?



Inspection & Monitoring

Master File V.5.3 Final Inspection

- Certification requirement.
- Disciplinary actions.

Grantees must ensure that all Subgrantee final inspections are performed by certified QCI as outlined in WPN 22-4 and as stated in the DOE approved written Grantee Quality Control Inspection Policy.

• Grantees will provide a copy of relevant policies and procedures that will govern the quality control inspection process in accordance with <u>WPN 22-4</u>, <u>Section 2</u> and <u>outline disciplinary</u> actions for inadequate inspection practices. This should include a description of how the inspector is related to the work being done on the home (i.e., did they also complete the energy audit or are they an independent third-party?) as well as the percentage of homes that will be included in the Grantee monitoring process.

V.5.3 Final Inspection – Disciplinary Actions



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY | OFFICE OF STATE AND COMMUNITY ENERGY PROGRAMS

QUESTIONS?

Contact your WAP Project Officer

APPENDICES

Solar PV Pilot/Lifetime

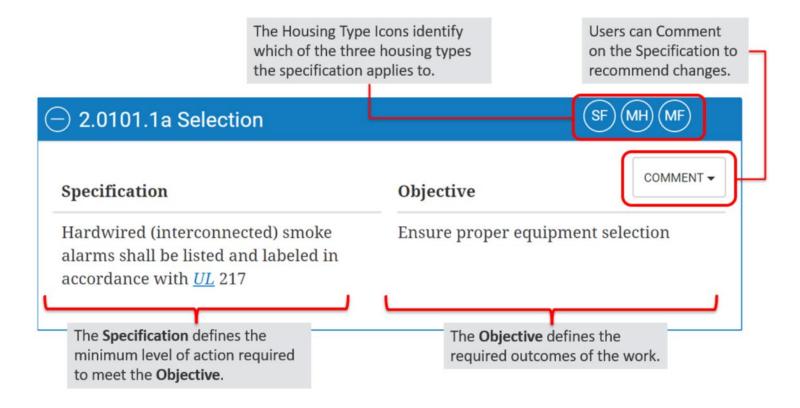
Adoption of Solar PV is simplified – See WPN 23-6, Attachment 4

- Grantees no longer need to design and implement a series of pilot projects as part of the approval process.
- DOE has provided a simplified request template to implement Solar PV in WAP projects.
- Solar PV maximum lifetime See WPN 23-6, WPN Attachment 9
 - Analysis must use a 20-year lifetime for evaluation.
 - Grantees may propose lifetime changes with supporting information by submitting these to DOF for consideration

SWS Example

Specification Example: How the SWS Are Displayed

The SWS identify and define the desired outcome(s) of a particular energy efficiency measure, stated as objectives, and then list the minimum specifications needed to meet those outcomes, as shown below in the example below.



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY | OFFICE OF STATE AND COMMUNITY ENERGY PROGRAMS

SWS Numbering Scheme

The first digit indicates Section.

This *Detail* is from Section 2 – "Health and Safety"

The first two numbers of the second digit indicate <u>Topic</u>. For Example, 01XX indicates the "Safety Devices" *Topic*

2.0101.1 Hardwired (interconnected) Smoke Alarms

The second two numbers of the second digit indicates <u>Subtopic</u>.

This *Detail* is from the first *Subtopic* within this *Topic*

The final digit indicates <u>Detail</u>.

This is the first <u>Detail</u> within the "Smoke Alarms" <u>Subtopic</u>