

## NONPROFIT FINANCIAL RATIOS

Nonprofit leaders seeking to understand the organization's financial situation usually start by reviewing the financial reports. Understanding the financial information is the building block of any financial discussion. Beyond understanding the reports, much can be learned from analysis of the information and interpretation of what it is telling you. The basic analysis includes comparing financial reports to a benchmark such as the budget or the financial report from the previous year. One essential question is: does this information match our expectations?

For a more technical financial analysis, ratios can be used to deepen the understanding and interpretation. Financial ratios are an established tool for businesses and nonprofits. While there are dozens of ratios that can be calculated, most nonprofits can use a handful of them to learn more about their financial condition. This tool provides the description and calculation of 14 ratios including a mix of balance sheet and income statement ratios. Individual nonprofits must decide for themselves which calculations are valuable. To make the most of ratio calculations, start with some fundamental guidelines. Financial ratios are useful if they are:

- Calculated using reliable, accurate financial reports (such as an annual audit or final report)
- Calculated consistently from period to period
- Used in comparison to benchmarks or goals
- Viewed both at a single point in time and as a trend over time
- Interpreted in the context of both internal and external factors

### **NONPROFIT FINANCIAL RATIOS**

Fourteen of the most frequently used financial ratios for nonprofit organizations are defined on these pages. A spreadsheet with the ratio calculations is also available on the website at www.nonprofitsassistancefund.org.

RATIO		WHAT IT TELLS US	
Reliance on Sources of Inco         Largest type of income         Total income	<b>ome</b> = Reliance ratio	Awareness of the risk of a major reduction in income if this source of contributed income is reduced or stopped. May be helpful for more than one source of income, including special events.	
Reliance on Govt. Funding Total govt grants & contracts Total income	= Reliance on govt funding	Awareness of risk in both reliance & autonomy. Govt. funding is often closely tied to specific contracts & budgets with limited cost allocations & flexibility.	
Earned Income Percentage Total earned income Total income	= Earned income ratio	Organizations with earned income have more autonomy and flexibility	
Self-Sufficiency Ratio Total earned income Total expense	= Self-sufficiency ratio	The proportion of operating expenses that are covered by earned income.	

### CALCULATING AND USING FINANCIAL RATIOS - INCOME

# **CALCULATING AND USING FINANCIAL RATIOS - EXPENSE & MANAGEMENT**

R	ATIO	WHAT IT TELLS US
Percentage of Budget for Total wages, taxes, and benefit expenses Total expenses	or Personnel = Personnel costs ratio	Since staff cost is usually the largest part of the budget, any changes in the percentage of budget used for staff is notable.
Benefit Expense Rate Total taxes, insurance, and fringe benefits Total salary and wages	= Benefit cost ratio	Benefit costs are driven by many external factors and can increase at a different pace than other costs.
Functional Cost Allocati Total fundraising, general and admin expense Total expenses		Since this is a ratio that is frequently calculated by others, including donors & nonprofit watchdogs, nonprofits should be aware of their ratio & any changes over time
Fundraising Efficiency           Contributed income           Fundraising expense	- Fundraising efficiency	The average dollar amount of contributions raised from each dollar spent on fundraising.
Cost Per Unit of Service Program expense Units of Service	= Cost per "unit" of service	If the nonprofit uses program-based recordkeeping and has an identifiable "unit" of service, this ratio is very helpful in evaluating financial efficiency & identifying any changes of costs over time.

When calculating ratios from the balance sheet, be aware of Temporarily or Permanently Restricted funds and how they might affect the ratios. Calculating the ratios using only Unrestricted Assets yields the most useful results.

CALCULATING AND USING FINANCIAL RATIOS - BALANCE SHEET			
RATIO	WHAT IT TELLS US		
Current Ratio Current assets = Current ratio	An indication of the organization's ability to pay obligations in a timely way (within 12 months).		
Current liabilities	A useful indicator of cash flow in the near future.		
Days Cash on HandStep 1:Annual expense budget(-) depreciation(-) in-kind expense(-) in-kind expense(-) unusual, one-time expenses $(-)$ unusual cash requirement	A quick test of the operating cash or adequacy of the operating reserve. Include all unrestricted cash accounts such as savings and money market accounts. Setting a target for cash accounts should take several factors in to account, including reliability of income.		
Debt Ratio       Total liabilities       Total unrestricted net assets   = Debt ratio	How much the organization is relying on funding from others, such as loans, payables, and obligated funds. Indication of how much of a cushion there is.		
Accounts Receivable AgingAccounts payable > 90 days overdueTotal accounts receivable	As receivables get older and more delinquent, it indicates potential collection or billing problems and cash flow issues.		
Accounts Payable Aging Accounts payable > 90 days overdue Total accounts payable = Aged AP ratio	An indication that the organization has cash flow problems and potentially severe financial problems.		

### WHO WE ARE

Nonprofits Assistance Fund's mission is to build financially healthy nonprofits that foster community vitality.

Our financial experts help nonprofits strengthen their capacity to address unexpected events, finance new opportunities, and realize strategic goals. We fulfill our mission by helping you thrive.

Find out more about Nonprofits Assistance Fund's loans, training, resources, and financial advice tailored for nonprofits at www.nonprofitsassistancefund.org.